

CITIES OF THE 60s

THE WEEKLY NEWSMAGAZINE





LOS ANGELES' YORTY



HOUSTON'S CUTRER



After 6,000 trips to the supermarket, doesn't she deserve one trip to Paris?

Turn her loose in one of the famous couturier salons, like Pierre Cardin. One frivolous, Paris-bough hot makes up for a thousand binkh, home-cooked dinners. If you're on an earthbound budget, restrict her to the designers' ground-floor boutiques." If you're both feeling heady, let her lodge upstairs (just this ancel) to the gilded "houte courter" salons. As an American visitor, she is cordially invited to the frequent lashion showings. A reservation is all that's needed. Cardin has showings and Dior, Givenchy and Balenciaga... all the names she's sighed over lor years in Vague and Harper's

Paris, really, is one big fashion show. Sit in a café on the Champs-Elysées. Wander into a chic hotel lobby, like the Plaza Athenée. Eat in a great restaurant, like Tour d'Argent. Now glance at that glamorous creature beside you...your wife! Somehow, every woman who visits Paris becomes a bit of a Parisienne.

How are you going to get her back to the States after she's seen Paris?



or more information on Paris, contact your travel agent or write: Dept. 1.6, Box #221, N. Y. 10. French Government Tourist Office: New York, Chicago, Sae Francisco, Beverly Hills, Minmi, Mentre

'Eterna 27' is the most significant skin cream discovery of our time!

Women are actually seeing remarkable visible changes on their faces after using 'ETERNA 27' by Revlon





Now...women are reporting results as dramatic as those documented by scientific tests. For two years skin specialists in Switzerland and America tested this totally new cream on hundreds of women and witnessed visible changes in 6 out of every 10 cases! There is no other cream in all the world like 'Eterna 27'. Its unique formula belongs to Revlon...and Revlon alone.

You may discover you've been missing out while other women have been finding out what 'Eterna 27' can do for you!

Ask a woman who has used 'Eterna 27' faithfully for 40 days or more. Watch her face and listen as she talks. Then ask yourself: since the last time you saw her, hasn't there been a visible change in the way she looks?

Many women wonder: must my skin be mature to achieve these dramatic results? Actually, it's not a

matter of age, it's a matter of need—and every woman must make her own decision. Can you afford not to try Revlon 'Eterna 27'?

Revlon guarantees: Used nightly, 'Eterna 27' can do more for your skin than any other cosmetic cream, whether it costs \$20, \$40 or \$100. If, after 40 days you don't agree, simply return the jar for a total refund. 'Eterna 27' has no hormone activity, no hormone effects. 'Eterna 27' costs 8.00 plus tax.

From the world's most renowned cosmetic research laboratories: 'ETERNA 27' by REVLON

TIME: 1, 1982

Men 2, 1982

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Time 1, 1982

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Without XXXXX

Time 1, 1982

And it additional methods placed in the control of the contr



there was a place for a better tire



and it's here. New Amoco 120 Super Tire. American Oil Company thought: How about a tire that you could just put on your car and forget about? A tire far tougher than anybody else's—one that would ride like satin and wear like a tank tread. So we got to work and designed such a tire, according to what our dealers told us you wanted. We drove it over a test track in Texas heat for hours at a screaming 120 mph. Didn't even faze it. If you think a tire this great costs more, you're right. Worth it, though.

Buy a set at your Standard Oil dealer's and nowhere else. You expect more from Standard—and you get it. STANDARD OIL DIVISION AMERICAN OIL COMPANY

How the Special K Breakfast can make your weight-control program work

You start off with a satisfying protein breakfast that supplies fewer than 240 calories. And it tastes so crisp and good you can continue with it comfortably over many weeks

THE breakfast you eat every morning can do much to make or break your weight-control program. The Special K Breakfast was formulated by a group of nutritionists to make your program work. It is based on the common-sense

concept that eating sensibly at breakfast can help you eat sensibly at lunch and dinner.

And it recognizes the urge to start your day with solid food which looks appetizing and tastes good.

A Normal Kind of Meal

When you sit down to the Special K Breakfast you are sitting down to a normal kind of meal. You have variety. You have food that feels substantial in your mouth. And your body receives the nourishment it needs to help it get going.

The Special K Breakfast supplies a balance of vitamins and minerals. As well as complete high-quality protein. And energizing calories.

(Leading nutritionists agree that no matter how low a calorie count you have set for the day, you should get 20% or more of those calories at breakfast.)

Quick As Instant Coffee

The mainstay of the Special K Breakfast is a unique kind of cereal food —Kellogg's Special K. It is crisp and light and quite delicious. When served with milk, Special K provides 14% of an adult man's minimum protein requirement for the day.



The Special K Breakfast Menu

4 ounces of orange or tomato juice —or half a medium-size grapefruit
1 ounce (1½ cups) Special K

with 1 teaspoon sugar 4 ounces skim milk Black coffee or tea

This breakfast contains complete protein yet has fewer than 240 calories.

The Special K Breakfast is a meal that is as quick as instant coffee. No fuss. No bother. It's ready before your coffee is cool enough to drink.

And it tastes so pleasant and stays with you so long, you will probably not be tempted to nibble in the middle of the morning.

Moderation is the Answer Most weight-control programs fail because they are dull and extreme.

They attempt too much, too fast, and they lean too heavily on will power.

On the other hand, the Special K Breakfast is sensible and natural. With intelligent watching of the foods you eat at other meals—cutting down instead of cutting out—there is no reason why the Special K Breakfast can't help you reach the weight you want—and keep it.

Isn't that important enough to make you want to give the Special K Breakfast a good try?

(If you have any questions about your weight-control program, your doctor is of course your best source of information.)

Kellvyg's of Battle Creek

LETTERS

"Young, Virulent & Alive"

I attended the Young Americans for Freedom rally at Madison Square Garden March 161 and was duly impressed with the rousing example of patriotism. I was a Republican, but am now a confirmed conservative. Perhaps a new political party is

what this country needs.
WILLIAM H. WISDOM

Cherry Hill, N.J.

In your report on Senator Goldwater's should be accepted as the definitive charac-

LOUIS RALDWIN

Why it should surprise anyone that the bulk of ultraconservatives are under 30 puzzles me. Why not? They missed the Depression, so can't understand the desperation that led to social-welfare bills. Never having been hungry and without work, they can't II and Korea, and seem to think that war

They've lived so long in the soothing syrup of security of job and home that they can't tolerate the insecurity of the cold war. I'd rather be dead than Red, too, but first I'd like a chance to fight the battle without

(Mrs.) Shirley Pudas

Your March 16 issue stated that I did not take part in the Madison Square Garden Young Americans for Freedom rally because General Walker's invitation was withdrawn. This is the complete reverse of the actual

In a public statement dated Feb. 14 stated that I would not participate in the sentially partisan Republican rally, which include anti-Communists who were liberals and succeed only as a broadly based bipartisan

THOMAS I. DODD

U.S. Senate Washington, D.C. Ex-First Lady

No woman reading Time's piece on New York State's ex-first lady | March 161 could fail to be touched deeply by her poignant

To those of us who know her only through the news columns, she is a lovely lady who great dignity and graciousness.

A devoted mother of five children whose youngest was lost off New Guinea at the same time that her 31-year marriage was going down the drain, Mary Rockefeller with heroic silence and fortitude. She is a side whom the Governor is a pygmy VIRGINIA TAYLOR KLOSE

Red Hook, N.Y.

Get with it. Your story says Mrs. Rockefeller is a "fantastic horseback rider despite her English saddle." Yet in the accompanying photo, Mrs. Rockefeller is shown riding

West's favorite horse, the Appaloosa, MRS. ROBERT M. BRUNDAGE Golden, Colo.

Female Companionship

And why shouldn't the boys have natural World War II, I might not have the troubles I have today.

HERB CLYATT

Sir I'm sure that your article will inspire the

their power to keep our peach-fuzz Army unblemished by Mexican border towns. EDEN G. BITZER

You say that Mexican town "makes Go-morrah look like Racine, Wis," We Racine, ANTHONY DE LORENZO

B is for Boondoggle

I cannot think of anything to match the Air Force's redesignation of the B-70 as "RS-70" [March 16] on the ground that while there may be some dispute about the

I hope TIME will continue calling it the B-70. B. of course, for boundoggle,

ROBERT WACKER IR.

Mrs. Grundy

Sir:

Time's article "Battle of the Socialites"
[March 9] states that the term Grundyism
was inspired by Pennsylvania's stiff-collared man Joe Grundy. I believe, however, that the term was originally inspired by the prudish and narrowminded Mrs. Grundy, a person referred to in Thomas Morton's comedy Speed the Plough (1798).

MICHAEL OWEN MURPHY

Milwaukee

► "What will Mrs. Grundy say?" worried Dame Ashby throughout Morton's play. For years Mrs. Grundy and grundyism were synonymous with conventional behavior. But influential in U.S. politics, the word took on the new meaning of "high button shoe po-litical conservatism."-Etc.

A Classroom of Fools?

Re the article about Burgess Hill School [March 9]: "A School Without Rules," I fear, will only develop "a Classroom of Fools"

ANITA GOLDSTEIN '63 University of Michigan

Ann Arbor, Mich

has surpassed our humane knowledge. Bur-gess Hill has taken a giant step toward closing the gap. Its methods are too radical for most of us. But it's the underlying philosophy and thence become a positive human being, JOAN W. ROSENFELD

Shaker Heights, Ohio

I attended Burgess Hill for one year before

Experience with two worlds of schooling has left me with the unshaken belief that few kids turn out all right without a good belt on their backsides every so often

MARTIN D. BROWN

Sheep Sheets

I instituted the use of shearling lambskin for the prevention of bedsores [March 9] at the Boston City Hospital in 1931. A ciate which quoted Hippocrates:

"A goatskin should be spread underneath to make free course for discharges, giving these regions (when patients lie a long time in the same posture) develop sores difficult

to heal."
I only hope that Hippocrates knew that goatskins were quite susceptible to anthrax.

Otto J. Hermann, M.D.

Roston

For 20 years, I have been squawking about that cotton sheet stretched over rubber or

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	new address		zone state



These are the 7 best made cars in the world. One of them costs only \$2250° complete. Its name is Peugeot.

The steel in a Peugeot is .9mm thick. You could overturn the car and remain unscathed. Not that we recommend it, but Peugeots at the factory are tested this way. Every part in a Peugeot 403 is inspected, nuts and bolts included, Every Peugeot made is road-tested. (So is the Rolls-Royce.) Why? Pride. After 160 years, this is still a family business. The Peugeots try to make cars as well as they can. The oldest car still running in America is an 1891 Peugeot. No one knows the life span of a Peugeot 403.

plastic. It is responsible for more discomfort, sleepless nights, and barbiturates administered than any other single factor. LAUREL EARLE, R.N.

Peter Bent Brigham Hospital

Offset Outset

There's one thing your fine article on web offset [March 16] has done-taken the mystery out of the offset process. Our 19 newspapers are now changing over to offset. Since we have been working on the transition, one the chaos when a paper changes over: "At I think that describes what is going on in

the newspaper business all over the country. LOUIS A. LERNER

Executive Vice President. Lerner Home Newspapers

Snipers & Disciples

Tennessee Williams' writing will outlive all of us-snipers and disciples. kajem's cover piece [March 9] was an excellent tribute to a great artist.

Јаск Нитто New York City

Sir: As a Southerner living in New York, I found Tennessee Williams' plays like a visit to my relatives in Mississippi and Alabama. Now that I live in Africa. I find fresh assurance that Williams speaks quite literally

At least, he speaks to one newly enstooled chief who told me recently: "It's going to be better now; Big Daddy can no longer boss me around." He had seen Cat on a Hot Tin at home.

WILTON S. DILLON University of Ghana

Will you convey to Mr. Kalem our compli-

This was dramatic criticism on the level of the most perceptive philosophy WILL AND ARIEL DURANT

From John Glenn's simple and elevating faith to the mire and miasma of Tennessee Williams in seven days! Does this shift in Time's covers illustrate what is wrong in (THE REV.) C. R. STEGALL JR.

Westminster Presbyterian Church

Letters to the Editor should be addressed to TIME & LIFE Building, Rockefeller Center, New York 20, N.Y.

Tour Dec also publishes LEE, FORTUNG, STORY ILLUSTRATUS, MERRITHEVING, STORY ILLUSTRATUS, MERCHEVING, STORY ILLUSTRATUS, MERCHEVING, STORY STORY ILLUSTRATUS, MERCHENGO THE MERCHENGO THE MERCHENG AND THE MERCHEN



"How can we get more repeat sales from our out-of-town customers?"

Answer: call them Long Distance regularly and ask for reorders!

Once the first sale is made to an account, personal visits aren't always necessary to get follow-up orders. Regular telephone contacts can take care of many of them.

Simply schedule your Long Distance calls to fit the customer's buying cycle—or invite him to call you "Collect" when he runs low. You get more reorders—and have excellent opportunities to sell related items.

Many business problems are really communications problems. And they can be solved by effective use of Bell System services such as Long Distance... Private Line Telephone. Teletypewriter... Data Transmission... Wide Area Telephone Service. Talk with one of our Communications Consultants about them. Just call your Bell Telephone Business Office.

BELL TELEPHONE SYSTEM



Solve business problems with communications



Limited Edition



Benson & Hedges must be a limited edition cigarette because quality demands extra care, patience, and attention to detail. Pick up a packet of Benson & Hedges and exam-

up a packet of Benson & Hedges and exam ine quality close up. The handsome crush-proof packet is unique. The cover slides back to deliver each cigarette in perfect shape. Discover the Benson & Hedges filter system. Recessed into the mouthpiece, the filter never touches your lips, never intrudes upon smoking enjoyment. Light up and learn what superb tobaccos, patiently aged and skillfully blended, do for your taste. These are a few of the reasons why Benson & Hedges must be a limited edition.

WITH BENSON & HEDGES YOU PAY MORE ... YOU GET MORE

TIME

literary Digest

EDITOR ANAGING EDITOR

PUBLISHER

ADVERTISING DIRECTOR

TIME, MARCH 23, 1962

A letter from the PUBLISHER Benlas M. Quer

N the category-making so dear to journalism, the city generally comes under the file marked Problems. The subject suggests TV panels where earnest sociologists talk of urban renewal, of megalopolis, juvenile delinquency, blight, population movement and traffic. The mayors of these vast places seem to spend their time either shaking hands with somebody for the photographers or complaining of their burdens. Time, a city-made product itself. takes up the subject this week by selecting, but not at random, the mayors of five U.S. cities-New York, Chicago, Boston, Houston and Los Angeles. Its cover story verifies the existence of all the problems everyone complains about, but tries to bear in mind that many of the problems of the city are the price of its attraction to such numbers of people that they get in one another's way. The story was written by Richard Oulahan Jr., who, as a typical New Yorker, works in Manhattan and commutes home to Yonkers. but once the kids grow up (all seven of them) dreams of moving into The Plaza. The TIME bureaus of five cities contributed their thousands of words, and the story was researched by Dorothea Bourne, who in girlhood lived on a ten-acre ranch that is now part of the city of Los Angeles. The editor was Ed Jamieson, who has endeavored to let no bias show in favor of his native Boston.

THE Problems of the world-Khrushchev's threat to lob rockets to the underside of the U.S., the gathering in Geneva, and the in this week's news budget. But some of the out-of-the-way stories in the issue are not to be missed. Just as France's famed gourmet Guide Michelin (see The World) confers one, two or three stars on France's best restaurants and decrees which are "worth a detour," our own chefs have a few spécialités de la maison to commend: . The girl in the suitcase, or how to get out of Communist East

. The new match game, in which the first player doesn't seem to have a chance, one of the more comprehensible features of the new French movie Last Year at Marienhad (see Moders Living). . The way in which Tula Ellice Finklea, Doris Kappelhoff, Archie and Roy Fitzgerald became household names, though not their own (see Show Business).

Once these appetizers have been sampled, either on a detour or in their proper sequence, the rest of the news may be approached in a confident frame of mind. It has never been a TIME rule that the magazine must be read from front to back, though most people do. Those who skip ahead to their favorite section skim of the magazine, just looking at the pictures and reading what catches their eve, have our affection too. We have a first page but not a Front Page, and the writers and editors in what we call our back of the book like to think that theirs too is the Front Page news in their field.

INDEX

	Cover Story16	
Art70	Medicine43	Religion 78
Books88	Milestones 87	Science 45
Business83	Modern Living 61	Show Business 73
	Music54	
	The Nation11	
The Hemisphere 35	People36	Time Listings 94
Letters 5	Press76	The World21

How much is television worth to you?

Small "peep show TV" is no bargain at any price when only pennies a day can give your family a whole new world of enjoyment—bigger, clearer pictures and living sound that give every program the most dramatic realism you've ever experienced.

Magnavox offers you more TV per dollar: 330 sq. in. pictures twice as big as 19° sets . . . with far better sound and greater dependability . . . all for less cost per sq. in. than even the cheapest 19° portable. Since TV enjoyment is proportionate to picture size, you pay more for small screen sets, and get less for your money in many other ways:

New Magna-vision 330 TV not only gives you beautiful pictures twice as big as 19's sets; but also living, undistorted sound—all automatically! For Video-matic, a new Magnavox invention, makes all picture and tuning adjustments electronically and automatically—to give you the best pictures you've ever seen, day or night—always perfectly, and far better than you could by continually fusing with controls.

Video-matic is fool-proof—an electronic eye measures constantly varying room light and electronically adjusts both brightness and contrast for best picture programming.

TOTAL REMOTE CONTROL—optional on many models—changes channels, controls volume, turns set completely off. Combined

with Video-matic that adjusts picture quality automatically, you need never leave your easy chair,

Or, Magna-vision 400 — is the most spectacular and biggest picture in Tv! It will bring you thrilling, life-size pictures on a 400 sq. in. screen . . . plus more enjoyment per dollar than anything else in TV—including color! Choose from a wide variety of models in slim, elegant furriture.

Easy on your eyes, too—for the Magnavox chromatic optical filter eliminates glare and reflections that cause eyestrain.

Magnavox is also the most dependable—so trouble-free that only Magnavox guarantees <u>serv-</u> <u>ice</u>, as well as all parts and tubes for a full year in Gold Seal models.

Magnavox costs you less to buy

and less to own. You may be able to buy a big picture Magnavox for the cost of maintaining your old set—and nothing will give you so much pleasure and lasting satisfaction as a magnificent Magnavox.

Magnavox is the finest—and your best buy on any basis of comparison. It is sold directly only through selected, franchised dealers dedicated to satisfying you—thus saving you "middleman" distribution costs.

Once you experience Magnavox Big Picture TV, you'll never be satisfied with anything less! Let your Magnavox dealer, listed in your Yellow Pages, show you these dramatic advantages that you are now missing.

Magnavox television • stereo-high fidelity



A Magna-vision 330 fully Automatic TV in Normandy Provincial.

Twice as large as 19" screens—the chromatic screen is 330 sq. in. big! Fifteen models priced from only \$247.



A Magna-vision 400 fully Automatic TV in Classic Traditional.

Biggest, most spectacular picture of all with chromatic 400 sq. in. screen. Sixteen models priced from only \$298.50.



COLOR TV with 244 sq. in. screen. The Classic Contemporary, \$795.

Color TV, too! For your luxury set. Magnavox offers you six elegant models in fine woods, priced from \$695.

THE NATION

THE CONGRESS

Restiveness

As the Kennedy Administration assaulted Capitol Hill last week with a bundle of legislative requests, signs of restiveness appeared among Democrats in both the Senate and the House. The President's personal popularity with the voters was obvious. Yet the mail in Congreswas obvious. Yet the mail in Congresmany of his programs. And though Kennedy had a clear majority in both houses, his programs were clearly in troublie.

Many party regulars were willing to blame the President for at least part of the trouble. They are worried that he too often proposes legislation that he expects to be defeated-such as public-school aid. an urban affairs department at Cabinet level and a sweeping antirecession program-primarily to create campaign issues. To such men. Kennedy seems to be less interested in a bill's substance than in a label that appeals to voting blocs. such as the aged on medical care. More than one loyal Democrat is complaining that in his fascination for political maneuvering. Kennedy is neglecting the fundamental chore of giving active leadership to the Democrats on the hill. Even House Speaker John McCormack has repeatedly had to ask the President for guidance on just what he really wanted or would settle for.

Vaut from legislative issues there was a vaguely defined feeling of discontent with the President that one loyal lead-ing House Democrat described as "the malaise" Its cause; a suspicion that the malaise. Its cause; a suspicion that the two parts of the cause is suspicion that the two parts of the cause in the cause is suspicion that the van big himself in roda; than he is with the immediate problems of Democrats who will run in 1962. In fact, many Democrats feel that with Brother Ted-announcement for the Senate, the succlided Kennech dynamy is Insuming cause and the Republicans ammunition.

Strong evidence of the Democrats 'restences is the fact that they sillingly let Carl Vinono. chairman of the House Armed Services Committee and a long-time party bulwark. threaters a flower fight over the RS-30 fong after the President and Defense Serverary Robott's N. Mc. Numara expressly amounted their opposition to expanding the bumber proteam, serving notice on President Kennedy that they are not above jabibing his ribs if the does not pay them more dufful attention.

FOREIGN AID

Open Season

To many Americans—both Democratic and Republican—foreign aid is a painful necessity at best, a downright giveaway at worst. This feeling has encouraged Congress to make a tradition of wielding an ax at presidential foreign aid requests. Last week, President Kennedy asked Con-



AID Boss HAMILTON
Explanations for the wary,

gress to appropriate \$4.90 billion for forcion adi ni niscal tode, the binggest aid request since Dwight Eisenbower's \$5.11 billion whoppier in 1053. Noting that it is included to the since the since the since the nedy insisted that the sum was "vital to the interests of the U.S." and "vannot. I believe, be further reduced." But after such customary formalities, the President order the blows of the switting als, even If it cannot stay the control of the switten as the president it cannot stay the switting als, even If

"I realize." said the President, "that there are among us those who are weary of sustaining this continual effort to help other nations. But I would ask them to looks at a map [see map] and recognize that many of those whom we help live on the front lines of the long twilight struggle for freedom, that others are new na-

tions poised between order and chaos, and the rest are older nations now undergoing a turbulent transition of new expectations. Our efforts to help them help themselves are small in cost compared to our military outlays for the defense of freedom. Yel all of our armies and atoms combined will

he of little avail if these nations fall. Hord Look, Louisian's 'Otto Passman, chairman of the House foreign aid apprepriations subsemmittee and a perennial foe of foreign aid, predictably called Kennedy's request preposterous, and Kennedy's request preposterous, and Kenbeen friends of foreign aid are soing to be looking at it mighty hard this year. Minresola's Republican Representative Walter Judd suggested that the U.S. should Tet a few of these countries no to the Communities. The contraction of the

At his press conference, the President hit back at congressional rumblings. Sometimes, he said, those who want to put the ax to foreign aid hardest, are the ones who make the most vigorous speeches against Communism and call for a policy of victory. Anyone not interested in the fight against Communism, added Kennedy, should go ahead and cut the bill.

The Congress will almost certainly do just that, probably by the 15% to 20% that it usually lops off aid bills. But Kennedy's hope is to stave off deeper cuts in the face of general congressional weariness with foreign aid. To assuage the aid program's critics, he pointed out that the Administration's new aid program began only four months ago and has not had time to operate perfectly. Though he is sending a whole battery of top lieutenants to preach the new program's virtues to Congress, the chief job of making reforms and selling them to Congress falls on Fowler Hamilton, 50, a Wall Street lawyer who took over last fall as boss of the renamed Agency for International Development, has since won both Kennedy's and Congress' respect.

Tougher Lorgesse. Hamilton already has tightened up his staff, tirelessly but-tunbloed Congressmen to areue the meration of all. Hoping to bead off traditional gripes, he went to Capitol Hill last week to present his case to the House Foreign Affairs Committee, Non-Commonost gripe, to the committee of the commi

uting a larger proportion of their gross mational products to foreign assistance than is the U.S." Furthermore, said Hamilton, foreign aid does not appreciably affect the U.S. gold outflow: more than 86% of the procurement of goods under the program takes place in the U.S., and only \$5' is sept in countries with which the U.S. has an unfavorable balance of trade.

The U.S. has already begun to be tougher in dispensing aid, now insists that aid countries pass social and economic reforms before they enjoy U.S. largesse. When one nation asked for U.S. money for better housing in its capital city, U.S. aides found that it intended to build the housing in a swank section. The U.S. insisted that the nation would get no money unless it attacked the city's slums-and the poor in one section of the city are now getting new housing, plumbing and electricity. Says Hamilton: "Money and progress march along together. If our requirements aren't met for each stage, they don't get the money." Just as important to the program. Congress also demands progress-and will need a lot more evidence of it before relinquishing its cherished role of examining foreign aid.

DEFENSE

Counterattack

Defense Secretary Robert McNamara has been under fire from some big guns because of his go-slow approach to the development of the RS-70, the Air Force's reconnaissance-strike superbomber. First. General Curtis LeMay, the Air Force's cigar-chomping Chief of Staff, bluntly charged that McNamara was endangering the nation's security. Then Chairman Carl Vinson of the House Armed Services Committee sided with LeMay, backed a bill that would give the Pentagon a direct order to speed construction of the RS-70. Last week McNamara, his patience gone called a press conference to fire a salvo of facts and figures calculated to shoot down the RS-70-and his critics as well.

The R8-70 is the Air Force's new version of the controversil 2,000-mp,h.
B-70, which both the Eisenhower and Render Air Markeney Administrations cut tack out of fear that the sleek bomber would be outmoded by missless before it ever got into the air. This year the Air Force wants to modify the B-70 plans and build the R8-70, which would be designed to fly over an enemy country hit by U.S. mis-

siles, inspect the damage by radar, radio back reports and tarkes surviving targets with nuclear-tipped missiles, LeMay and Virson, insisting that the U.S. will continue to need such bombers for some time, want to spend skyl million next fiscal year on a crash program to develop the R8-70. McXamara and President Kennedy want to spend only \$171 million to continue development of three prototype R8-70s.

With all the information on file in his mind. McNamara ticked off his case against the RS-70:

Since the RS-70 could not be adapted for airborne alert—patrolling the skies with a full load of arms—it would be a sitting duck on the ground for any surprise attack. Nor could the high-alittude RS-70 dodge enemy radar by streaking in for low-level attacks.

► The fleet of 150 RS-70s called for by the Air Force would cost \$10 billion by 1970, more than half of the Air Force

budget for this year.

By 1967, when the Air Force would just be getting its R8-70s into operation, the U.S. will be protected by over 1,000 Atlas. Titan and Minuteman missiles, plus 650 Polaris missiles carried by submarines and more than 700 B-52s and B-58s.



NEARLY every non-Communist nation in the world gas some U.S. aid-e-conomic, military to both-who shows the state of the st

Latin America. Military aid goes mainly to NATO members and to pro-Nestern or Communis-mensared nations of the Far East (the high military aid total for "Near East & South Far East (the high military aid total for "Near East & South NATO members Greece and Turkey in that category'). Western Europe, the principal recipient of economic aid under the Marshall Plan, now gets virtually no economic aid. Aside from Greece. the only European political entities sched-from Greece, the only European political entities sched-green political entities and the proposed of the proposed properties of the proposed properties of the proposed properties of the properties

Without a single RS-70, said McNamara, U.S. retaliatory forces "would achieve practically complete destruction of the enemy target system-even after absorbing an initial nuclear attack.

The RS-70 could do its job only if equipped with highly sophisticated electronic gear and nuclear missiles that have not even been designed, let alone built. McNamara proposed spending an additional \$52 million next fiscal year to see if the electronic equipment planned for the RS-70 is feasible.

Only a day after McNamara's salvo. Air Force Secretary Eugene M. Zuckert stopped pushing for a stepped-up RS-70 program and fell in line with the Defense Secretary, That arrayed President Kennedy. McNamara, all three service secretaries and every member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff except Curt LeMay behind a throttled-back RS-70 program, Undeterred. Carl Vinson's committee sent to the House its bill to force the RS-70 on the Administration.

THE ADMINISTRATION

Queen of America "Mrs. Kennedy. Zindabad"-long live

Mrs. Kennedy. That was the cry that welled up in thousands of Indian throats last week as Jacqueline Kennedy paraded across India in triumph, more than making up by her charm, good looks and splendidly attired figure for three postponements and at least 47 separate schedule changes. The trip, undertaken as a al invitation, was semi-official, but it had most of the trappings, tight schedules and state visit. Hailed as the Amriki Ram or Queen of America. Jackie was accompanied wherever she went by elegantly attired attendants who, with their turbans tilting solicitously, served her food, protected her with parasols from India's searing sun, and performed the sundry duties that attend a queen-even of America. Inevitably, there were the prescribed

calls. Jackie journeyed to the burning ghat on the Jumna River, laid a bouquet of white roses on the spot where Gandhi was cremated in 1948. Visiting a home for vagrant boys in Delhi and the children's ward of a hospital, she made her first namastes-the Indian palms-together greeting-and tried out her Hindi ("What is your name?"). She also paid a call on India's President Rajendra Prasad at the presidential palace in New Delhi, and though she ate Western food during most of her trip, gamely dug into chicken korma and alu-mattar, washed down with spiced orange punch.

'She Wears 10A." With such courtesies attended to, Jackie boarded a special airconditioned train for a look at India's tourist attractions. At Fatehpur Sikri, she watched in fascination as breechclothed youths made a risky, 100-ft, dive off a rampart into a well-and then did it all over again when Jackie discovered that her sister. Lee Radziwill, who was traveling with her, had fallen behind and missed



JACKIE WITH SISTER AT NUMBE DINNER





PERDING AN ELEPHANT Also chicken korma, alu-mattar and spiced grange punch.

the show, Sailing down the Ganges River on a marigold-decorated boat. Jackie inspected the burning and bathing ghats along the shore. In Agra she was "overwhelmed by a sense of awe" at the sight moonlight. "I have seen pictures of the Taj," she said, "but for the first time I am struck with a sense of its mass and symmetry. The Indians, who crowded in everywhere for a glimpse of her, were also overwhelmed. Said a confused cab driver who recalled President Eisenhower's 1959 visit: "Why is a young woman like that married to such an old man?

A spokesman had sternly announced that "Mrs. Kennedy does not regard this trip as a fashion show." But the 70-odd correspondents with her paid no heed. Whether she wore a Cassini evening dress or a Tassell gown-all duly recorded by reporters-Jackie shone even among the colorful saris of the Indian women around her. When she slipped off her shoes and put on violet velvet slippers to visit the memorial to Mahatma Gandhi, Chicago Daily News Correspondent Keyes Beech was quick to peek inside the shoes, triumphantly cabled home: "I can state with absolute authority that she wears 10A and not 10AA." So clothes-conscious were the newsmen that they even asked U.S. Ambassador to India John Kenneth Gal-

braith who had designed his suit. Ev & Charlie, Jackie donned jodhpurs for a few jumps on a horse named Princess. Her ride was flawless, but an embarrassed Indian officer was thrown. Said the First Lady of her horse at ride's end: "She jumped like a bird." Jackie fed pandas and an elephant, watched a cobra rise to music, saw a battle between a mongoose and a snake. Among the many gifts she received were a pair of tiger cubs that were first named Ev and Charlie (for G.O.P. Congressional Leaders Everett Dirksen and Charles Halleck)-until one exotic, exciting, and a bit exhausting for anyone-even though Jackie occasionally managed to sleep late. But there was more to come. At week's end she flew into Udaipur for a restful stay at the palace of its Maharana before embarking on a five-day visit to Pakistan and its gallant, military-trained President Ayub Khan.



TED KENNEDY & WIFE
Beyond the name, what capabilitie?

MASSACHUSETTS Wave of Neutrality

To hear the agonizing in Boston last week, you'd have thought that Cardinal Cushing was running against the Pope the choice was that hard. In the roughand-tumble world of Massachusetts Democratic politics, where a moment's indecision can make a roomful of enemies. politicians were struck by a sudden outbreak of public neutrality. The cause of it all was Edward M. ("Ted") Kennedy's long-expected announcement that he is a candidate for the U.S. Senate. That would ordinarily be a fine thing-except that Ted thus placed himself on a collision course with another dynastic figure: State Attorney General Edward McCormack ts. nephew of House Speaker John Mc-Cormack, who wants the Democratic Senate nomination just as badly as Ted. Groaned Democratic Ward Chairman Theodore Dimauro of Springfield: "This is the hottest thing that I've ever been

The politician's discomfort did not seem to bother Ted Kennedy, who announced less than six weeks after he turned to, the legal age requirement for a Senator, While two police sergeants and a beyy of patrolmen directed traffic outside his nineroom house near the Charles River, he strode into his living room with his blonde, tanned wife Joan at his side. A young man held up large cue cards, and Ted faced a battery of microphones and television and newsreel cameras. Said Ted: "I make this decision in full knowledge of the obstacles I will face, the charges that will be made. Massachusetts must have a Democratic voice in the councils of the Senate-a voice that will

Emborrossed & Annoyed. What did Ted's big brother think about that? Though Ted had talked the matter over with the President, none of the Kennedys had tried to dissuade him from his course. A private poll had already shown that Ted would win in the primary by 2 to 1. Asked at his news conference if he would give Ted his support, the President replied: "My brother is carrying this campaign on his own and will conduct it in that way." Attorney General Ted would win, suggested that the President might campaign for him after the primary. Ted himself announced that he did not expect any help from either brother. But anyone who knew politicsor the Kennedys was sure that Ted would benefit mightily not only from the presidential image, but from the Kennedy money, manpower and influence.

Whatever help Ted may or may not get, it seemed sure that his candidacy would be no help to the President. With a third Kennedy ready to enter the national political scene, both Republicans and Democrats in Washington buzzed last week with renewed talk of a Kennedy dynasty. Some House leaders feel that the Kennedy-McCormack race in Massachusetts is already straining the President's relations with the House, and may make it hard for him to work candidly with the men under John McCormack. Democrats, somewhat annoved at Teddy are sure that the race will be an embarrassment, no matter who wins. Republicans feel that in the dynasty theme they have found an issue to use against the Presi-

dent in the fall.

No Assurance. An amateur who wants to start at the top. Ted Kennedy is not automatically assured of victory. In Eddie McCormack he faces an experienced pro who has served as president of the Boston city council, won election to the state attorney-generalship twice, and built up a strong state organization. Many a politician owes favors to the McCormacks because of John McCormack's long control of Massachusetts patronage; and many another feels that lack Kennedy has not done enough for the state since his election, Besides, Eddie McCormack thinks that he has found a suretire issue in 40% Catholic Massachusetts: he has come out openly for federal aid to parochial schools.

Ted Kennedy looks like his brothers. sounds like them, even uses the same gestures-but he has not yet demonstrated that he has the same capabilities. He has worked hard to build up an image of public service as an unpaid assistant D.A. in Boston's Suffolk County, made several trips abroad to broaden his knowledge. For more than a year, he has spoken to nearly any group in Massachusetts that would listen to him-but he has had nothing really new or weighty to say about either foreign affairs or the problems of Massachusetts. On the question of aid to parochial schools, he understandably hedged, but finally agreed with the President that across-the-hoard federal grants were unconstitutional.

Still, the Kennedy name is magic in a state where an obscure Gillette Co. clerk named John F. Kennedy (no kin) could be three times elected state treasurer over the opposition of his own Democratic Party. But right now, as far as party thing of an albatross. Both Eddie and Ted have announced that they intend to go to the voters regardless of the state Democratic convention's choice in June, presumably to battle with each other while they fight off likely G.O.P. Candidate George Lodge, 34, son of Henry Cabot Lodge, So split are Massachusetts Democrats that many oldtimers have declined to be party delegates this year. When they are finally forced to jump, the pros fervently hope that they will jump the right way. Says a state senator: "Both the Kennedys and the McCormacks are great haters, you know,

FOREIGN RELATIONS Roses from Russia

Walking quietly into Washington's Unmon Station one arieromo last week to entrain for a Princeton trustees' meeting former CIA Chief Allen Dulles found himself in unexpected company. On the a crowd gathered on a platform quiekly realized his mistake, Asked Dulles, pering around in puzzlement: "What is this? Newsmen quickly told him what it was, crecultion committee for Anatoly Fedoravich Dulryuin, 42, who arrived in the Ambassador to the U.St.

Wearing a fashionable black (Bester field overcost, the tall, polished Dobrysin stepped off the midday express from New York with his attractive brunette wife Irina Nikolaevna at his side. Russian embasy staffers showered him with roses thrust out carnations. Dobrysin lost not ime in dispensing his own roses. Smiling graciously and speaking in slightly accenticed English, he quoted Thomas, Jenersson on the 'remarkable similarity' between Americans and Russians, extended "the Americans and Russians, extended "the



RUSSIA'S DOBRYNIN & WIFE Beyond the polish, what new?

friendly greetings of my people." Then he climbed into a black Zil limousine and sped off to the Soviet embassy.

Ever since former Ambassador Mikhail ("Smiling Mike") Menshikov left Washington in early January, the tacitum Soviet diplomatic delegation has been even quieter than usual under the interim command of Minister Counselor Mikhail Smirnovsky. While it waited for Dobrynin's arrival, official Washington had had time to ponder his credentials. A skilled diplomat and a top Soviet expert on the U.S., Dobrynin served at the Soviet embassy in Washington from 1052 to 1055. Later, at the U.N., he was Dag Hammarskjold's Under Secretary for Political and Security Council Affairs. He attended the Geneva summit conference in 1955 and the Kennedy-Khrushchev meeting at Vienna in 1061

This week or next Dobrynin was to present his credentials to President Kennedy at the White House. Until he got to work, Washington could not be sure whether he was an improvement or not-but there were some encouraging signs. Dobrynin is young, intelligent, and far more relaxed with Americans than Menshikov, whose major trademark was a stiff, frozen grin. For a Soviet diplomatic couple, the Dobrynins have unusual social poise, even dress like Americans. On the art- and athletics-conscious New Frontier, they are likely to contribute more than Menshikov to Washington's social whirl. Both are accomplished skiers (he also plays tennis), and Mrs. Dobrynin plays the piano well, has a broad knowledge of U.S. art and literature. But Washington would be surprised indeed if Dobrynin displayed the one quality that Soviet diplomats, however polished, rarely bring along with them: flexibility.

NEVADA

"Forever at an End"

Grey-haired, bespectacled Washoc County District Court Judge Grant L. Bowen. 63, sat in his chambers and peered out the window into Reno's Virginia Street. hoping to catch a glimpse of the arriving plaintifi. "This is a great break for Reno." he said to New York Duily News Correspondent Bill Berry. "It may mean Allabama-bound divorce seekers will come here again."

The divorce seeker that morning was Mrs. Mary Todhunter Clark Rockefeller, 54, who, after putting in the required six weeks of residence in Nevada. was ready to dissolve her marriage to New York's Governor Nelson Rockefeller, 53—at his

At 8.48 a.m. William K. Woodburn.
Mrs. Rockeleier's lawyer, walked into the
county clerk's office and filed Case No.
107,412. It was a two-pase complaint
charging that Mrs. Rockeleiler had been
treated "with extreme creative, entirely
plaintiff great unsuppliess and injured her
general health." He also asked that "all
persons be excluded from the court," as
permitted by Newada law.

Two minutes later Kenneth P. Dillon, Nelson Rockefeller's lawyer, filed the Governor's reply, which he had sworn to under oath before a New York notary four weeks ago. It said, with utmost simplicity: "The defendant denies each and

every, all and singular, allegations."
At 9 o'clock, wearing a wool suit, a bluish tweed overcoat and a beanie hat, Mrs. Rockefeller walked through a rear entrance into the courthouse with her sons Rodman, 29, and Steven, 25, Mrs. Rockefeller showed some strain as she walked past the popping flashbulbs. Her sons left ther for an anteroom, and she walked into the courtroom. It is a large



Mrs. Rockefeller & Son Rodman Cose No. 197,412.

chamber with azure walls and gilded frieze. Except for Judge Bowen, the two lawyers, and three court attendants, she was alone. "When you arrived." her lawyer asked,

"When you arrived," her lawyer asked,
"was it your intention to live here indefinitely and make Nevada your home?"
"Yes."
"Has that intention abided with you

until the present day?"
"Yes."

"Is it still your present intention?"
"Yes."
These are standard questions in any

These are standard questions in any Newada divorce. Allegation and denial were read; there was some conversation about the property settlement. Then Judge Bowen said: "This marriage is forever declared at an end." It was the 694th divorce granted in Reno this year.

At 9:23, the new divorcee emerged from the courtroom, holding tightly to her sons' arms. She made a wrong turn, which took her to the Marriage Bureau (which is, indeed, the next stop for many Reno divorcees). Leaving by the rear door, she

stepped into her lawyer's car and was whisked off to the airport for the short hop to San Francisco. There she and her sons waited for 3½ hours. Then Mary Rockfeller boarded a plane for her native Philadelphia—where she and Nelson Rockfeller had been married 31 years. eight months and 19 days before.

THE JUDICIARY One for the G.O.P.

When Presidential Candidate Iohn F. Kennedy promised that he would pick each federal judge not by "his political party but his qualifications for the ofmany welcomed his words as a pledge to scrap the ancient prerogative heavily with members of his own party. But Kennedy, once in office, found the temptation politically irresistible. He renominated three Eisenhower candidates for the bench, but of the first 95 appointees picked by his own Administration, there was nary a Republican. Last week. Kennedy finally got around to appointing his first G.O.P. judge: Jesse Ernest Eschbach, 41, who was nominated to the U.S. District Court for Indiana.

Small-town Lawyer Eschbach has harbored an ambition to be a federal judge ever since he was in Indiana University's School of Law-but it long looked as if he might not make it. He served a hitch in the wartime Navy between college and law school, later settled down to a general law practice in Warsaw, Ind. (pop. 7.234), but left the law for a couple of years to try his hand as an officer of a furniture-manufacturing company. Though he has dabbled in politics, he has never held elective office, was not widely known in his state. Kennedy cast his lightning at Warsaw on the recommendation of an old law-school associate of Eschbach's, Indiana's Democratic Senator Vance Hartke-even though Eschbach's county gave Richard Nixon 13.539 votes to Kennedy's 5,839 in 1960.

The Administration intends to appoint about ten more Republicans among the 38 judgeships that remain to be filled. Like Eschbach, most of them will probably get appointments in areas that are already solidly Republican (and are thus not likely to be swayed by federal favors) or in populous states (New York, Illinois and California) where several Democrats have already been chosen and the party is satisfied. Once this is done, Kennedy's score on partisanship will be little different from that of his predecessors: Roosevelt named 208 Democrats and 8 Republicans, Truman 120 Democrats and 13 Republicans, Eisenhower 175 Republicans and 11 Democrats. The American Bar Association, which has given Kennedy generally good marks for the quality of his selections to date, feels that he missed an unusual chance to continue the partisan balance left by Eisenhower (161 Republicans, 160 Democrats). But the demands of party loyalty are strongand no one really expected that Jack Kennedy would ignore them.



New Buildings in Downtown Houston Kings and gods dwell in citadels.

And never before has it grappled with

CITIES

The Renaissance

|See Cover|

Spring crept warily over the U.S. last week, bringing the first familiar signs of nature's rebirth. For many, it was a time to be in the country, where the streams quickened and the air was soft and inviting. But it was in the great cities, where nature is often no more than a slit of sky above the concrete canyons or a bouquet on a secretary's desk, that the rites of spring were most warmly celebrated. In Manhattan, the center stripe down Fifth Avenue turned leprechaun green (as it always does in spring), and 120,000 people marched in honor of an ancient Irish saint. In German Bierstuben. Milwaukee toasted spring with the first malty bock of the season. Philadelphians filled the benches of Rittenhouse Square, turning their pale faces upward to greet the warming sun. And Washington was in an April mood as the first boisterous busloads of visiting students arrived on spring vacation.

The cities stirred-but it was more than the zephyrs of spring that stirred them. For thousands of years, since ancient Ur rose on the banks of the Euphrates, man has sought out the city as a place of wonder and opportunity, a citadel of art and learning, the home of kings and gods. In the U.S., in the spring of 1962, he did not have to look far in any direction to find its towers near at hand, Never in history has a society been so urbanized; seven out of every ten Americans, 125 million strong, live in cities and towns, and each year another million acres of rural land are consumed by the spreading environs. It is to the big city, with its consuming appetite for life, that the nation turns for its leadership and its challenge.

Never has the big city offered so much.

such problems—so complex and enormous that the President is finding for a federal Department of Urban Affairs to help the mation's cities deal with them. "We are going to have an urban department." Said John Kennedy. 'It may not come this year, but in my opinion it will become as ment of Agriculture and HEW. Many people, in and out of the cities, take sharp such with the president, holding that the

cities are already doing the job them-

selves and do not need another federal

crutch. But no one denies that, whoever

does it, there is a lot yet to be done in the

big cities Making Tradition. The civilized world savors the pleasures and treasures of Rome. Paris and the other Old World cities whose everyday lives are still corseted in tradition. Beside them, the modern American city seems a muscular. lunging, rollicking giant, straining toward new heights and making up his own tradition as he climbs. Yet for all their indiscriminate bustle, the big cities of the U.S. have developed distinct personalities of their own, with much deeper differences than a palm tree or a peep show might suggest. Of them all, five cities, spread from coast to coast and north to south. reflect both the endless variety of metropolitan America and the ties that bind the cities of the U.S. together, for better

and strivings.

New York is the overwhelming, rich
and powerful woman, the pacesetter and
arbiter of national taste, a woman of
contrasts whose feet are planted firmly
in the subway while her tiara punches the
clouds. On the shore of Lake Michigan
stands high-chuddered Chicago, agambling
Banyan whose self-conscious gazes into
this mirror reflect the uride and simplicity

or for worse, in their common problems

of the U.S. heartland. There is intellectual Boston, a lady of quality with whalebone traditions, who has hitched up her skirt and gone to work without losing her manners, keeping her balance with an infusion of wild Irish blood into her Vankee veins, In the bayous of Gulf Coast Texas stands Houston, a young, lusty oilman with a fat wallet, unfenced-in tastes and opinions that tend to be conservative. And Los Angeles, on the Pacific shore, is a fastgrowing, outdoor girl-a lady with jet contrails ruffling her hair, celluloid coiled around her feet, and a reputation for capriciousness that she does not wholly deserve.



GENERAL READING ROOM IN Within the citadel

16

The job of running these big, often balky cities, with their honking traffic problems, endless building and demolition, civic scandals and sinister crimes is one that would tax and unnerve a Casear. The proper mayor of the modern U.S. city is not merely a civil servant, a policulation and a creemonial ribbon snipper nowadays he must be a skilled service of the control of the con

New York's Robert Ferdinand Wagner. \$1, son of a German immigrant who became a U.S. Senator, rules over 250,000 city employees and nearly 8,000,000 citizens with a mixture of detachment and passionate involvement. Democrat Bob Wagner has won three terms as mayor under two hats: one of a Tammany Hall choice and supporter, the other of a reformer fighting the machine. Wagner has a talent for attracting controversies, but he is fortunate in his enemies; they always manage to make him look better with their own gaffes. Though his administration has been pockmarked by scandal. Wagner is an honest and hardworking mayor who. like many other mayors, sees his statewide dominance over his party as a gantry for a higher flight-in his case, to the governorship. Says Wagner: "It's an amazing city, I get a great thrill from being mayor here." ▶ Chicago's Richard Ioseph Daley, 59, is not only mayor but absolute boss of the state Democratic machine and a formidable political manipulator with considerable "clout" on the national scene, Almost the last of the oldtime big-city bosses, he is a capable, Buddha-like civic leader who



NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY an endless variety,

has used his political power to make Chicago one of the best-run cities in the U.S. He still lives in the humble back-of-theyards district where he was born, works late into the night at his office, and was embarrassed last week to learn that he had been chosen one of the best-dressed men in America.

▶ Boston's John Frederick Collins, 42, has the necessary Irish pedigree but, two generations removed from Cork, represents the new, hard-driving breed of Irish politician typified by the Kennedys. Polio permanently crippled him in 1955 but did not prevent him from winning the mayoralty four years later and setting out to revivify Boston. He has excellent relations with the Yankee hierarchy that rules Boston's business and finance, is the ablest mayor that the city has had since James Michael Curley first flexed his young muscles. In typical Boston fashion, Collins believes that "there is a little bit of Boston everywhere.

▶ Los Angeles Samuel William Vorty, 52, 53 an anvericik liberal turned conservative, whose close election ten months ago was considered a fluke. Folitically ambitious, about from Iellow Democrats, who are skeptical of his political leanings, and Republicans, who are pleased that he is a conservative. To him, "the West is still the land of opportunity" and, like must be conserved to him to have been about the state of the conservative. To him, "the West is still the land of opportunity" and, like must be conserved to him the state of the conservative. The conservative and the conservative a

▶ Houston's Lewis Wesley Cutrer, 57. who has been elected mayor three times is a hard-working, continually optimistic man who believes in listening to the voice of the community before he takes any stand reflects Houston's pride in private enterprise and self-reliance by saying: "I am not one to run to Washington with my hand out." The only one of the tive mayors who opposes a Federal Urban Affairs Department, he welcomes the Government's presence in a limited sphere NASA's decision to move its astronaut program to Houston which inspired the Chamber of Commerce to subtitle the city 'Space Center, U.S.A.'

These men and their colleagues throughout the nation stand astride one of the greatest concentrations of wealth and power in history. New York City banks alone hold 30% of all the demand deposits in U.S. banks. Chicago's metropolitan area accounts for 5% of the gross output and income of the entire U.S. In metropolitan areas of more than 1,000,000 population are 41% of all U.S. manufacturing companies, 43% of all their employees, and 48% of the nation's manufacturing payroll; these areas also boast 62% of all the retail stores in the U.S. In providing for its citizens' needs, the big cities are the nation's biggest customers: it takes 800 .-000 truck trips daily to provide Chicagoans with their food, clothing and other necessities: New Yorkers each year require about 23 billion lbs. of food-including 2.1 billion lbs. of meat, 4.7 billion lbs, of fruits and vegetables and 155 million dozen eggs.



TRAFFIC CONGESTION IN CHICAGO Drogons in the streets.

Suburban Doughnuts, But for all their accumulation of power and wealth, the cities have long been deep in trouble from which they are just beginning to emerge. Through the Depression and World War II. money that could have been spent on improvement, planning and maintenance was diverted to other more urgent causes. But the cities continued to grow as never before, as millions of unskilled and unschooled migrants from the South and other enfeebled areas poured in. Slums proliferated, crime grew alarmingly, and many middle-class families ran for the hills of suburbia. By 1947, when the municipal authorities began to take positive action, there was widespread talk that the great central cities would become empty holes, surrounded by vast suburban doughnuts.

Today, many problems remain as a beriage from the past, but the big cities are riding the cress of a renaissance that has turned their eyes determinedly toward a better tuture. The most dramatic sign of the renaissance is the biguest building boom in metropolitan history, Building permits totaling nearly \$10 billion were issued in 1961, with each permit a vote for the city's future.

New York's giant Pan Am Building under construction adjacent to Grand Central Terminal, is the world's largest office building, big enough to contain all the business offices of Little Rock. Spoaknea and Akron combined. Boston has \$thillion worth of construction under way or being planned, including a \$25 pc million Prudential Center that will transform the tricky's Back Bay. Houston, with \$555 million worth of new construction either just completed or under way, is rushing to



Woodwind Concert in Boston's Gardner Museum A whalebone tradition and a giady transfusion.

finish its 44-story Humble Oil & Refining in the Medical Period of the Medical Period Period

High & Low Life. In the face of a population decline in many central cities. the mayors and city planners are working hard to lure back suburban defectors and head off any further exodus. "There is a great disenchantment with the subsays New York's Mayor Wagner, "Many people are moving back to town. To attract them. Chicago is planning the construction of 50,000 new dwelling units in the heart of the city by 1980, has already cast at least one spectacular lure the 6z-story, twin-towered Marina City. with pie-wedge apartments and balconies with a fine view of the lake. Los Angeles has reversed its historic trend to single homes, is now building more apartments than houses.

Actually, city and suburb together skyscraper offices and apartments in the center, surrounded by nuclei of bedroom towns, golf courses and freeways-are the wave of the present. The center provides most of the livelihood, the liveliness, and the nervous jostle; it is the gregarious gathering place of those who romanticize the wide-open spaces but prize the city's endless variety. Its attractions may be artificial or superficial, but they lure: a wide choice of movies to see, of restaurants to eat in, of places to go. For many. the city is where the good jobs and the bigger incomes are and they adjust as they can to its annovances and hazards. In the city almost everything can be found but peace and quiet.

The New York Public Library has zooocoose books at the city dweller's disposal, and the daily crowds in its large reading rooms show that city folk keep them moving off the library's stacks. Boston, besides sponsoring one of the areat symphony orchestras of the world and a bost of chamber-music groups; offers 4,700 adult education courses. It would have no that to see every painting in the 28 acres of the leading art museums of New York, Chicago and Boston, and no New York, Chicago and Boston, and traipse through New York. Smore than coo art agliers through New York's more than coo art agliers.

A Nica Fet Monfey, New Yorkers can be reproved in shops devoted exclusively to cheese, doors, spices, buttons, magic kerms, skinbes, When a Manhattan radio station none called several pet shops journally asking for "a nice fat monkey to serve four." not a single pet-shop owner thought the request unusual. Nerty 3,000 birds and animals are available for serving at the Brown Zeo, which boasts the wind of the country's justised disanced with the country's justised disanced when the country's justised disanced when the country's justised disanced with the country's justised disanced with the country's justised disanced with the country's justised disanced and some state of the country's justised disanced with the country's justised disanced with the country's justised disanced and the country's justised disanced with the country's justised with the count

has a back door. Dining out in Los Angeles can vary from the chandeliered elegance of Perino's, to any of hundreds of drive-ins featuring everything from pizza wedges to, so they say, gopherburgers. New York is no place for the hesitant diner though: its 17,000 restaurants purvey every type of cooking known to man, and some that may come from outer space, e.g., the Zen Tea Room. At the crowded bar "21" at lunchtime, the urbane urbanite may rub elbows with celebrities. At the Forum the menu is written in mock Caesarian, and high above the city in the Tower Suite. lovers can drink

up the city's gaudy glass-and-steel view with their martinis. Or on a lower level. the tired businessman's lunch at a Sunset Strip eatery features a parade of bosomy ladies modeling lingerie. Chicago has a Chinese key club.

Los Angeles and Houston, being younger and warmer cities, have developed indigenous ways of urban life. In Los Angeles, it is the alliersco patio party almost
all year round. In Houston, not only are
divines: theeters and buses air-conditioned,
but also many homes and thousands of
the and thousands of the angeles and thousands of
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For-Out Forum. The city overwhelms with its higness but spawns littleness too. On Broadway, the near miss no longer survives. The theater goes for broke—a hit or a failure. And so off-Broadway begins as a flow-budget protest, and soon becomes so stable a financial investment that it, too, prices out the adventuresome. And the survive surviv

The city seems to bring together likes people united by their specialized work (the clusters of intellectuals around the city campuses, the selentists, the editors, the admen, the garment workers) or by their special interests at play the bowlers, the painters, the weekend sailors, the painters, the weekend sailors, that the painters are the painters, the weekend sailors that the painters are the painters and the painters are t



MARTINIS IN NEW YORK'S TOWER SUITE No place for the hesitant.

joints on Rush Street or the celebrity seekers in the Peppermint Lounge. Luckily for civilization, the flint of genius strikes its sparks generously on the steel of the city. Artists. writers, philosophers, scientists—all have made the city their natural habitat.

Dante's Inferno. For all its opulence and glamour, life in the big city is still a country mile from utopia. Rents are astronomical and in New York garaging a car can cost as much as Sos a month, without service. New York's subway system. which carries 4.600,000 passengers a day, often resembles something straight out of Dante's Inferno, A snowstorm that could be ignored or scoffed at elsewhere can paralyze a big city for days. Smog often covers Los Angeles. Chicago has its biting wind, and New York is covered by 525 million lbs. of soot each year. The stark anonymity of living in a big city crushes as many as it invigorates. Loneliness is a

But such human pitfalls, for many the price of enjoying the city's advantages are far removed from the big and basic problems that today's mayors must grapple with. The automobile has become the dragon in the streets of the city, choking off traffic, polluting the air, challenging pedestrians to perform incredible veronicas. In 1011 a horse and buggy could move through Los Angeles at a rate of 11 m.p.h.; in 1962 during the rush hours, the average car makes the same trip at 5 m.p.h. The touted freeways designed to aid entrance to and exit from the city are already outgrown, will reach their peak in 1968eleven years before the entire 1.049-mile system will be completed. Most cities have seen their commuter lines dwindle, and lean heavily on inadequate transit systems. Says Boston's Mayor Collins: "If we were to adapt an urban civilization to everybody who's lazy enough to get out of the house right into his car, drive to the office and want to park near it, you'd have nothing in city after city but a big hole and an underground parking garage. The possibility of banning auto traffic altogether from midtown Manhattan is seriously discussed.

"No Cockroaches." On his way to the gleaming new office buildings and hotels the motorist often sees the least attractive side of many big cities: blight, Cities have always had their slums, but they are no longer taken for granted. With \$16.3 billion allocated for urban renewal across the U.S. since 1949 (\$2.5 billion by the Federal (iovernment), the battle against blight is slowly being won. New York's urban renewal program has consumed as much money as the programs of all other U.S. cities, has cleared 7,000 hadly blighted acres. Boston has a far-reaching urban renewal program that is currently demolishing the old Scollay Square area to make room for a \$150 million government center. While many big U.S. cities are still at the bulldozer stage. Chicago's major surgery is almost at an end; it has completed or nearly finished 26 clearance projects at a cost of \$121.500,000. Last week Truck



New Buildings on Los Angeles' Wilshire Boulevard Jets in the hoir and celluloid at the feet.

Loader Willie Adams and his family of five moved into Chiegos' necessit and the nation's largest public housing projcet. After living in three verminous somes in a rooming house, the Adamses found it a paradise, Said Mrs. Adams: "It's like a a paradise, Said Mrs. Adams: "It's like a clean—and no cockroaches." By 1967; Mayor Daley hopes that Chicago will have eliminated all its slums.

The urban renewers have come under heavy fire for displacing people who had nowhere to go, tearing down neighborhoods that could have been saved. Now they are trying to avoid both faults. New York and Boston are using "selective redevelopment" aimed at sprucing up old neighborhoods-such as Boston's historic North End-without heavy demolition and rebuilding. In many cities local citizens' committees are consulted at every step of redevelopment, Says Chicago's Mayor Daley: "You can't just rebuild a city physically without looking into the needs and wants of the people," When a budged because they were ashamed to expose their shabby furniture, authorities arranged for a local Roman Catholic Church to provide them with a more presentable

set, not their agreement to move.

Grime for Christmos. Despite such
progress, the alums perists. As soon as a
foliable of the state of the state of the state
attle filled by one of the hordes of
and west at the rate of thousands a day.
In Charleston, Atlanta and other South
en cities, annoymous pamphies urge
Negroes to go north and five off fat charing-provisions; their steady flow morthward is creating an enormous and
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lation of Chicago has jumped from 8%, in 1940 to 32%—and experts believe that at the present rate if will reach 40% in 1970. New York, with a steadily growing Negro population that now stands at 1.68%, noo has also taken in three-fourths of its foo.200 Puerio Rican citizens since World War II. Often unskilled and unemployed, the newcomers are forced to the in dark and dinge tenements at extension of the control of the cont

The slums, the lack of employment and the ever shifting masses of people liberpeired to live like sardines are related to the like sardines are related to the liberpeired to live like sardines are the special business of organized mobis. Chicago gost rid of Al Capone, but it cannot be special business of organized miles, in Chicago last year—an unusually high number—helps sustain the impression. Actually, the Chicago police look on the rise mode is an experimental to the control of the control of

mob is in trouble.

The new, narrow-brim look in crime is disagnaized, and therefore harder to spad that in the disagnaized, and therefore harder to spad that in the disagnaized, and therefore harder to spad that in the disagnaized that is the spadient of the spadient of the spadient of the population in Chicago, where they are less than a fourth of the population, and have accounted for as much as 53% of all crimes of violence in Los Anaeles, where their numbers are much smaller. But, though they make a helt's contribution, newconstruction, newconstructions are such as the spadient of crime, Criminals naturally migrate to the big city to make good, jout as the

The alltime total of Chicago-style killings on; with inst (8 solved.



NEW LOW INCOME HOUSING IN CHICAGO Never an end to surgery.

vaudeville acts used to do. New York's two-thirds of the students in its public 24.500 police even have a seasonal run of criminals from Thanksgiving through Christmas because, says Deputy Police Commissioner Walter Arm, "the criminal has the same problem as everybody else. He wants money for Christmas shopping."

Great Obstacles. City officials believe that the answer to much of the rising crime rate lies in better education for the city's less fortunate citizens, but the sickness of the slums has spread to the schools in some big cities. Many parents of moderate income refuse to send their children to the public schools because they are either overcrowded or below accepted educational standards, either put them in expensive and increasingly difficult-to-enter private schools or move on to the suburbs. For the ordinary city student, there is no such escape. The cities are fighting to improve their schools, but the obstacles are great: a serious teacher shortage, ancient and even (in New York) rat-infested buildings gross overcrowding, crime on the school grounds

Los Angeles, which theoretically needs one new elementary school of 15 classrooms every week to keep up with its expanding school population, last week was building seven elementary schools and 23 additions to elementary schools. four new junior high schools and eleven additions, three new senior highs and four additions. Yet the mobility of its population often frustrates its planning: in some schools the turnover rate is as high as 155% in a semester. Even worse is the drop-out problem, which is particularly acute in cities with heavy immigration. Chicago's drop-out rate before high school is 50% (v. a 40% national average), and the rate zooms among Negroes. New York has a similar problem: nearly schools are now either Negro or Puerto Rican, and 17% of the Puerto Rican schoolchildren cannot speak English.

Unbelievable Domination. But the biggest job of education faced by the cities-one that dynamically affects many of their problems-is the enlightenment of the state legislatures. Many big cities struggle under almost unbelievable domination by the legislatures, Boston's Mayor Collins, for example, has no direct control over his own school system, transportation or police force-and has control over only 50% of the city's expenditures. New York City feels the heavy hand of Albany in many of its affairs; last week Mayor Wagner was unable to settle a citywide bus strike because he first had to confer at length with New York's Governor Rockefeller.

What irks the big cities even more is that for years they have borne the heavy burden of state financing as the heaviest payers of taxes, while the state legislatures, dominated by rural representatives. give back such niggardly sums to the cities that they are strapped for funds for such vital functions as education, law enforcement, urban renewal and transportation. Individual and corporate income taxes from Boston give the state of Massachusetts \$5,000,000 more than it returns to the city, and state aid granted to other cities and towns frequently includes the dastardly words "except Boston." Angeles." complains Mayor Yorty, "has been hadly neglected by the state of Cali-Yet it is hard for the cities to fornia. fight back. In California, State Senator Richard Richards of Los Angeles County is the sole representative of 6,000,000 people-while his 39 colleagues in the legislature represent 9,700,000.

If their country cousins turn a deaf ear to their pleas, the cities have another

course, which is the bogey of every state legislator who opposes the creation of a federal Department of Urban Affairs. The cities may be forced to bypass the state governments, which show little interest in their unique problems, and go directly to Washington for financial help. If that day comes, the states may lose their control over the big cities, thus eroding the U.S. system of federal-state government, In New York, there is the old proposition of seceding from Albany and joining the Union as a separate state: the city already has a population that exceeds that

Strip Cities. The immensity of the big cities of the U.S. holds a looming clue to their future. Experts predict that within 20 years most of the great cities will join together in massive megalopolitan complexes. Airline pilots first noted the trend. from the outstretching lights of the cities. a dozen years ago. Before long, the nation may be engulfed in great strip cities: a 600-mile giant stretching unbroken from Boston to Washington; another lining the Florida Coast, from Jacksonville to the Keys: a San Diego-San Francisco strip on the West Coast, and a Milwaukee-Chicago-Gary. Ind. megalopolis looping around Lake Michigan, The problems of such supercities defy imagination.

As they and their problems grow and grow, will the great cities of the U.S. be able to survive? The answer seems to be that they will survive just so long as man feels the need of their witness to his accomplishments and grandeur, just so long as he continues to heed that siren song of pomp, pleasure and stimulation, "They will not last if we do not care," said City Lover Leland Hazard, a Pittsburgh businessman, before a Boston conference on community problems. "A city does not endure by the work of hirelings. A city endures when its least and its greatest citizen love it alike and will live and work and die that it may be glorious.

MARKET BUSTLE IN BOSTON



THE WORLD

DISARMAMENT

The '62 Models

What the Genevans really cared about was the auto show.

In the Palais des Expositions, glittering new MG. Alfa Romeo and Mercedes models had been assembled for the city's annual automobile exhibition. There was only mild competition from the diplomats meeting in that hall of doom, the League



WEST AT GENEVA: RUSK, DEAN & HOME Unwilling to be victim....

of Nations' old Palais, for last week's 17nation disarmament conference. The West at least went out of its way to ofter new accessories, but the Russian delegates had scarcely bothered to touch up their old. familiar model.

See No Evil. In 1060 diplomats had haggled fruitlessly for months over the two opposing disarmament schemes put forth by the West and by Russia. The Russians then, as now, offered a glittering but empty scheme for total abolition of all armies and weapons over a four-year period. The West also had a step-by-step program for armament cuts, but there was one big difference. The U.S. insisted on careful, on-the-spot verification to ensure that all countries 1) destroyed the arms they said they would destroy, and 21 did not replace them with other weapons manufactured secretly. Crying espionage. the Russians flatly rejected the idea of foreign investigators poking around their countryside, suggested instead that nuclear nations adopt a sort of honor system of 'national" self-inspection.

It was this crucial question that seemed certain to produce a stalemate again at Geneva. Adding some further details to the U.S.'s basic disarmament plan—a 36% cut in conventional weapons and in

nuclear bomb carriers, such as rockets, within three years—U.S. Secretary of State Dean Rusk last week argued that "no government large or small could be expected to enter into disarmament arrangements under which their peoples might become victims of the perfuly of others." But if the Russians were as worried about inspectors, he said, the U.S. sould be willing to discuss "sampling which would discouraer treaty violations without maintaining constant surveil-

lance everywhere."

Ruuk's suggestion certainly gave the Ruusians something to bargain about, but all the signs pointed to that Sweite rejections on the signs pointed to that Sweite rejections, but the signs pointed to the signs of the sig

Hollow Boat. Stitina nervously among the big nuclear powers were the eight "middlement" of the U.N. disarmannel meeting, the delegates of Braal, Burna, Etilopia, India, Mestro, India, Mestro, India, Mestro, India, Mestro, India, Mestro, India, Mestro, India, Westro, India, Westro, India, Westro, India, W. K. Krishna "The Musice Head of the India N. K. Krishna "The Musice Prancisco San Thiosa Dantas, for example, eriticized the Soviet Union for Isal Gill's tests went rinth absold to urpe the

All the disarmament talk seemed even more futile when reports arrived of Nikita Khrushchev's latest speech in Moscow, plainly aimed at supporting Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko and his chief disarmament negotiator, peppery U.N. Ambassador Valerian Zorin, in the task of frightening the smaller nations. Again rejecting an inspected test-ban treaty. Khrushchev boasted of a "new" Soviet "global rocket." which "is invulnerable to anti-missile weapons" and makes U.S. radar detection systems useless, since the rockets "can fly around the world in any direction and strike a blow at any set target." This was hardly news, and the U.S. could make the same claim, as proved by the 5,000-mile flight of a Titan II rocket on the very same day Khrushchev spoke. In Washington, Secretary of Defense Robert S. McNamara replied that U.S. nuclear striking power is so great that the nation could take a surprise attack, then destroy Russia and still have enough left over to counter a threat from any third power.

In Geneva, the delegates settled in for lots more talk about disarmament. Seasoned Arthur Dean, who will take over from Rusk next week as U.S. delegate, already was house hunting.

BERLIN

Sparks in the Sky

"I'm flying two meters above him. Now I can see his expression, and he can see mine ... I wave him down ... He waved back ... He did not move ... Can I get permission to shoot him down?"

These were the radioed words of a Soviet fighter pilot buzzing a Western transport plane in the skies near Berlin. Failing



East at Geneva: Zorin & Gromyko

to get a reply from his Russian ground commander, the pilot did not fire. But the message, monitored by U.S. authorities, was evidence of dangerous new tension in Berlin's aerial war of nerves.

More Medianose, (in and off for sexual weeks, the Russians have been selfund up fighters to haras Western planes. Last week the Reds announced dozens of air corridor flight plans that would put Soviet transport planes at precisely the same al-titudes at precisely the same altitudes are the same al-titudes at the same al-titude and the same act before the al-titude and the same act before a same and the same al-titude and the same act before a same and the same al-titude and the same act before a same and the same al-titude and the same act before a same and the same al-titude and the same act to the same al-titude and the same al

Radar operators in the West Berlin air traffic control center were startled to find unusual pips showing up on their scopes. The signals were too small to be airplanes, much too concentrated to be a rainsform. They were, in fact, reflections from great batches of aluminum chall® dumped into the sky by hish-flying Soviet planes. The

8 Finsel-like strips, similar to the shredded British-designed material called window used with great success by R.A.F. and U.S. bombers in World War II to impair the accuracy of Hitler's radar-controlled antiarreratt guns. idea, presumably, was to test new ways of confusing the flow of Western planes,

From a technical standpoint, the radar barassment was no major threat to Io-day's sophisticated electronic gear, which allows skilled operators to "see" through such outmoded forms of jammine, But the West was concerned at the continual barassment. Notireably amonged. President Newodey called dropping the alamister Newodey called dropping the same to discount to the Newodey called the Newodey Carle Newodey Carle See and the New See and the See and th

Doubletolk, At Geneva (see above), U.S. Secretary of State Dean Rusk and British Foreign Secretary Lord Home made Moscow's rough stuff over Berlin Topic A in their first talks with Russia's Andrei Gromyko. As reported by the New York Hexald Tribune's Marguerite Higgins, there ensued some uncommonly blunt words among the three statesmen.

GROMYKO: "I know nothing of the difficulties you mention in the air corridor."

RUSK: "May I observe. Mr. Foreign Minister, that if there is a gap in your information, it could easily be rectified by one quick call to the Soviet Ministry of Defense in Moscow?"

GROMYKO: "And may I be permitted to observe. Mr. Rusk, that it is improper for the American Secretary of State to tell the Soviet Foreign Minister how to conduct his business?"

RUSK: "Mr. Gromyko, I have noted of late that Mr. Khrushchev seems to be speaking with two voices. One Mr. Khrushchev is the man of peace. The other Mr. Khrushchev is the one who makes the decisions in the air corridors. From now on, I am going to listen with two ears to establish which is the real Mr. Khrushchev."

GERMANY

Man with a Suitcase

Blond, blue-gyed Bernd Schmidt was captured at the age of 18. That was three years ago, when he and some other West German teen-agers went to the Lelpaig Sports Festival in Communist East Germany. One day, passing a stadium exit Bernd Schmidt was causht in a throng of gifts who came pouring from the field afteer a gymnastic display. Schmidt recalls "Some were carrying their hoops high over "Some were carrying their hoops high over definity, someone dropped a hoop over me. Everyone Isuabed."

llernd schmidt had been captured by Maris Hoescher, an elin afti with saucerlike brown eyes and a ponytail. He had to return to his home near Mannheim and his joh as an apprentice lathe operator, but as soon as he saved enough money for them to marry. Maris planned to leave East Germany, Latt and join him. Then the Communists built the Wall, dividing the forcers as well as Germany, Latt soon forcers as well as Germany, Latt with met Maris in a Wichards and they treft to think of a way to smuggle her to to think of a way to smuggle her to

Prenatol Pose. "Could I fit into a suitcase?" she asked. Looking at her trim sfit. 100-lb. figure. Bernd gulped his drink and said they could try. If caught. Maria thought it meant three years in jail for her, ten for Bernd. "They'd accuse you of heing a Western slave trader." They paid 86,50 for a brown plasterboard suitcase that was 4ft. by 3 ft. by 16 in.

Nest day, carrying the empty sutross they went to Einench the last railway stop before the West German horder. The train pulled in, and the two rashed up to train pulled in, and the two rashed up to the control of the control of the control of the Bernal opened the suitcise. Maria assumed the prenal position—bead on chest. He carfelly forced back her should er, not the lid closed by pressing it doubt with his knee. She gasped with pain as he with his knee. She gasped with pain as he suitcise—which had been punctured in several places to give Maria air—into the corridor and returned to his compartment.



BERND & MARIA Encased, a freezing fraulein.

Police and border guards, working methodically through the car, looked at Bernd's papers; one guard asked where his luggage was. Bernd said he had shipped it on to West Germany by rail express. The guards glanced casually at the suitcase in the corridor, went on to the next car.

Loudspeakers at the border control point of Warther ordered all passengers to leave the train, with their lugazer. Go another check. Bernfl etaped down to the platform and was about to pull off the suitcase when he saw that an East German railway guard was eving him. It was the same man Bernfl and told he had no lugazer. An African got off the train, too. and hoping he could not speak German. Bernfl cred to him in braudset differt. Bernfl cred to him in throads the suited to the same was the same training training the same training the same training the same training training the same training the same training the same training training the same training training the same training the same training training training the same training tra

for help, obligingly took hold of the handle, and they shuffled past the Red guard. Quivering Snow, Bernd left the case on it in an attempt to make it inconspicuous. After passing through the Communist control point. he returned to the platform was hortified to see the suitcase was quivering so much that snow was being shaken of the too. Bernd frantically exabled the

suitcase—but the handle came off in his hand. Desperately, he hugged the case in his arms, heaved it back on the train and stumbled on beside it.

Minutes later, the train rolled past the burbed wire of the border. As gow whipped by announcing entry into West Germany, Bernd walked to the suitcase, loosened the straps, raised the lid. Maria, still shivering and blue with cold looked up. "We made tit." Bernd murmured, lifting her out. She clinate to him and cried, When she could finally talk, it was to say: "Thank God." Thank God.



U.S. TRANSPORT UNLOADING TRUCK IN WEST BERLIN
Aloft, the threat of shooting.

ALGERIA

The End & the Beginning

Those were the words, repeated countless times around the world, that greeted the long-delayed truce in Algeria. After seven years, four months and 18 days, the fighting stopped. The war had cost hundreds of thousands of dead, ranging from illiterate Moslem peasants to the blueblooded elite of the French army, On one side stood France, which had carried Western civilization into the desert and. despite vast errors of judgment, had built a country in North Africa that had been part of France for more than a century. On the other side were the poor, scattered Arab tribes of Algeria, which found their nationhood in the war. On both sides there had been fanaticism, brutality and torture. For a time, it seemed as if the Moslems had lost all moderation, as if France had lost her conscience.

Charles de Gaulle, the man who had worked to end the war with patience. skill, trickery, courage and a never-failing sense of destiny finally this week could announce the cease-fire. In a seven-minute radio and TV speech, he declared that it was France's "national interest" which had commanded her to let the Algerians govern themselves. He asked the million disaffected Europeans to stay on and cooperate with the new Algeria. Paying tribute to "the glorious losses" sustained by the French army, De Gaulle applauded its discipline, despite "the solicitations of criminal adventurers." He alluded to General Raoul Salan's terrorist S.A.O. by announcing that a common-sense solution had won out in Algeria over "the frenzy of some

the blindness of others.

Stumbling Blocks. For the past twelve days. France and the world have gone through cliffhanging suspense as the ceasefire negotiators wrangled at Evian-les-Bains. The major issues had all been setfled: a transition period for Algeria, leased bases for the French, guarantees for Europeans. But last-minute stumbling blocks appeared. Among the chief problems was the composition of the Provisional Executive, which is to govern Algeria during the cease-fire; on this, the F.L.N. demanded a twelve-man French-Moslem committee with an F.L.N. nominee as chairman. Another issue: the powers and strength of the Force Locale to police the cease-fire; here the F.L.N. wanted more Moslem members, while Paris wanted a French commander. Compromise finally settled all the issues

In Alexeia, the announcement of the crease-fire seemed tittle more than a formality. What really matters is the S.A.O. For months, its guamen have been indiscriminately shooting and bombing Mosewek the S.A.O. killers concentrated on the relatively few Moslem intellectuals. In Aliers, a cardioad of S.A.O. terrorists raided the Alexeian Social Center and todd-bloodedly mounded down its detactors—the control of the Control of

Albert (The Plague) Camus, Next, S.A.O. gunmen attacked drugstores, killing seven Moslem pharmacists.

Secret Letter. The French intercepted a letter from Stalm himself to regional S.A.O. commanders which ordered a "generalized offensive" to begin the instant the cease-fire was announced. Among the instructions: 1 in cities like Oran and Algiene. French security is to be tied up through an "increase in revolutionary disorders." i.e., hit and-run attacks. demostrations, strikes, refusals to obey curfew: 31 in the countryside, where Salan noted that Europeans seemed tolewarm in sup-

Commons.* Appealing to voters disenchanted by Mamillan's crackdown on credit and pay raises, the Liberals run on a platform resembling Labor's (main difference: the Liberals do not favor nationalization of industry. They are unencumbered by the Labor Party's internal feuds and by the proleurain stigma that keeps many middle-class voters from going Labor, Sniffed Mamillan. "The Liberal Party is performing the valuable function of the exhaust pige in the motorcar.

The Tory-minded Daily Telegraph put it more temperately: "The country is saying it does not like the government it



"HIGH TIME"
Mourned, the apprious losses.

porting the S.A.O., guerrilla bands are to set up "insurrectionary zones."

In Algeria, the seven-year war ended this week, but the new war with the S.A.O. was just getting under way.

GREAT BRITAIN Daggers for Mac

"Give Mae the sack," cried the crowds in Orpington, a longtime Tory stronghold in suburban Kent, In a mid-term by-election, the district was captured last week by a pugnacious, 33-year-old Liberal candidate who piled up a massive, 7.855-vote majority (total voters; 43,187) over an exceptionally able Conservative opponent. Following three other by-election seathers for the party in a week, Orpington with the Marchillani's Conservatives when the Marchillani's Conservatives was undered Since they took office eleven years ago. Said Party Chairman Iain Mac-ledi. "These are duagers thrust at us."

The Liberal stabs were the big surprise. Though they won outright only at Orpington, they captured most of the 44,111 votes lost to the Conservatives elsewhere. Long in decline, the Liberals will have only seven M.P.s in the 630-seat House of

has not, but it's still a long way from deciding what alternative to choose." Tory Strategist Maclood is contident that if the party sinks low enough in by-elections, if will bounce back in time for the general election that Macmillan is expected to call some time next year. Said he: "How should Conservatives act now! I offer you the Clan Macloed motto: "Hold Fast."

Before it can contemplate a general election the government will have to grapple with two balky issues: Britain's entry into the Common Market and the future of the Central African Federation. In an ingenious unprecedented gambit, Prime Minister Macmillan amounced last exceeding the griding sole regions of experience and exceeding the properties of the

A new British-drawn constitution for Northern Rhodesia threatens to break up the federation because it grants the blacks more power than cantankerous Federal Prime Minister Sir Roy Welensky pro-

9 In 1005 the party won 376 seats; it stayed in power until the 1022 defeat of Britain's last Liberal Prime Minister, David Lloyd George



THREE-STARRED HOST LASSERRI SERVING GUESTS Moses come " 1000.

poses to stand for (Timt March o). In the past, the problem was confusingly divided between Colonial Secretary Reginald Maudling, responsible for African territories that retain colonial status (Northern Rhodesia, Nyasaland) and gentionalists, and Commonwealth Secretary Duncan Sandys who is responsible for self-governing territories (Southern Rhodesia cand has the ear of Welensky's white supremacists. It was obviously sound to end this two-way pull by putting Butler in charge, even though Labor Party Leader Hugh Gaitskell loudly denounced it as a "nonsensical gesture. While not a political maneuver Macmillan's move inevitably enhanced the political prospects of "Rab" Butler whose fortunes had seemed on the ebb last fall when lain Macleod was moved in as Conservative party chairman and leader of the House.

FRANCE

The Palate Guard

In France, where a great chef can eam ore glory than a general, the supremis accolate for a restaurant is a cluste one in the Gintal Michelin. Less a guidelook than the cultinary conscience of France the plump red volume is an annual honors list grading 330f 10f 50000. French there have been supported to the control of the control only ten eating places—four in Taris—worthy of three-star guident, promising 'the glory of French cooking.' with "price no object." The navard of a support of the control of the contr

The Giodes's 62 an restaurants serve 'outstanding meals and wine,' and are 'worth a derour,' while GSI o eating filters are recommended as "sugond places to break your journey. The 2-coo unstarred restaurants get up to five crossed spoins and forks for chanliness and comitort, are mostly chosen as being the best in their area. single star usually boosts an establishment business 50% overnight while a tallen star can deflate a restaurant faster than a falling southé. Says Guide Editor René Pauchet: "We feel somewhat like Moses bringing down the tablets.

The 1062 edition, out last week, was fraught with even greater suspense than

minimized by the state of the s

Breathed Owner René Lasserre, 49, still misty-eyed with emotion: "A real restaurateur can't hope for more." Said an editorial in *Paris-Presse*: "Michelin, the lighthouse of our gastroomic navigation has finally illuminated, with its ineflable light, one of the youngest, most beloved

Though the patron had no inkling of their presence elevan different experts had eleven different meals at Lasserre behad elevant different different meals at Lasserre behad elevant different different meals at Lasserre behad elevant different diff

sburn. Pas de pastou, pas de pot de vin troundis no quall, no payonis - shey arrive tione and unamounced, sample food and wine reveal their identities only when when the past of the past of the past of the spect the kitchens, A. Michael and the past past the past of the past of the past of the past to usually treated as respectfully as an FBI man in the U.S. though one instetestaurateur one protested to the Gindi-Von set vourselves up as tudes, and when the past of the past of the past of the past which reference to the past of the past of the past which reference to the past of the past of the past of the swalls ference to the past of the past of the past of the past which reference the past of the

No Simmering. This year's Guide has blacked out six sets of two stars and as singles, while handling out almost as many new ones. There are tour rewer restaurants in the top rank than in 1930, while o and oo restaurants have declined by 6.; Explains Editor Paucket: "Now exploity's in a hurry and the chef no homest has time to simply a proper to the control of the control of the property of the control of the

Most experts agree that despite such algores, the Palate Guard's severity is responsible for maintaining culinary criteria in France today. Peppers Meandre Dunamie owner of Sauffeu's famed one agree of Sauffeu's famed one of Sauf

COMMON MARKET

So formidable is the economic success of the Common Market that most of Europe's out nations are queuing up to get in. Last week three neutrals-Austria Switzerland and Sweden-met in the Swedish ski resort of Rattvik to discuss ways of becoming associated with the market without sacrificing their precious neutrality. The combined trade of the three with the market nations last year totaled \$6,250,000,000, and all three fear that the market's common tariff barriers against the rest of the world will eventually (reeze them out. At the same time they fear the market's demand that members must give up national sovereignty in economic and eventually political matters; they want special terms that would preserve their national freedom of action.

Market members are in no moul to adbank to the state of the state of

in fitting, Ireland and Demark, Kave angolist of membership, spin and Turkey has augusted for "association," a special limited status whose terms are to be mentitude operated to action whose terms are to be mentitude operated to action whose terms are to be impacted to action whose terms are to be impacted to action whose terms are sufficiently in the contract of the contract of



TODAY THE SHOPPER TAKES THE SALESMAN HOME

When grandma went shopping, a little chat with the corner grocer helped her select the best buys. But in today's modern self-service supermarket, it's the package that's the salesman. Today, packaging must be appealing as well as functional. It should make products easier to pour or store ... simpler to measure or mix. Most important of all, packaging must be informative.

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experience analyze each product's needs, then suggest the one best package for it...transparent blister pack, plastic bottle, bag, wrap, or window box. You'll find the happy results packaging some of the nation's most famous brands.

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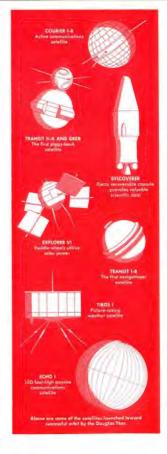
Now an improved Thor is ticketed for even greater space-work. As an integral part of the NASA Thor-Delta program, also a Douglas project, the new Thor will launch a variety of man-moons... including solar observatories and active communications units. Among these will be the United States' first experimental active communications satellites, Relay, Syncom and Telstar.

There is an example of how Douglas carries a giant space systems program through design, manufacture and test and follows through to insure outstanding performance.

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have made the full sacrifices demanded and might tempt some member states to reduce their own market obligations in future. Another argument heard: Why grant association to the neutrals rather than to NATO partners such as the U.S. and Canada's

From Common Market headquarters letters went out to the neutrals. Gist the Six will not even consider the new applications until negotiations over Britain's membership in the market are decided. British and Market delegates are still setting the ground rules for the formal bargaining sessions that are set to begin after Easter.

ISRAEL

Philosopher's Plea

What the Torah traches us is this: none but God can command us to destroy

-Martin Buber, quoting

Rabbi Mendel of Kosov (d. 1825). The world's greatest Jewish philosopher and a pioneer Zionist. Martin Buber has lived in Jerusshem since 1938, when he fled the Nazis. Often opposed to Israel's policies (example: he advocates greater efforts to make peace with the Arabs). Buber is now in conflict with Premier David Ben-Gurino no a bitter issue: the fatte of Adolf-Eichmann.

Last month Buber phoned Ben-Gurion and asked permission to see him. No. the old (25) Premier told the ancient (84) philosopher, "you are older than 1. I will come to see you." For two hours in Buber's house on Love of Zion Street, with him to commute the Eichmann death with the commute the Eichmann death of the community of the Eichmann death of the



MARTIN BUBER Who gave the right to kill?

gave society the right to kill itself?" he asked, "Society does not have such pleni-potentiary rights," (Israel has no capital punishment except for high treason in wartime, war crimes against humanity or the lewish people.)

In Eichmann's case. Buber added, execution would nurture another antichrist myth and permit a second-rate individual to symbolize the tragedy of European Jewry; his death would only offer easy, vicarious expiation to the guilty.*

vikarious explantion to rae guity.

Last week, when newspapers learned of Bober's plea for mercy, public reaction in Indirectly, Ben-Gurion gave a public answer to Buber. As the Israell Supreme Court prepared to consider Eichmann's own appeal before handing down a verdict, the official soverment gazette published a regulation authorizing the appointment of "so man to execute a death sentence."

SOUTH VIET NAM

Joan or Lucrezia

Festively bedeeked elephants, a troop of mounted horsemen and colorful floats paraded through the streets of Saigon last week. It was Women's Day, an occasion organized and supervised by South Viet Nam's most hitterly debated female. Madame Ngo Dinh Nhu. To some she is an Asian Joan of Arc. to others an Oriental Lucrezia Borgias.

A frazile-looking but tough-minded leastly of 38 Madmar Mus is the wife of President Ngo Dinh Diem's brother and closest brain-tasser, serves as her barbe-looking the state of the state o

Puritanical Feminist. Zealous and sincere in her single-minded belief that only Diem can solve South Viet Nam's probrality, that President Diem calls his "forof government, Like Diem, Madmula" ame Nhu is intolerant of criticism, last week lashed out at the "pseudo-liberalism" of those who questioned Diem's the West for Communist gains in South Viet Nam, because the U.S. should have forces as far back as 1955, and scored some points when she deplored "the progress of neutralism in the world favored by the inability of Western democracy to protect all those that Communism covets." A puritan as well as a feminist. Madame Nhu is the founder and president of the

Similar reasoning prompted Britain's Jewish publisher, Victor Gollancz, to suggest that Eich mann be sent to a kibbutz (collective farm) in

mann be sent to a kibbutz (collective farm) in Scael, "where he would live in an atmosphere of Christian (or, rather, Jewish) love, and he night-learn the right way of living and repeat his appalling sim."



MADAME NHI Who know the formula?

1600.000 Women's Solidarity Movement sort of Sain Junior League that has set up nurseries, maternity clinics sort and wilfare centers, kindengartens and night schools. Three years ago, the Xational Assembly passed her family bill, which lanned polygamy and concubinage, set up dill penalties for adultery outswed divorce except by permission of the President, Currently Madame Nhu is plugging a sectial partification has that to would out a support of the president of the president

After Diem took office in 1054, bits brother and sister-in-law moved into the Freedom Palace with him. Nhu advised his brother and army promotions, official appointments and business contracts. In exitably sizing mossip linked Vhu and his wife to government graft. Madame Nhu indignantly denies the charge: "Money en-slaves people," she says, "I use money in the most artistic way when I have it."

Last month's aerial assassination attempt on Diem found Madame Nhu in the presidential palace with three of her four children (two girls 16 and 2, two boys

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The second secon





CAPICHIN FRIARS IN THE DOCK At evening prayer a blast of buckshot.

13 and 6). She fell two stories through a ventive murder by the Mafia, who feared hole in the floor, was painfully cut and bruised, still moves with difficulty. The attack has made her even less tolerant of

that he would squeal. Evidence against the friars finally came to light two years ago, when police discovered a typewriter Diem's opponents. She says: "We will in Father Vittorio's cell that matched some of the death threats. track down, neutralize and extirpate all

At the trial in Messina last week the laymen, recalling the gardener's fate, said only that they knew nothing. Clearly they would be no help in answering the key question. Were the friars only tools of anonymous higher-ups, or were they the masterminds? Either way, their action had brought grief to the Capuchins of Sicily. Said Father Sebastiano, provincial head of the order who himself had been shaken down by the ring: "Even among us, somehody sometimes makes mistakes.

ITALY Felonious Friars?

these scabby sheep.

Despite the tension in the courtroom four defendants remained calm and moved their lips in what seemed to be silent prayer. The impulse was natural: the four were robed and cowled Capuchin friars accused with three laymen of operating a spectacular extortion-murder ring in

racket-ridden Sicily. The gang began operations in 1956 in the small island town of Mazzarino, site of a 200-year-old Capuchin monastery. One of its first alleged victims was Father Agrippino, whose evening prayers were interrupted one November night by a buckshot blast into the wall beside him. A few days later, Carmelo Lo Bartolo, the monastery gardener, trotted up to the

scoundrels wanted \$220 or they would aim better next time. Father Agrippino settled with the messenger for \$16... Soon the gang turned to better beeled

citizens of their own village. He local typed threats until his drugstore burned down; but he paid up (\$3,200) when urged by Father Agrippino, accompanied by Father Vittorio and the venerable Father Carmelo (he is now 8x). "I am a victim, too, dear doctor," Friar Agrippino declared. "If we don't obey, they'll kill us. In the years that followed, villagers became accustomed to the sight of the hood ed friars padding about on their melancholy missions, but police lacked proof of

their actions. One wealthy villager who refused to listen was shot to death by

was found in his cell hanging by the bed

sheet-victim either of suicide or of pre-

IRAN Sharp Sword, New Plow

A crimson tent was set up in the muddy Maragheh plain in honor of the royal presence. Baggy-pants peasants and their close to stare at Mohammed Reza Pahlevi. Shah of Iran, resplendent in the chief. Suddenly, the Shah asked for the microphone, delivered an impromptu talk to the crowd, "I've been in this land re-It's now reached its decisive stage Believe me, it is no honor to be King of a poor and hungry people." As he handed he replied, "I am reborn,

Thus last week, in a region close to the Russian border, the Shah officially had signed into law on Jan. 15. Under the law, worked out by idealistic Agriculture Minister Hasan Arsanjani (who insists on serving without salary), a landlord may compensated by the government over a last decade has distributed to peasants more than half of his own 1,500,000 acres is one of the few Iranian landlords with

any liking for reform. Most cling tenaciously to the feudal system, which has given big landowners control of threevillages are owned outright by 160

Landlords are not alone in opposition to the reforms, long urged by the U.S. Five of the Shah's 16-man Cabinet voted against the law, Iran's Communists, fearing the loss of a traditional class-war propaganda issue, joined with rightists that the reform plan may never get far beyond last week's dramatic giveaway. Even the Shah's close aides concede the project may well take 20 years. The peasants cannot be given land without first being taught marketing, crop rotation and the use of fertilizer-all formerly handled by landlords. Cooperatives must be set up and loans arranged to tide the peasants over had harvests. The speed of the operation depends on the state of Iran's treasury, which is chronically

But last week it was clear that at least the peasants and the Shah are true believers in land reform. As the Shah left his crimson tent at Maragheh, he angrily ordered away the soldiers who were holding back the crowd with bayonets. For the first time in his life, the Shah walked alone and unprotected in the midst of his kiss his hand or foot: those who could not reach him ran to kiss his royal car instead. Driving away from the dark muddy plain, the Shah could hear the peasants shouting after him: "May God keep your sword always sharpened! May God strike down your enemies!

NORTHERN RHODESIA The Freedom Writhers

The freedom ride may be all right in protest against racial discrimination; the

ties, Federal Prime Minister Sir Roy We Kenneth Kaunda alongside white suprenoff came their clothes. Buff naked, the Kaunda, Kaunda, Freedom now, cha cha cha," Local cops finally arrived, wrapped

Said Kenneth Kaunda blandly: "Brit-

hustled them off to the clink.



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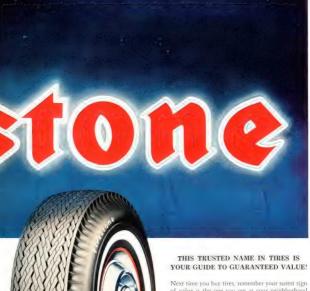
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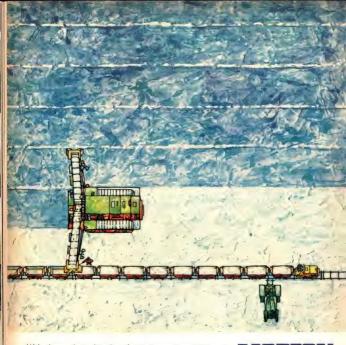


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THE HEMISPHERE

CURA

Five Eggs a Month After five weeks of uncharacteristic silence. Fidel Castro appeared to his peo-

Facing up to the island's growing hun-

ger, he set harsh new rationing regulato be rationed. Rice is restricted to 6 lbs. per person per month; heans, 13 lbs.; soap, one cake ("I believe it will suffice if used economically," said Castro 1; eggs, five. Meat is restricted to 1 lb. per week (enough for three small hamburgthe food failure as the Yankee boycott talthough U.S. food exports to Cuba are still legal), but also acknowledged some of the shortcomings of collectivization, He wound up with a strange mixture of Marxist-Leninist self-criticism and the regal We, "Only a few months ago, we made formal promises of commitments we have not carried out," said Castro, We are ashamed. Who is to blame? The administrators, the rulers and everyone.

Four days later, in a post-midnight TV address. Castro returned to the theme of the blunders of his own regime, "We have and injustices," said Castro, "Some people think they are more revolutionary than anybody and have the right to mistreat and humiliate others." He singled out the notorious Revolutionary Defense Committees--spies stationed in every city block, in all factories and farms-for special censure. And then he made his attack categorical: "The revolution has to re-educate all the revolutionary nuclei, and needs to revise the entire political apparatus of the revolution.

Without much else to feed on. Cuhans had to take what comfort they could from that.

GUATEMALA Blood & Corruption

Guatemala City shook with violence last week. Store windows were smashed, littered with burned, overturned cars, Twenty people were dead, and 500 others had been wounded in a week of rioting goras Fuentes, 66. It was the worst crisis in Ydigoras' four years in office.

Crying Castro. The trouble started when students launched a one-hour strike against the announced returns of last De-As is his habit. Ydigoras called the whole shooting match a "Castro-Communist plot. No doubt the Communists would like to overthrow the man who let Guate-Cuban invasion. But the Reds are by no ras. Because of organized graft that flourishes like a fungus, the majority of Guatemala's business and professional comthat, in many cases, can be cut only by

An American concern, the Breaux Bridge Oil Retining Co., recently learned what an Alliance for Progress amounts to in Guatemala, Organized by a Houston group with the backing of Shell interests Breaux Bridge received a concession in 1958 to set up a \$5,000,000 refinery-Central America's first-on Guatemala's



PRESIDENT YDIGORAS Others were fed up.

order that, in effect, forbade all Guatemalan consulates abroad to approve any shipping documents for Breaux, Breaux appealed to the Supreme Court, a tribunal capable of independence, and won an injunction. When the company began laying pipeline to the docks of Puerto Barrios three miles away, the President showed up at the construction site, delivered a threat against the company, and relented only when Breaux agreed to lay its pipeline to a new port he is promoting three miles in the opposite direction.

Chance to Escape. Breaux officials were offered a way out of their troubles. Last May, company representatives claim, one of Ydigoras' relatives dropped into Breaux Bridge's Houston offices and asked as saving, "Breaux Bridge will never be able to operate." The firm refused, Last December port authorities announced line construction. Company officials say they were offered another chance to escape trouble. This time the emissary was a high official in the government. His 000, "or your troubles will continue. Again the company men said no. Buttressed by another Supreme Court injunction. Breaux Bridge drove ahead.

Now, says a Breaux official, "our plant is finished, our pipeline is laid. We intend to begin importing crude-knowing full well that it probably will be stopped at

MEXICO

Artist in Jail

Mexican President Adolfo López Matro, and insists that in politics he is a leftist "within the constitution." Yet Lodown hard on troublesome leftists at home. Last week his regime came down to eight years in the federal penitentiary ing during student demonstrations in August 1960.

He had been picked up during the 1960 disturbances, but claimed he was miles away at the time, painting governmenttle. The authorities threw him into Mexico staged a brief hunger strike, and produced about 20 tiny paintings. He even managed designed to be hinged together later. Art lovers leftists and believers in the

rule of law both inside Mexico and from around the world protested; the Lopez Mateos regime finally brought Siqueiros to trial in January. In a tiny, dingy courtroom the artist stole the show with a three-hour speech ranging from his youthful years in politics to the present panorama of Mexican art, to the endless betrayal of the 1910 Mexican revolution by every regime down to and including the present. It was a stirring offense, but not much of a defense, especially considering the presiding judge himself.

For a personage of Siqueiros' stature last week's sentence amounted to having the book thrown at him, even though the time he has already served counts against his sentence, and he may be paroled in

to be enjoying the martyrdom of it all. pardon, he took another dig at President López Mateos: "I suppose the President will have to ask the U.S. before he acts.



BARDOT & ACHARD

Commandeered for the annual benefit gala of the Linni dea Artisites La sort of French Equitys. Paris' one-ting Cirgin dillyer acquired a second center of attention with the militain control of the cont

Darling fat girl, anyone who has given so many people such pleasure and fun is doomed to go on doing it." Thus encouraged by Fellow Worldling Noel Coward Café Society Mixmaster Elsa Maxwell. 78, rose from the Manhattan bed to which a heart attack confined her three months ago and began once again to share her doom with the readers of her syndicated confidences. Though her ordeal had modified her physique on doctor's orders she had already reduced from 100 to 103 lbs .- it had not mitigated her relentlessly chatty columnar style. Opening gambit in her first post-illness column. You may recall . . . the Marchioness of Blandford (she is the former Tina Livanos Onassis, the loveliest little friend. so pretty and gay

In a trae departure from conventional political behavior. California's frisky Dolip Singh Saund, 62. turned sheepish and turtles over an enlargement of the federal payroll in his district. The occasion in lamentation for which the Indiaborn Democrat sportingly submitted to an initial symbolic shakedown; a beefing-up of the Internal Revenue Service staff in the city of Kiverside.

After proving himself a consummate good-will ambassador during the irramenth of a seven-week trade-drumming tour of South America Britain's Prince Philip stumbled into a veritable gailed and-a-balf at Paraguay's Government

PEOPLE

House, "It's a pleasant change," offihanded His Royal Highness to President Miredo Stroessner, "to be in a country which isn't ruled by its people." As the continent's sole surviving dictain glowwhich is the continuation of the continuation of the continuation of the continuation of the really bean in contemplate their integernails. Philip quickly sought to recoup by implying that he was merely expressing his pleasure at temporarily excaping Birtin's Lord's Day Observance Society, which perennally criticizes the royal famile for attending sports exercis on Sunday, "the government decides what is to be done and it is done."

Latest to make the split parade in suny, sundering California were Hollywood's golden couple—Bernord Schwortz, 2 i.d. and Jeanette Morrison, 2 i.d. Announcing a trial separation that they hoped would be temporary considering their ten years and two children together, the pair surprised almost no one. While Jeanette was explaining "No matter what you may hear, there is no other man or any other hear, there is no other man or any other cade. the cinema euphemism for being on circumfocution at Palm Sourine.

Scrubbed as piller of the U.S.'s near ritial shot because of "grains bear bear" was Astronau Donold "Deke" Sloy.

man Stronau Donold "Deke" Sloy.

man Shiper to formightly recurrence or three miles "in the tenerious Air Force major was belatedly—and perhaps only small properties of the properties of the tenerious Air Force major was belatedly—and perhaps only small properties of the prop

For Bernie's and Jeanette's movie monike



SAUND & FRIENDS Turned turtle, no dough,



"DEKE" SLAYTON Turned down no so.

had publicity if Slayton's flight should goamiss than by doubts over his capacity, and understandably left the astronautdamned disappointed." Sympathized his replacement Navy Lieut. Commander-Scott Carpenter, 36: "I hate to be part of such a disappointment to Deke.

Passing on an appeal from a West forman political prisoner who claimed to have been "unfairly and wrongly" concited by her countrymen in a 1954 war crimes trial, members of the European Commission on Human Rights not only rejected the plea but also damned it as a manifest alwase of their time. The appet manifest alwase of their time. The appet during World War II as the Bitch of Bochemsald.

Her intution telling her that the Russus swald have a woman in space by the fall. Jone Briggs Hort, 4a. avairatis wile of Michigans Democratic Senator Philip Hart, hoped to heat them to the bauch. After getting nowhere with NASA because of the state of

After a careful weighing of all criteria, including time and distance traveled experts on congressional expense accounts somewhat dazedly acclaimed a new record holder. Maryland's Democratic Congressme Richard E. Londford, 47, of hondron, 47, and 48, and

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out at better than \$11 a meal and \$28 per night's lodging, the Annapolis lawyer farmer conceded that "my answers don't sound too good," but stoutly insisted. I spent every penny I say I spent.

Having won the approval of both the Roman Catholic and Greek Orthodox churches for the prospective May max churches for the prospective May max and the Catholic Cath

Lashing out at Britain's most bilious and best-read columnist for his gibles at the parlous state of Soviet farm production. Radio Moscow suggested that Cotsondra, pen rame of the London Daily Mirror. Commentation of the Control and Cotsondra, pen rame of the London Daily Mirror. Commentation of the Control and Cotsondra of the Control had even a small knowledge of agriculture, he would know about a pair somes were also called assemblers. — If the some success the control and the control a

Convalescing from his second stroke in four months. Whitpians Republican Congressman Clare E. Hoffmon, 86, finally resolved to wind up his 58-year House career when his present term ends next care when his present term ends next call in September, the implactable old issulations seemed considerably more concrited about whether the shad were running down in Fredericksburg than about the pretty kertle of fish on Capitol Hill which according to his son, he had "about given up as a bad Joh."

saining though Lganda To belia-soir time the tribal people that it was necessary to preserve game. The Netherland Synthesian Price Bernhord, So; gunned down a near-record roan antelipie and a trare slatumas, came close to creataine some haper prey. Beatine their way down a trare slatumas, came close to creataine some haper prey. Beatine their way down to be compared to the said people of their solid people of their



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RENAULT



MEDICINE

Death in the Formula

Nearly all week, half of the 20 babies in the nursery of Binghamton (N.Y.) General Hospital had been finitely at feeding time. Some gazged on their buttled formula and tried not to swallow it, while a few who swallowed it promptly vomited. The nurses became edgy and puzzled, but were not at first alarmed.

On Friday, three babies died. Hospital officials began to worry about a virulent infection, but found no evidence of any. brought the baby home with a quart of formula. She wouldn't take it. She gaaged and made a gurgling noise. She was sup posed to have four ounces, but we managed to make her swallow only an ounce. She drank water though, We took her back to the hospital." A day and a half later she dide.

Exchange of Fluids, For the worst cases, Dr. John E. Kiley of Albany Medical College hurried in to perform peritoneal dialyses—exchange of body fluids in the abdominal cavity. The doctor put a

sued for nedlicence. What the hospital use first, however, was not suits but anonymous phoned bomb threats, and a mysterious free broke out as well. Moreover, the tragedy is not finished. Even after the salt is flushed out and the baby seems well, parents must wait for as long as a year to see whether it will develop normally. By a mechanism not clearly understood, salt possoning may cause irreversible damane poisoning may cause irreversible damane that many Binghamton babies had swalt but a may Binghamton babies had swalt dowed, said Dr. Finberg, was a lethal a dose as 4 lbs. of salt to an adult.

Because ordinary granulated sugare is

widely used in formulas, most hospitals



For some parent a year of waiting ahead



DRS. KILEY FORD & FINBERG

The Doctors Gother, Medical Director, Joseph C., Work and S. (1994). The polarization, beaded by Dr. John H. Ford L., who serve the huspital. They knew J. (1994). The server the huspital they knew the server of t

Some had been sent home and put on homemade formula soon enough to head off death. But some had been sent home with a day's supply of the salty formula. One of these was Lisa Marie Bealo whose photographer father reported: "We big hypodermic needle through the abdominal wall of each budy and through it he dripped a sogar solution until the little he dripped a sogar solution until the intelaction of the solution of full was derived in and some of the salt, mixed and diluted cane with it. The needle stayed in place and the drip-and-drain process was repeatand the drip-and-drain process was repeating the solution of the solution of the killey worked on five balles this way for to hours, with only an hour's map, until To. Finhere, deleyed by bad weather, arroved to relieve him. One by one, all that the critical list, chough some were extill sick.

high salt level in the bodies of six babies to be the almost certain cause of their deaths, the hospital's officials tried to figure out how the accident happened. Mrs. Lillie Mae Colvin, 20, a Negro practical nurse, mother of three and pregnant, had filled the formula room's canister on Tuesday. She did this from one of two identical 20-gal, galvanized cans standing side by side in the kitchen, their lids marked with stick-on labels that said "sugar" and "salt" (the salt label was torn). Mrs. Colvin was sure she had filled the canister from the can labeled sugar-but this might have contained salt, perhaps because the lids had been accidentally switched.

Bomb Threats, Binghamton General is owned by the city, and under the law in New York (unlike many states) can be have standard rules that salt and sugar must not be kept on the same shelf or in similar containers. Binghamton belatedly adopted similar rules, and state officials decided to make them mandatory.

Recovery from Cancer

Of the two men who worked most closely on the nuclear chain reactions that made the atomic bomb possible, one. Enrice Fermi (side of cancer, In 1959) the other Leo Scillard, went to his ductors with the control of th

What wrought the change in Szilard's case was a four-week series of treatments with 2,000,000-vol V rays at Manhattan's Memorial Hospital. His convalescence was supervised, as is the current care while he lives at a Washington hotel, by his personal physician. Dr. Gertrud Weiss—who is also his wife. With the same realism that he showed when his prospects

It has the same caloric value as costlier devertuse, which many doctors prescribe. Devtross they contend, is better assimilated; being a powder, it is less likely to be confused with salt.

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were poorest. Dr. Szilard now says: "I have not been in a hospital since I left Memorial. But I don't want to mislead people into thinking I am cured, because I do not know if I am. There is no telling how long I will be well."

Or patients with cancer of Szilard's type who get similar treatment, 5% live for five years. Doctors are trying to perfect ways of making recoveries like his the rule rather than the exception.

Britain v. Cigarettes

Last week for the first time the government of a major ration took strong, official action to discourage its citizen from sunking citarettes. Acting these from sunking citarettes acting on evitareties of the citareties of the Bertain's Ministries of Health and Education began sending out circulars putting their singorff behind a report by a ninean committee of the pressionals. Royal done no new scientific work, but it spent almost three vears evaluating existing statistical and medical data. Its unqualfied conclusion." "Cigarette sunking is a

Health Minister J. Enach Powell told Parliament: "This report demonstrates authoritatively and crushingly the causal connection between smoking and lung cancer." He agreed to carry out the Royal Colleges - recommendation that 'general discouragement of smoking, particularly by young people, is necessary." And he promised to consider other measures urged by the Royal College, which would

▶ Keep children from buying tobacco products, restrict tobacco advertising, and

▶ Boost the tax on cigarettes—already 16c on average brands selling for 63c a pack—and reduce it on less harmful cigars

and pipe tobacco.

Try anti-smoking clinics for those who trad it hard to quit.

SCIENCE

Exploring the Far Frontier

Half buried under a thick shell of earth and concrete in Cambridge, Mass., a great ring-shaped machine went into operation last week, humming softly while green lines measuring its power drifted across the face of an oscilloscope. Called the Cambridge Electron Accelerator, the machine cost \$12 million (paid by the Atomic Energy Commission), is 236 ft, in diameter, and consumes enough electricity at full power to operate 40 medium-sized will never freshen sea water cure cancer or solve any other specific problem of appli'd science. But in the hands of Harvard and M.I.T. scientists, it will probe far beyond the frontier of present physical knowledge. No one knows what waits to be found in this dark region, but physicists are sure it is packed with wonderful secrets. Full knowledge of why energy sometimes "condenses" to form matter civilization as much as the discovery of electricity.

scientists have long used hithenengy protons (fundamental) particles that form the marfer of hydrogen attorns as tools to explore the server intends of martier. Two explore the server intends of martier. Two National Laboratory, Long Island, the other near General, switzerland, spew out protons with 30 billion electron-volts of energy. Yet in some ways protons are energy. Yet in some ways protons are energy. Yet in some ways protons are energy, and the server in the server in the stable experiments, electrons trunch higher energitive particles of electricities of energy. The Cambridge accelerator is designed to like that problem. Round & Round. The scientist's show that's of electrons into the accelerator at close to 185,000 miles per second, which is the speed of light, ultimate speed limit in the universe. Pushing them harder and harder does not make electrons, so, on much faster, Instead they get heavier, turning energy into mass according to Einstein's famous equation, E=mer'. In the Cambridge accelerator, the electrons eet most involved and have enough energy to seight 1,000 times as much as when the were entitles.

Growing these fattened electrons is no ator's vacuum-ring in bunches of about too billion, already moving at close to the speed of light and carrying 25 million electron-volts of energy. If left to their own devices, they would move in straight lines, soon hitting the ring's outside wall, But the ring is surrounded by magnets When each bunch of electrons enters the magnetism is just strong enough to make them move in a circle, keeping away from the ring's walls. Round and round they go, picking up energy from 16 electrically charged "cavities" arranged around the ring. The added energy makes them heavier and harder to deflect, so each time they make the circuit the magnets must grow stronger to hold them on course.

Another difficulty is the electron's habit of losing much of the energy that is stuffed into them. When electrons move in a magnetic field, they turn some of their energy into "synchrotron radiation' that shoots off like mud slinging off a wheel. The more energy they have, the been fattened to about 1 billion electrons could be a supposed to the shoots of the supposed to the shoots of the sh







Everything that cuts gets dull. A "safety bladedulls in adv, electric shavers in about 9 months or so-despite advertising claims to the contrary, if you own a fonson CFL Mark II, or "300", however, you can keep it sharp as new with Ronson 5 (Link-Change Kit (replaceable shaving screen and multi-thank of the contrary than the contrary that the contrary



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RONSON QUICK-CHANGE KIT



WHY WALL STREET JOURNAL READERS LIVE BETTER

By a Subscriber

I work in a large city. Over a period lournal because they have more money,

I started asking discreet questions, I found that men who are well off have to have the information in The Journal, And average fellows like me can win

This story is typical. The Journal is a wonderful aid to men making 87,500 to 830,000 a year. To assure speedy de-

BEV, they radiate the more powerful ulenergy in one trip around the ring. A time will come when no amount of energy stuffed into the electrons can exceed the is about 6 BEV, which M.I.T. Professor M. Stanley Livingston, chief designer of the Cambridge accelerator, thinks will be

Probing the Unknown. Dr. Livingdent with Nobel Prizewinner Ernest Lawrence to invent the first cyclotron, in 1930, points out that while the Cambridge energy of the 30-BEV proton accelerator at Brookhaven, it has important special very small compared with protons, they They generate beams of enormously nowcan be used to explore matter. The same other material particles perhaps into

Missile Whistle

The range safety officers at Cape Canaveral and other U.S. missile centers and there is no need to press the "destruct" button that sends a special radio signal racing after an errant missile and suddenly the destruct system is activated, odds against such a mishan are small, but tended signal perhaps from a badly adlaunching pad.

Last week Raytheon Co. announced a "command receiver," also irreverently called "the missile whistle," designed to avoid any possibility of such a mistake. the missile whistle contains five electronic filters that make it deaf to everything on narrow frequency bands. The most complex electronic habble sounds like gadget, but when the five-part signal comes, it picks it out of the racket and obeys its command. The five frequencies can be varied, giving millions of combinaif necessary, its own drop-dead signal,

Is Gravity Weakening?

Elephants may never fly, but they may distant day. Though scientists generally assume that gravitation is as unchanging as any of nature's absolute laws. Physics Professor Robert H. Dicke of Princeton has a different theory. A firm believer in



WALT DISNEY'S DUMBO

By his guess, the force of gravitation is was formed 41 billion years ago.

lieves that a practical test of the theory ready accurate to one part in 1010 (one ferent, it will mean, says Dr. Dicke, that

ordinary gravitational clock, such as a clock with a pendulum. He thinks that an earth satellite can be made to move in such a way that gas drag and light presits period of revolution around the earth governed by gravitational pull.

ing that gravitation itself is weakening, it will bring great changes in many branches tation is what holds the earth together. If it is weakening, the earth must be excracks that were recently found in the ocean floor (Time, Sept. 14, 1959). Gravitation also determines the size of the stars. which are balls of hot gas. If gravitation was stronger in the past, the stars must have been smaller. They were probably brighter, too, because their denser interiors generated more thermonuclear energy than they do now. The sun, a typical star, must have been bright enough a billion years ago to make the surface of the earth much warmer than it is now. Perhans this is why the oldest fossils found in ancient rocks are remains of algae, some of whose modern descendants still thrive in hot water.



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cost-cutting B.F.Goodrich Koroseal vinyl core units. In the picture at the left, the two men are lifting into place

Actually, it's one of the 6,250 Koroseal vinyl core units that make the Rome Kraft Company's new water treat-

Tucked among the hills of Rome, Georgia, the new plant is cleaning waste water from one of the country's largest pulp and paperboard mills and doing it ten times faster and with far less expense than any comparable method

Because crushed rock or stone trickling filter systems require too much land or cost too much they are not practical for many mills. They also require considerable main-

of Rome Kraft, a Mead affiliate, felt they could build an efficient treatment plant, with more square feet of working surface in proportion to area occupied, if they used a plastic in honeycomb form. They tested various plastics and found B.F.Goodrich Koroseal best-in structural strength, ease of installation, resistance to chemicals, and because it requires practically no maintenance. While this plant was designed for pulp and paper waste, the same principle can be applied to other industries or to munici-

This is another example of the many ways B.F.Goodrich people are combining basic materials-plastics, rubber, chemicals, textiles, metals-with imaginative thinking to produce a product that solves a challenging problem. For more information - write the President's Office. The B.F.Goodrich Company, Akron 18, Ohio.





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THE THEATER



DIAHANN CARROLL & RICHARD KILEY IN "No STRINGS

No Heart

No Strings opened on the Ides of March and forzor that old musicomedy snothsaving: beware the book. Librettist Samuel Taylor takes two not very appealing people, has them fall in love for no particular reason, and gives playagoers no

special contents of the conten

Commission de l'acceptance de

To bolster this piffling book, veteran

I amounth Rodicul Rodicule (c. his fashioned a core of romantic witchery—mos hauntingly, The Naveletat Sounds, Doubling as his own lyricist after four decades with the late Lorenz, Hart and Ossa Hammerstein II, Rodicules is less assured more studied than spontaneous, less caught up than carged in his own words.

caught up than cared in his own words, other inco it is internated lover affair. A color line of its internated lover affair. A color line of its internated lover affair. A color line of a micropian affair and a micropian affair and internated cared to an internate affair and a micropian affair and a construction. The fair affair affair

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MUSIC

The Singing Greeks

When he was 14, Playsvright Thoration Wilder knew his life's ambition. He wanted to be a composer of operas. He never unite made it, but to years later, at 64, the operation of the composer of operation of the composer o

The composer is Louise Talma, 52, 6 to longiture teacher of composition at New York City. Hunter Collect, who is well varied to the control of the Collect o

Wilder set to work on a libretto, keeping one principle in mind: "When you're writing a libretto the first thing to pay strention to is open vowels. Listen to those vowels in Measure for Measure, Fake, O take those lips away—but the art has almost died out." Wilder reviewed the art so successfully that Talma did not



have to ask him to make a single change was sometimes reminiscent of Stravinsk

in the free-yese dialogue. She did, however, have to prune the German version of the libretto prepared for the Frankfurt Opera by Translator Herberth Herlitschka. Among the original Wilder lines that Talma particularly admired for their singable quality: "Send me the sign I have waited for Call me call me."

The Alecstiad is Wilder's retelling of the Greek legend of Alecstis, whose devotion to her husband caused her to offer her life for his, Talma's score, which frequently employed the twelve-tone row was aglow with curving lyric lines but avoided any hint of romantic lushness. was sometimes reminiscent of Stravinsky. The lightly modern music at no point obscured the text, at many points sharply illuminated it, as in a moving second-act farewell duet of Alcestis twell sung by Suprano Inge Borkh's and Admetus.

At opera's end, bespectacled Composer Talma took her bows while the audience shouted. "Louise." Though it came as no shook to an audience accustomed to Bere, and Henze, the score nevertheless surprised and delighted some listeners who had not expected, in the words of use German critic to find "an American lady of Miss Talma's generation writing music more modern than Hindenith."

Recent Records: Popular -

IFENIF R LOEWE & CHEVALUE MC.M. (Co.o.) who can be called a good we take a journey to the moon." and ageless f.y. Boulevardire Mourice Chevaluer is off on as appealing a vocal flight as his admirers could hope to hear. The album's title notwithstanding. Chevaluer's stylish approximations of Rose to Hundlew Woman, On the Street Where You Live. I Still Nov Elisa have mothing to do with Lerner and Lower.

spin. A honey of a partnership. Doris has just the right baby-blue style to complement Previn's elegantly simple arrangements, and the material is right for both of them: Close Fore Eyes, Vobody's Heart, My One and Only Love.

RICHARD RODGESS. VICTORY AT 15M. VOL 13 [ReA VICTORY AT 15M. VOL 13 [ReA VICTORY]. Out of Rodgers' apparently indestructible sorce. Orchestrator Robert Rossell Bennett has due enough material to add a third phenomenally selling about to this phenomenally selling about the third phenomenally selling about the third phenomenally selling about the state wants, and the addition authoritic faither sounds, and the addition of authoritic faither sounds, and the addition of authoritic faither sounds, and the addition of the sounds and the sounds of the sounds of the sounds of the sounds. The sounds of the

ARLENE EDWARDS (RCA Victor). Another offering by the husband-and-wife team that a few years back jolted music

lovers with their riotously off-key assaults on perfectly innocent tunes. By now, even their detractors must know that the credit lebons to Orchestra Leader Paul Weston on piano and his wife. Singer Jo Stafford. Their fans will find them as cunningly awful as ever

HEARTY AND ISSISTED.

Stoches and Joanny Modern Cod mbios. The Irish revolutionaries who now campaign on the mightclub circuit launch with characteristic gusto into the fulk favorites of the pubs. In the quartet's prepertory are love songs, drinking songs (Il blinkey, Fourier the Devid) and a few broad digs at Mother England.

BRAZEN BRAIN
From a parent and or contestral social
Mood music played by an orchestra so
artfully fragmented in the studio and reassembled that a listener with a mind to
can believe he is sitting among the first
violins. Mostly for audio addicts.

FOCUS [Sum Gestr Varea] For reasons obscure, jazz musicians these days have a yen to go classical. This latest attempted fusion of longhair and brusheut involves seven pieces for string ensemble by Composer-Arranger Eddle Sutter against which Saxophonist Getz pins his softly twining improvisations. The string pieces are in fact little more than an assortment of film-style clicks, but Getz's soloss.

soaring, tumbling and melting—are worth the price of the album. VE II UP! (Johnny Moths: Columb :

Crooner Mathis, who seems to have laundered much of the teary quaver out of his voice gives expert and exulberant treatment to some smart and fairly fresh patter—Ace in the Hole, On a Cold and Rainy Day, Why Not.

THE HON MEPS (ONIGH) IT TO REAL YEAR OF THE HONOR OF THE

DPHISTICATED (LADY LIGHE Lond perty) No singer in the business conveys quite the same impression of breathing down a listener's neck, an effect tolerable in strictly limited quantities. Songstress London is at her best fogging out Beseitched and Yorker Blasci.

This stuff value is the value of the 'sos and early '40s, taken from recordings of the period, suggests that he came to his true calling late: the man was always a comedian. With that marshmallow voice and paralyzed delivery, he embalms the likes of The Whilenpoot Song and Heigh He. Exembles Merkel Use.



Information is snowballing

IBW

to cope with the great volume of information that is piling up in science and business today.

One recent IBM, development is a computer system that acts as an electronic traffic director for information. From the flood of reports, articles and books received by an arganization, the new system selects and routes information to people according to their specific interests and needs.

In another area, IBM has developed a prototype information system that can store millions of document pages, yet is able to find and deliver a copy of any page within seconds. IBM scientists are also investigating new techniques for abstracting and indexing technical articles automatically.

New information-handling systems like these from IBM are urgently needed if scientists and businessmen are to make the best use of man's vast and growing store of information.

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Division of Borg-Warner . . . each office can be kept as arctic or tropical as the individual occupant wishes. No more problems of temperature (and temper)! One valve admits the exact amount of chilled or hot water in each room-unit, automatically and instantly. No mixing of both temperatures, no waste of heating-cooling energy, no need for zoning and additional ductwork. Result: lower operating cost. Among the many buildings now installing this remarkable Yorkaire System is New York's new Hilton Hotel (largest in Manhattan) and the huge Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company building on Park

Avenue. And here is further proof that if Comfort were packaged, the label would read: "A product of Borg-Warner."

The 7 Hats of Borg-Warner are (from the top, left to right) national defense; oil, steel and chemicals; agriculture; industrial machinery; aviation; automotive; home equipment. Their benefits are with you everywhere,



Better products through creative research and engineering o 1962, 8-W Corp.

EDUCATION

Renaissance in Nashville

When Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt blessed the hishops of the Southern Methodist Episcopal Church with 81 cooco to build a university in Nashville 80 years ago, he set a style in largesse that has lingered on the campus ever since. Last week Vanderbilt University's current fund drive was close to its 850 million goal. drive was close to its 850 million goal, as well on the road to a remissance. A new magdanale for women is already

A new quadrangle for women is already under way. A ten-story tower and a hospital will be added to the Medical Center.



VANDERBILTSO AT VANDERBILL

Behind it, a \$4,000,000 science center will go up, and down the way, a \$1,250,000 faw building. A graduate school of business and an expanded engineering program will bring more students and the faculty will be enlarged. "I want Vanderbilt to be a great American university, not just a fine. Southern university," says Chanceller Harvie Branssomh.

Poets & Players, When Andrew Carmerie offered the medical school \$1,000,000 in 1913, the Methodist hishops sensed an impending loss of control and vetwode the gift. The school's Board of Trust won independence in the Tennessee Supreme Court, settled down in the spirit of uncrowded excellence that Vanderbitt had attained. The first of poetry's Fugitives?

2 Under a statue of the Commodore, Mike Vanderbilt (center) and Chancellor Branscomb (right)

† Among them John Crowe Ransom, Robert Penn Warren, Allen Tate, Merrill Moore, arrived in 1615, and with the '20s came Vanderbilt's glorious but short reign as a football power. Then, for nearly two decades, the school lapsed into quiet ease.

Chancellor Brain-comb took over in top 6. He put in nine years of dealing with the cliquish. 44-man board, and then persuaded Hrards S. "Milet". Standers knowled with the cliquish of the person of the combined back to the role that his great-grandfather had charted for it—strengthener of ties. The tween all sections of our common countries of the combined by the combined of the bloard, and he took the job seriously; in private airplanes, he flies into Nashville once a month from homes in New York. Paim Beach and Muncfule Brancom for

A Gusty Leader. The student body of 1261 is well above the national average in scholastic archievement; and Branscomb has helped by minimizing frills such as football and fratternities. Tuition has risen \$200 since 1552 to the present \$1,000 a year. More than half the students come to Audrefulf from outside Termessee, but if transient and the students come to reserve the such as the such as the such as the server of the such as the such as the such as the server of the such as the such as the such as the server of the such as the such as the such as the server of the such as the such as the such as the server of the such as the such as the such as the server of the such as the such

common to suny dome, common to suny dome, common to suny dome, common support of the com

The Vanderhilt alumnus' willingness to get in three and give was matched all over the U.S., on a higger scale than ever last year, says the annual report put out by year, says the annual report put out by Manhattan's John Price Jones Co., an or-ganizer of fund-raising drives. Compared with 1966, says Jones, gifts at 50 leading campuses rose last year by a fetty 25%. The 50 schools raised a record \$4.40 million, of which individual donors gave \$47', tousness 11% 1. The top beneficiaries.

ale arvard	1960 \$16,112,000 37,519,000 18,440,000	\$42,2 40,3 23,4
olumbia	17,791,000	20,4
nicago	12,283,000	19,1
alifornia	13,269,000	15,6
rinceton	15,545,000	15,6
Y.U.	11,196,000	15,3
ornell	14,658,000	15,3

HISTOCIC



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How to create engineering drawings in perfect register has always been a most troublesome task. Dietzgen tackled the problem and solved it by developing a report drafting intermediate having a no-print emulsion. The basic drawing is reproduced on this intermediate and the draftsman add new elements using the no-print image of the basic drawing as a registration guide, newly drawn elements ... and in perfect register with the original drawing.

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MODERN LIVING

THE MARKETPLACE

The Big, Economy-Size Pockage
Sumeune was in the kitchen with Dinah
and Mary and Polly and all other
housewives last week. It was President
John Fitzgerald Kennedy, and like, the
song says, he was strummin on the of
longio. The lyries had a certain down-tosong says he was strummin on the of
longio. The lyries had a certain down-tothe kind, usually played on that hig organ
at convention time. Phrased as a message
to Congress. Kennedy, catalogued all the
complaints about modern life he could
hink of and then promised to fix them all

"Many of the new products used every day in the home are highly complex." observed the President of the U.S. "The housewife is called upon to be an amateur electrician, mechanic, chemist, toxicologist, dietician and mathematician—but she is rarely furnished the information she needs to userform these tasks proficiently."

Cosmética & Interest. So sayine, the President toda c ranck at Madiosn Avenue, Washington's favorite whipping hoy. The consumer's choice of products, said he is influenced by mass advertising in the construction of the constru

If granted, the new measures. Kennedy asked for would create a sort of federal Better Business. Bureau to protect even those consumers who long ago gave up trying to beware what they buy. Rems:

b'Drug and cosmetic manufacturers should be required to prove that their new houses should set liter products by "simple, common names." disclose more information about them to physicians.

▶ Federal meat inspection should be limadened to cover intrastate products.
▶ Congress should require lenders and vendors to tell credit customers exactly how much they are being charged for interest. One study showed that buyers of tweed cars paid interest charges averaging 25%-and more: "yet very few were aware of how much they were actually paying.

▶ The Federal Communications Commission should be unbrighted by rescribe that new television sets be equipped to receive both CHF (utlan-lish-frequency) and VHF (very-high)-frequency) signals—and its obviously impired by FCC Chairman Neuton Minow. Most sets receive only the twelve-channel VHF stations. CHF can deliver as many as 70 channels, and Minows's argument is that more channels will encourage development of more edds will encourage development of more edd. PC Companing lyanning mercers should be required to give reasonable advance public notice to protect stockholders and

thers who might feel adversely affected

All of Us. Kennedy added that he would recommend plans to protect consumers from packaging that is trauddlent and misteading. Frequently, he said, a different brands packed in odd sizes, "or of the same hrand in large, giant, kines-size or jumbo packages, And he may not realize that changes in the customary size or shape of the package may account protection and the package may account protection and the package may account protection are collected by the package may account promotions are often not real-sized.

"Consumers," said Kennedy with sincere obviousness, "include us all." Their voices are not always as "loudly heard in Washington as the voices of smaller and gets its picture in the papers, filled out this time by Jackie herself.

The workroom belongs to two sprightly grandes dames who are known collectively as Chez Ninon, a small and very expensive dress salon that was costly and evclusive long before it became famous as one of Mrs. Kennedy's favorite dress shops. The only difference now is that Proprietresses Nona McAdoo Park and Sophie Meldrim Shonnard, who would be wows in Auntie Mame, are so pleased to have Jackie's business that they flutter and worry that too much public notice will drive Mrs. Kennedy away. There is little chance of that: Chez Ninon has just what Mrs. Kennedy likes: custom-made copies of the best of Paris

Desperation & Success. Nona and Sophie got into the dress business in 1928, the year before Jackie was born. Sophie's



CHEZ NINON
What Jackie wants, Jackie gets.

better-organized groups . . . We share an obligation to protect the common interest in every decision we make."

With that, he put his economy-size package at the door of Congress. It contained a siren song the words of which would probably be forgotten, but the melody would linger on.

FASHION

Sophie & Nona

In the back room of a suje in a Park Avenue office building stands a fuzur that looks just like Jarqueline Kennedy. More perciely, it looks like Jackie only in the sense that whatever fits the fuzur also its sense that whatever fits the fuzur also its Jackie's own Jadohin a dressmaker's dummy that has all of her dimensions. To this dumny, whenever the call comes through, flock buy seamstresses with costly fabrics and a sense of deflication and that it hat is not often seen, say, at quilting bees. They and when they are all limithed, the result father was a prominent Judge in Savanunh Ga; her first husband was Edward Ted i Coy Yale io, an All-America full lack, Nona, as the daughter of William Gibbs McAdoo, U.S. Secretary of the Tensary under William, was once funous as "the Cabinet heavity." One day, "say Sonthe," Nona called ine ou. Her husband had died recently, she said. "In obsparite, Well, in those days women didn't work and we didn't know what to do with oursieves. We thought of a dress shop."

Serves, We thought of a dress snot).

After the war. Firth Avenue's Inority countries to the custom-order salon; with their family countries of the custom-order salon; with their family connections and friends in New York and Washington, Nona and Sophie found it easy to build a clientlee. It was at Bonwit's in the early 'so; that the wife of Senator Jack Kennedy began holying some of their clothes. Two years ago, they moved out to a life of the source of their clothes. Two years ago, they moved out to a life of the source of the

The pure corn oil in Mazola Margarine

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Most of the corn oil in other margarines is hydrogenated. That's a process that increases their saturated fat . . . and destroys important corn oil benefits.

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Try light, golden delicious Mazola Margarine . . . you'll get the full benefit of pure liquid corn oil in Mazola Margarine.

MOVES TO WIN THE MATCH GAME

Arrange sixteen matches in four rows: Each player in turn can pick up any number of match from one row only. Player who picks up last match loses.

EXAMPLE

SECRET To win, B picks up enough motches to leave opponent one of the following combinations in four rows, 7-5-31, 7-42-1, 6-5-21, 6-4-31, 5-5-11, 4-4-11, 3-3-11, 2-2-11; in three rows, 6-5-3, 6-4-2, 5-4-1, 3-24, 1-1-1; in two rows, 5-5, 4-4, 3-3, 2-2; in one row I. st Chagming 1/2 Dentere.

Charles Wrightsman, Mrs. Douglas Dillon and Mrs. John Sherman Cooper.

Good Sport. To sait them. Nona and Sophie still go to Paris twice a year. On their last trip a few weeks ago, they bought "a little of each," says Sophie. "Some customers adore Larwin. Others ike Xina Recional Cardin, Givenchy and Balenciaga." After ordering the originals, the laddles buy fabrics, buttons and other necessary materials. Back at the workshop, their customs seamstresses make up duplicates, and Chex Ninon amountes a control of the contro

Sults start at S860 and go up; gowns can en into the binousards. If a customer orders a dress or a suit that has already been lought by another. Mona and Suphie mention the fact. If the customer still wants it and if the earlier buyer is Jackie, she nearly always does; she can have it, work and subjust still cutek with disruy about the time last fall when Mrs. Faley a woman who should know better, stepp a woman who should know better, stepp a woman who should know better, stepp the proper should be subjusted to the start of the star

GAMES

Two on a Match

Early in the murky part of the Early in the murky part of Deformed of Trust. Murch for courses a seen in which the cadaverous. "Y invites the importunate "M" to play a little game of mutcheides. Wit insouchant deliferation "X" lays out if matches in four rows on the seen of the seen of the mutches of the seen of the

Last week the Marienhad game was

popping up at cocktail parties (with colored toothpicks), on commuter trainst with paper matches), in offices (paper clips) and in hars (with swizzle sticks). Only two can play, but any number can kibitz and everyone, it seems, has a system for dualicating "XS" talent for winning.

Actually the Marienhald match game is a variation of one of the most ancient of all two-person mathematical divertises ments, Originating in China around 200 B₂C., it was given the name Nim by Harvard Mathematician Christe Leonard Bouton, who found, in 1001, that a strategy using move cumbinations based on binary numbers would make anyone a winner. All the successful players has to do winner. All the successful players has to do

In fact. Nim's more of a trap than a game. The campy con man, with all the possible combinations locked in his bead, regressly allows his victim to go first expected to the combination itself. (25.54) is a winning combination itself, whoever tampers with it (Ex., the player who makes the first move is adounced for the player with the control of the c

Many players have developed even simpler, if less Golimon systems of their own, based either on hunches or intuition, the infinite Min player moves, swiftly to me infinite Min player moves, swiftly to make the analysis of the second of the many of the second of the se



Science helps build a new India

Oxen working the fields... the eternal river Ganges... jeweled elephants on parade. Today these symbols of ancient India exist side by side with a new sight—modern industry. India has developed bold new plans to build its economy and bring the promise of a bright future to its more than 400,000,000 people. But India needs the technical knowledge of the western world. For example, working with Indian engineers and technicians, Union Carbide recently made available its vast scientific resources to help build a major chemicals and plastics plant near Bombay. b Throughout the free world, Union Carbide has been actively engaged in building plants for the manufacture of chemicals, plastics, carbons, gases, and metals. The people of Union Carbide welcome the opportunity to use their knowledge and skills in partnership with the citizens of so many great countries.

A HAND IN THINGS TO COME

UNION

62 CHEVROLET JOBMASTER TRUCKS





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One reason for this margin is that we have sold more trucks—evisince 1937. Quality relief sell them . . . and keeps them with real. You can see gast's whenever year last man 192 Count by 1928.

The cab roof, for example, is made of two sheets of metal instead of one. In between we sandwich a layer of asphalt-impregnated felt for insulation. Deurs and side panels are double-wall construction also to keep them in good shape longer.

So is the tailgate. When you lower it you've got two strong steel chains to

ARE BUILT TO KEEP WORKING AND



support it so it will not sag. The chains are wrapped in tough rubber casing so they will not rattle or mar the paint.

We suspend the front wheels independently. This lets them fight

road shock better for less wear on truck, load and driver. Chevrolet quality truck engines, of course, are famous for their dependability. They have worked more miles than any others.

So whatever you need—pickup, van, panel, stake, tandem, carryall, front engine, rear engine, anything from ½-ton to 18-ton GVW—see your Chevrolet dealer for quality and invest wisely. . . . Chevrolet Division of General Motors, Detroit 2, Michigan.

WORKING AND **WORKING AND** WORKING AND WORKING AND ORKING AND RKING AND **WORKING AND** ORKING AN WORKING A WORKING AN VORKING AN WORKING AN ORKING !!!!

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So good...even the rocks taste better



Something wonderful happens to drinks made with Old Taylor 86. The mellowness works wonders for a Manhattan—makes even the "rocks" taste better in a highball. Old Taylor 86, the Kentucky bourbon bottled at the peak of perfection.

CINEMA

Birth of a Dark Hope

Through a Gloss Dortly [Soems firm dustry: Jonal; is one of the best and certainly the ripest of Ingmar Bergman's recruitmes. Affin as subtle as Iffed Strate-herries but solider in substance—the first film in which Bergman creates a hero who can love and characters for whom the speciator cannot help but care. "The other pictures. I have made," says Bergman. Passe been only cityled in the speciator cannot be gloss a speciator cannot be gloss a speciator cannot be gloss. The speciator cannot be gloss to the speciator cannot

mere extension of the control of the

As the young woman watches her father sacrifice his son's happiness to his artistic ambitions, as once he sacrificed hers, she is plunged into depression-the snake swallows her up. She hears voices that force her to give the lonely, unhappy boy the love his father refuses. She also gives him the lust she cannot give her husband. When the seizure passes, she sees that the experience has almost destroyed her brother; appalled by the power of darkness in her life, she longs for salvation. Voices lure her into "another world. promising that there she will see God. All at once, in her mind's delirious eye, she does see God. He is an enormous spider. She is carried off to a madhouse.

Horror cracks the armor of unfeeling that encloses the father's heart. In accepting his guilt for his daughter's destruction, he finds his humanity. He turns to his suffering son and comforts him. Out of the depths, in wonder and gratitude, the boy cries as the film ends. "Eather talked to me."

The moment—in fact the whole film is charged with a simple, sincer feeling that has seldom before been noticeable in Bermanis movies. Bermanis new capacity to touch the heart is not a large capacity, not a teeming oceanic love of all mankind. But it is enough to melt the ice in his irony and to lend his humor a kindly glow. It also pumps some wall blood into his characters, and the warmth has relaxed and inspired his actors: sel-manifest and the sample of the company of the company

At every point, moreover, the actors are supported by Bergman's impressive cinematic skill. His script is a marvel of elision, speaking most eloquently in what it does not say. His photography is both the film the still light of subarctic summer silently instills an aspect of eternity, a sense of the presence of God. But as always. Bergman's interest centers in his metaphysical insights. In Through a Glass Darkly he proposes one of the most dreadful and most significant symbols he has ever imagined: the Spider God. Many moviegoers will find this deity depressing, But to Bergman it represents an abysmal Incarnation, the birth of a dark hope.

The Horsemen Get a Ford The Four Horsemen of the Apoca-

lypse (M.G.M.), in the famous silent version of 1921, looks pretty silly today—partly because of the story, a piece of green in the tech romanticism by Spatin's of Rudoliph Valentino, an actor who expressed passion by bulging his eyeballs and moudily wagging his whipstock. Undustred M.G.A.M decided to risk a re-banted M.G.A.M.M. decided to risk a re-banted to risk a re-banted M.G.A.M. decided to risk a re-banted M.G.A.M. dec



THULIN & FORD IN "APOCALYPSI

Thulin, Charles Boyer, Lee J. Cobb. Paul Lukas. Yvette Mimieux. Karl Boehm Paul Henreid and a \$6,000,000 budget the new production manages in several respects to be even sillier than the old.

Producer Iulian Blaustein has translat ed his tale from World War I to World War II, but too often he retains a dated atmosphere of glamour-by-gaslight. Hero Ford, a playboy from Argentina, falls pampassionately in love with Heroine Thulin, a Parisienne married to a patriotic editor. When the editor joins the Resistance the hero realizes his duty and secretly does the same. Unaware of his decision, the heroine decides that he is merely a lightweight, and goes back to her husband. At the fade, while the violins soar among the bomb bursts, the poor misunderstood playboy dies heroically in an attempt to weaken the Wehrmacht's defenses in Normandy.

The tale is trite, the script clumy, and the camera work grossly falsed. Though the lowers wander all over Paris, the Cahella of Note Paris, the Cahella of Note Paris, the Cahella of Note Paris, the Cahella of Paris of

Of the actors, only Boyer, who playthe hero's father, shows any style. Hero Ford portrays his Argentine as a sort of Fisk Tire Baby with sideburns, but in one seene his performance does achieve a certain breadth. During a colossal CinemaScope closeup, according to an excited M-G-M press release, his eyes are darn near 65 ft. apart.



PASSGARD & ANDERSSON IN "GLASS"

SHAVING HURTS

with sensitive DRY SKIN!

Skin doctors have the answer!

Two men in five agree: shaving makes their skin razor-raw! Skin doctors say, your skin can go dry. That means those tiny oil glands next to every whisker don't feed enough oil into your skin. Without that oil, blades scraping skin cause friction that can burn, chafe, hurt! Answer: replace that skin oil for more shaving comfort!

2 men in 5 need afta Only Afta among all aftershave lo-

and get rid of those shaving irritations!



SPORT



CHAMPION PATTERSON & CHALLENGER LISTON AT THE SIGNING Just like a cowboy movie.

The Bad Guy

There was trank animal hatrod in the obsidiant veys. The harried champion felt it. He studdered involuntarity and looked away. On his clear, vivilects of sweat sparkled in the harsh flare of unbed this per sparkled in the harsh flare of unbed flights. Patterdly, coldly, the massive-shuddlered challenger stakked his pery shuddlered challenger stakked his pery densing his circles tighter and higher, un-topes, A budding left to the belly done bed up the champion, shunder left to the head made him drop his gloves. The challenger strang his right

This is the dream of Charles ("Sonny") with shadows hoodlums, lawyers, judges. cops commissioners pugs, promoters priests. Senators and sportswriters. It is a fragile dream. But there is a chance of its coming true. Last week the terms of the contract were agreed on (55% for the champion, 123% for the challenger; and the promotional drums were booming for what promised to be the richest bout in boxing history. This summer, probably in June at New York's Yankee Stadium Sonny Liston will fight Floyd Patterson for the heavyweight championship of the world, and the total gate receipts are (largely because of TV rights).

A Grant & a Cliek. Challeneer Liste is the most controversils finer to fine the for the heavyweight championship sine Jack effal Arthur? Johnson, the first of the great Vegor champions and a man whose controversils of the controversils of t

a total of three years in prison. His underworld connections are notorious: Iworked as a head-knocking labor goon for St. Louis Hoodlum John Vitale, and his boxing career was supervised by stoogs of Ganglord Frankic Carbo.

To police in St. Louis. Láston is an incorrigible roundbeaker. "He's a bad man." asys. Detective Sergeant James Reddick. "He hanse out with a bunch of does. To his onetime co-maturer. Mon To his onetime co-maturer. Mon Law and the state of the state of the state ward in the New York Dails Veres: "The world has too many hoodimss in high phere as it is. "Ver to the Rev. Edward Part of the New Law and the state of the

The fashionable explanation for criminal acts is a troubled childhood. Liston's was all of that. One of 25 children born to an Arkansas cotton farmer and his two wives. Sonny has hated authority as long as he can remember. 'I caught a whupping from my father every day. If he ask. 'Why didn't you whup me?' " His mother walked out and went to St. Louis. At twelve, Sonny ran away to join her. "She put me in school," says Liston, "but I was much bigger than the other kids and I didn't stay long, I started fighting, and I started playing hooky, and one thing led to another. I wound up in the house of detention." The original charge was breaking and entering, but Liston soon graduated to grander crime, served two years in the state prison at Jefferson City, Mo., for a series of restaurant robberies. There Liston met a chaplain who interested him in boxing. He memorized helpful hints from Joe Louis' My Life Story (sample: "Never jab at your target; always try to jab through it"), soon was prison champion, emerged to win the intercity Golden Gloves heavyweight championship in 1953.

What Counts, "A boxing match is

like a cowboy movie," says Liston.
"There's got to be good guys, and there's
got to be had guys. That's what people
pay for," Liston is a certified bad guy,
but when he squares off against. Patterson
in June, only one thing will count: How
well can be fight?

Judging from his record—33 wins, one loss, 23 knockouts—Sonny Liston can take care of himself in the ring. But he is unlikely to terrify Patterson. With only two exceptions (Tommy Jackson in 1956). Ingenar Johansson in 1959) Patterson has knocked out every man he has faced in the past seven wears.

The Fastest Human

The track barriers that once seemed as formitable as the Great Wall of China are crumbling like castles in the sand. In a single season indoors, U.S. atthetes have produced a r6-ft, pole vault, a 64-ft, shottrackmen started moving from indoor trackmen started moving from indoor Francis Joseph budd, 22, prepared an assault on the sturiles harrier of all; y sex, for the 100-yd, dash.

Morandino by Merr, Budt has al-Morandino by Brog. Budt has almorated by Mel Patton in 1938. He is mark set by Mel Patton in 1938. He is certain that he is just beginning to test his real speed. At the LC₂a-k, induor meet in Manhattan recently, he clocked a record-rying 6 sec, that for the difficult for the difficult of the same day. On the series desense day. Outbooks at the longer distance.



Sprinter Bubb Speed seemed a gift.

The wonder is that he sprints at all. As a child in Asbury Park, N.J., he was his right calf two inches thinner than his left. But his mother knew how to make an athlete, "Frank was just like a scrawny chicken," she says, "He was always getting awful colds. I tried everything. I massaged his legs with triple-distilled alcohol, triple-distilled witch hazel and imported Italian olive oil, I mixed up goose grease, mutton suet, nutmeg and camphorated oil, and rubbed it on his chest," Well-marinated by the time he got to high school. Budd captained his basketball team, played halfback in football, even then ran the 100 in 9.6 sec. When it came time for college, he had his choice of scholarships for football (Princeton, Navy, Ohio State, Syracuse), baskethall (Muhlenberg) or track (Nebraska, Villanova). His choice: track and Villanova. From Good to Great, At first, Villa-

nova Coach Jim ("Jumbo") Elliott was unimpressed with his new recruit. "He was lazy," says Elliott, "But sprinters are like that. They believe that God gave them their speed and all they have to do is lace up their shoes, comb their hair and run," Not until the 1960 Rome Olympics did Budd realize that work would make noticed, he placed fifth in the 100-meter dash-despite the fact that he was spiked in the foot by fellow U.S. Sprinter Dave his Villanova Teammate Paul Drayton, "he was a good sprinter. When he came back, he was great," A solid 5 ft, 10 in., 172 lbs., Budd ran away from everyone in six straight meets during the 1960-61 indoor season. Outdoors that summer, he and set his sights on still lower times.

The sprinter who could push Budd to the limit is Florida A, & M. Suphomore Robert Hayes, who tied his 9,2-sec, 100yd. record last month. Budd is eager to race. "I know I can beat Hayes's time." he says. "I'm stronger this year, and I'm much faster."

Scoreboard

▶ Totally diseaserating New York Player-Coach Doug Harvey, who was clinging grimly to his right lex. Detroit's Gordie Howe expertly slipped a one-handed shot the south goal of his fo-year career. Still a relatively youthful—and mishiny aggressive—34. Howe needs only 45 more goals to break the National Hockey Leaguescoring record set by Montreal's famed A with National Baskethall Association A set the National Baskethall Association

As the Automa assection Association wound up its requisit season. Philadelphia's incomparable Will c'The Sill agame, insished the season with a faisting agame, insished the season with a faisting the Chamberlain spart points. Another record breaker: the Boston Celtics who took their sists straight Eastern Division champinoship by winning an alltime high of 60 games v. only 20 losses.

UNCHALLENGED TOURNAMENT LEADER FOR THE Titleist has been played by more professionals and amateurs in big-time competition than any other ball



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"RECLINING FIGURE NO. 1" & "WOMAN": VITALITY RATHER THAN BEAUTY

The Rougher Moore The bronze sculptures that moved into

Manhattan's Knoedler Gallery last week hore many of the familiar hallmarks of within other forms like embryos inside similarities aside. Henry Moore's latest sculptures show him much changed since his last Manhattan show in 1954. His surfaces are rougher his figures more is still a logical progression. Moore is such flows naturally from the one before.

Phough Moore takes his cue from nature-primarily from the human figure but also from "natural forms such as hones, shells and pebbles"—he has always perils in the sculptor's art: the temptathe feeling that the artist must pursue some inherited ideal of beauty. What out vitality. Between beauty of expresfirst aims at pleasing the senses; the secis more moving and goes deeper than the

Three-Way Tug. To be true to nature says Moore, the sculptor must probe, not merely reflect. But he must also be true to his materials, for wood, metal and worn by the sea "show nature's way of working stone. Some of the pebbles I pick up have holes right through them." Moore gouges holes in his sculpture to "make

The making of a sculpture becomes a

material and the changing associations of

For the Knoedler show, Moore sent only bronzes, mostly because he has beble than either wood or stone. He has part for the roughness of the surface. The bigger the forms, the bigger the the bigger the marks they leave." But the Figure No. 1 is made up of two craggy tain range. The figure itself becomes part landscape, which is Moore's way of as-

Controlled Environment, Other figures One does the opposite to understand its opposite," he says,

In some pieces Moore is still his old polished self, and the apparent liberties he takes with his forms turn out to be a graceful liberation. But such sculptures rhythm. They are bold, blunt, brutalsometimes even crude. And they raise a are times when the sculptor seems to surrender too much control. It is one thing to show it too much in the raw.

Alliance for Beauty

It seemed to the playwright Seneca that with every passing year the women of Rome were becoming more and more vain, their earrings and other jewelry Senera, "these mad fools of women believe their husbands would not be suffitwo or three chunks of the hereditary delighting in an exhibition of 1,000 Ital-

Professor Carlo Carducci, superintendent of antiquities for Piedmont, got the objects that would highlight one of the

Motifs from Egypt. The earliest items art motits-typically the sphiny-from

In the 4th and 3rd centuries B.C., some of the finest artisans were to be found in the south, especially around Taranto, the head, made 2,500 years ago (the color innocence. The blue bronze hands may have been used to decorate some sort of grace. Of all the collections in the Taranto region, the richest was found in the tomb of a girl who died in Canosa. Among the which was a silver disk showing a soft-

Taste Surrendered, From the workshops of Rome came a shower of rings, earrings, necklaces, brooches, buckles and came garish and showy; and when the barbarians swept away the glory that was Rome, taste made its final surrender to superficial glitter. In the 1,000 objects out as allies, ended as enemies. But rarely of such intimate charm as it did when





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SHOW BUSINESS

EGOS

Melting the Pot

One afternoon last year, a young actor marned Louis Morelli walked into an office in Hollywood. When he walked out, his name was Trac Golon. No one had ever heard of him before, and no one has heard of him since Die he has at least taken his mitter place in an ancient rie of Hollywood of the walked has a least taken his mitter place in the control of the property of the property

Since it is axiomatic in show business that the name is rewritten before the teeth are capped, hundreds of literary types like Willson have, over the years, flung into the air a confetti storm of phony names that have settled lightly but

meaningfully on the American culture. Sothern Lake. The largest group is the Readily Understandables, Issur Danielovitch lacks, well, euphony. So the name was shortened to Kirk Douglas. It is also understandable why Tula Ellice Finklea would want to change her name to Cyd Charisse, Frances Gumm to Judy Garland. Bernie Schwartz to Tony Curtis. Sarah Jane Fulks to Jane Wyman, Emma Motzo to Lizabeth Scott, Judith Tuvim to Judy Holliday, Doris Kappelhoff to Doris Day, Aaron Chwatt to Red Buttons. Zelma Hedrick to Kathryn Grayson, Eunice Ouedens to Eve Arden, Natasha Gurdin to Natalie Wood, Barney Zanville to Dane Clark, and William Beedle to William Holden, England's James Stewart, eclipsed by Hollywood's James Stewart, changed his name to Stewart Granger, Frederick Bickel-rhymes with pickle-changed his name to Fredric March. Frederick Austerlitz was just too hobnailed a surname to weight the light soles of Fred Astaire, Cary Grant, of course, would have been unstoppable with Hitler-even, for that matter, with his own name: Archie Leach.

But the whys start colliding with the wherefores. There is a group, for example, that could be called the Inexplicables. Why would a girl with a graceful name like Harriette Lake want to change it to Ann Sothern? John F. Sullivan could have hardly been afraid of being mistaken for John L. when he changed his name to Fred Allen. The name Edythe Marrener is at least as interesting as Susan Havward. Why change Thelma Ford to Shirley Booth, Jeanette Morrison to Janet Leigh. Patrick Barry to Barry Sullivan. Edward Flanagan to Dennis O'Keefe. Kim Reid to Kim Stanley, Virginia Mc-Math to Ginger Rogers. Julie Wells to Julie Andrews, Helen Beck to Sally Rand. John Hamilton to Sterling Hayden, Diane

Belmont to Lucille Ball, Phyllis Isley to Jennifer Jones?

Tollyho, Actors with plain, pronounceable, American Legion sort of namesyearn for toning up. Ruby Stevens is Indram Sauweyk: Peggs Middleton is Yvanne De Carlor. Norma Jeane Baker Vunne De Carlor. Norma Jeane Baker (ound a little more stature in the name Mary Pickford. On the other hand, emharrassed bluebloods shed their hyphensand thus-declare their essential homeguity with the masses. Reimidd Trancottties with the masses. Reimidd Trancotta Jewish name: Eddie Cantor. But most—from Jerry Lewis to Nathan Birnhaum (George Burns). Emanuel Goldenherz (Edward G. Robinson). Pauline Levy (Paulette Goddard). Rosetta Jacobs (Piper Laurie). and Melvin Hesselberg (Melvyn Douglas)—have preferred the Anglo-Saxon angle.

Many actors sculpt their real names. Ethel Zimmerman elipped off the zim. Vivien Hartley lost her hart. James Baumgarner dropped the haum. Grace Stanfield is now Gracie Fields. Uncle Milite was once Milton Berlinger. One letter made the difference for Dorothy Lambour. First names have a habit of turning into surnames. Benny Kubelsky changed his name







NORMA JEANE BAKER BILL PRATT
Shed before the teeth ore capped.

GLADYS SMITH copped.

He became Ray Milland, Spangler Arlington Brugh denuded himself of all his nominal raiment and emerged as Robert Taylor, Audrey Hepburn-Ruston amputated it neatly,

Some real names are out of character. Roy Rogers was Leonard Slyke. Bloris Karloff could not have frightened a soul as William Henry Pratt. Graps Rose Lee would presumably never do. Other real names seem to be struggling to express themselves. Merry Mickey Rooney was conce Jee Vule Jr. Sam Goldway was Sam Goldina. Shelhey Winters was Shirtly Shaack, Diana Doors was Diana Fluck.

Charming, Chiming, Hollywood stars come from every sort of ethnic and national-origin minority group. Many of them are hitterly vocal about U.S. dethem are hitterly vocal about U.S. destuck by their original names the rough stuck by their original names the rough of the movies. would have done much to soften bias and reduce perjudice. No one would challenge their actions individualbetter as a group, we served themselves

Among actors of Italian and Spanish background, for example Dino Creentic opted to be Dean Martin, Margarita Canson became Risi Hayworth, Anna Maria Sano became Risi Hayworth, Anna Maria Italiano is now Anne Bancroft, Angliciae, ing their names, Anthony Bennett and Giovanni de Simone became Johnny Desnond, Among Jews, Izzy It-Kowitz probably needed to sandpaper that a bit; yet he stayed with

to Jack Benny, Muni Weisenfreund to Paul Muni, Preston Meservey to Robert Preston,

Last names vanish; Arlene Francis Kazanjian, Maybritt Wilkens. Eddle Albert Heimberger. Some stars can't stand their first names. Leslie Hope and Harry Crosby went for a solid Bob and a charming, chiming Bine.

Khon Mon. Lolita Dolores Martinez Asunsolo Lopez Negrette is now Dolores Del Rio, Marion Morrison probably thought his name sounded girlish so he changed it to John Wayne, Douglas Fairbanks was really Douglas Ulman. June Allyson was Ella Geisman. Tasmania's Estelle Merle O'Brien Thompson started her career as Queenie Thompson, outgrew that and became Merle Oberon, Yul Brynner goes around saying that his original name was Taidje Khan Jr. of northeast Asia, but he is probably Alfie Jones of Kansas City. Mo., or something like that. No one has ever been able to pin him down about his background, not even his wives.

Meanwhile. Rip Torn, that bisyllabic symbol of absurdly phony Hollywood names, is really Rip Torn. His father was Rip Torn, 100.

TELEVISION

Deceptive Regulation

The television industry employs something called Broadcast Advertisers Reports, which monitors TV commercials and helps the industry regulate itself. Last week B.A.R. Chairman Phil Edwards



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whole top team can be on its way fast in the roomy Twin-Bonanza. Result: more executive efficiency, more important decisions won, more earnings.

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ERBERG & FIEND Oh. Ve ... Oh, Fujiyama,

turned around and bit the master. His chief complaint: B.A.R. monitors local stations which choke the air with commercials in excess of industry rules. B.A.R. turns in a report. The station ignores it. The National Association of Broadcasters ignores it. The commercials go on, "I suppose we would have realized from the start that nobody would give himself a ticket for speeding," said Ed-

wards, "We will not be privy to a farce." With that, he announced that B.A.R. would no longer undertake to monitor television stations for the industry. Said Edwards: "Self-regulation on an industrywide basis is not only decentive: it is impossible.

MOVIES ABROAD Chicks Boccacciatore

Anita Ekherg is 60 ft, long. She is lying down. On the great thoracic curve of her earth-mother's body there rises a bosom that suggests Vesuvius trying to whisper to Fujiyama. Ah, but she is only a paper doll. Anita has posed for a billboard photograph. In her hand is a glass of milk, A loudspeaker blares: "Drink more milk milk-milk

A man comes out of an apartment house across the street. He is some kind of religious nut who spies on lovers in public parks, then denounces them vehemently; he carries a prayer book in one hand and pinches pretty bottoms with the other. In a soaring flight of pathetic off that sign and stop damaging the public morals, "All right," says Ekberg, All ten fathoms of her descend from the sign. She plucks up the dirty-minded fellow removes his trousers, and clutches him to her mammoth mammaries.

No Honey, When the Italians saw all that-at Milan's world première of the Italian cinema's long-anticipated Boccaccio '70-they burst forth, some with catcalls and derisive whistles, others with cheers. Produced by Carlo Ponti, husband of Sophia Loren. Boccaccio '70 tells four stories. None derive from the Decameron

that Giovanni Boccaccio wrote six centuries ago, but they are designed as mod ern reflections of Boccaccio's lusty bumanism, and the '70 of the title is a wild hope that the film will still be running eight years from now. Judged on the collected talent alone, it would seem to have a chance.

Federico Fellini (La Dolce Vita) di-rected the billboard fantasy, making three-fourths of the Ekberg visible beneath the surface. Vittorio De Sica (Two Women) directed Sophia Loren in a tale about a girl who works in a traveling circus. At each town, a raffle is held and the winner gets Sophia. In one village, Sophia meets and falls in love with a local lad. To cleanse her name and clear her future she gives the winner of that day's raffle all the money but no honey.

July, Boys. Luchino Visconti (Rocco and His Brothers | directed German Actress Romy Schneider as the wife of a titled amorist who goes for \$1,000-a-night call girls and has a bottomless exchequer to assure his supply. His wife decides to have her any time he wants her for \$600 (she discounts the madam's \$400 cut). The segment ends with the wife sadly undressing as the husband pantingly writes

The fourth story, slightly out of line with the others, demonstrates the triumph of domestic virtue over heartless capitalism, spinning out the saga of a young couple who are wed secretly because his company forbids employees to marry until they have been on the payroll for three years. It will be dropped from the picture when Co-Producer Joe Levine (Tim) Feb. 24, 1961) releases it in the U.S. next

The Vatican has greeted the film with an E rating-which would stand for Excommunication if celluloid had a soul but in reality means Extra-Money-at-the-Box-Office. Boccaccio '70 proved the point by grossing more than \$200,000 in its first ten days, milking the Italian pouthan La Dolce Vita did.

THE PRESS

The Rising Wave

In Algiers, the Place du Gouvernement, a sun-baked square between the cashsh and the harbor, is known as "L/Abattoi" (the slaughtenbuse). There, during the bloody struggle for Algerian independence. Moslem terrorists have taken a steady and fearful toll of Europeans. Last week, L'Abattoir butchers claimed two fresh victims in as many days. The that has been added, in its exprining moments, to the senseless 7½-year Algerian war, Both victims were newsman.

First to die was Jean-Hubert Poggi, 38. of the daily Dépêche d'Algérie (circ. 50-000). A gentle giant of a man who was born in Algiers and lived alone on the In their war against the European ensy, Moslem terrorists draw no line between the journalists and the French colonists. But the Moslems are not the only danger. From the carefully considered terror of the SAO, no newsman is safe. In an earlier day, the SAO, well-comed both French and foreign reporters, believing—wrongly—that; they would ran-time the same with the same than the

But of late, as the correspondents reported S.A.O.'s killings to the world, the attitude toward newmen of any nationality has veered from affection through suspicion and hostility to hatred. Rare is the man on the Algiers beat who has not



SNEAKED SHOT OF GENDARMES CHECKING JOURNALISTS AT THE ALETTI Between L'Abattoir and the S.A.O., an man was safe.

edge of the cashah. Poggi ignored the advice of friends that he move to a safer place. "The Moslems know me." he said, "and I know them." But that did not stop one of his neighbors from putting a bullet through Jean-Hubert Poggi's brain. Next was a reporter for Paris Le Figuro. Jean-Claude Dadant. 26, gunned down as he left his office in the Admiratty building.

No Time for Santiment. For newsme, Ageria has become the most dangerous assignment in the world. In January an arms of a photographer for Look mans zine who had snapped pictures of a ruce to the Babe-Could an Algiers shareh. Last mouth, a French TV camearaman that ano. Camille Pellesir of Linicel Press International, emerging from a building in downtown Algiers, was set upon by a razor-wielding thuy of the and victously sladed about the face.

been threatened by the SAAO. Recently, two LIER men were forced to surrender their film at gunpoint, ABC Correspondent John Casserly was told to leave town on pain of death; he now covers Algeria from Tunis. We have no time for sentiferon Tunis when the surrender the surrender that the surrender t

By the strange logic that guides its movement, the SA,O. has singled out Italian newsmen as prime prey. Algeria is heavily populated with Italian immigrants, and the SA,O. assumed that the Italian press would sympathie with its cause. But Italian radio broadcasts ceasily heard in Algeria and imported Italian papers were disillusioning, and with disillusionment began a sagn of terror.

Grade-B Thriller. The campaign reached a peak with the arrival in Algiers last month of six men from Italy's state-

owned radio-TV network, RAL Scarcely had the newcomers registered at the fleabitten Hotel Aletti when SA.O. gummen invaded the hotel and, under the studiously indifferent gaze of hotel employees, not only made off with \$8.000 worth of RAI equipment but kidnaped an Italian newsman as well. Fifteen minutes too late, the armed French roit police showed up.

armed French not police showed up.

The hostage Glovanni Glovanni Glovanni at furious speed through the night—past police who respectfully shatted the kidnap car—and wound up in a circle of executioners. The commandant he later removes the commandant he later resolutions. The commandant he later resolutions and extremely positive from the later resolution of the commandant has the later resolution of the later

Pleading for his life. Giovannini finally promised to sing Salan's praise in print. The "commandant" stayed his execution and returned him to the Aletti with a message for all twelve Italian newsmen in Algiers. leave, or die. Eleven helt by the next available plane. The twelfth. Nicola Caracciolo, to, of Milan's II Giorne, defantly holed up in the Italian consultate for three days ("It is my moral and professional duty to stay at my post"). Then het too, prudently fled to Rome.

Newsmen in Algiers have little hope that matters will improve immediately after a cease-fire is signed. For a few weeks, the S.A.O. will probably still control Algiers. "We cannot even protect ourselves," said one police prefect to fortien newsmen appealing for protection from the rising wave of terrorism. "How can we be expected to protect journalists?"

Checkbook Journalism

"Jimmy can't expect me to stand up and praise him for the crooked life he's led," wrote the father of Murderer-Rapist James Hanratty (Time, March 2) in London's Daily Express (circ. 4,328,524). Elsewhere in the paper, the girl Hanratty raped relived her travail; "I thought he wouldn't do it. I thought it could never happen, that I was dreaming," London's Sunday Pictorial (5,306,246) weighed in with first-person accounts from the beautician who dyed the fugitive killer's hair, and from other members of the family who had helped him hide. Sample quote: "When he was asleep, his mouth was always open. He looked like a child,"

These gaudy journalistic outbraits sho one thing in common, all of the stories were bought and paid for by Britain's popular press. Even Hanartty himself optioned his story to the Express—which was shrewdy holding oil a white, perhaps until Hanartty's date with the gallows. The prices that Theel Street paid for its stories were not high; the Express, or example, managed to see up its principals committee, and the stories of the principals book journalism. Piece Street has its own style.

Anything goes, John George Haigh, who



KILLER-RAPIST HANRATTY (UNDER WRAPS)
Even the beguticion collected.

dissolved nine. British subjects in acid after first qualing publes of their blood. Collected \$t_{4,000} from the News of the World of a exclusive story of his grisly deeds. An attorney for a woman cleared of fatally poisoning her spouse accepted hids on her story (the Simday Express won, for \$35,000. Some years ago, a murderer sold his confession to a paper even as he pleaded this innocence in court.

The burd press a fermath to his British eriminal cases is a direct result of the country's stringent laws governing over-fined over-fined in the string of the string of the string of the strings and the strings of the strings of the burds—fixed beavy fines and everer punishment. Behavy fines and everer punishment. Behavy fines and everer punishment. Behavy fines and everer punishment and the strings of a five strings of the strings of th

However sensible the necessity of protetting the privacy even of the man in the dock, the British system has its drawbacks, For one, witnesses already under hire by some newspaper face an irresistible that the system of the best of the system of the siles of tomorrows, headlines, as the siles of siles checkbook journalism, bas inspired in the heart of manya a felon the conviction that crime does pay, Said Stuart Campbell, editor of the People ciric. \$440,727; "It's getting to the point that be says, Six oud and I'll start talkine,"

Ammunition for Isolationists Columnist Walter Lippmann, who has

descended from his organization heights and descended from his organization heights become a plain Kennedy Democrat. had the first word. "It now appears: he wrote last week of an Administration plan to buy \$too million worth of United Nations bonds, "that it may be defeated by a coalition of Republicans and Southern

Democrati. The danger: a counterproposal, by U.S. Senators George D. Alten of Vermont and Bourke B. Hickenlooper of lowa, both Republicans, that the U.S. Government lend the U.N. the money instead. Charsed Lippman hothy: This "confused raid on the bond plan" was caused by "crude partismship", personal disgruntlement isold-fashioned isolationist hostility."

But if Lippmann had the first word Alken had the last. In a hitter denouncement of the columnist from the Senate floor, Alken add that his object was to help, not hurt, the U.N. "By making false statements and accusations." said the Senator, addressing himself directly to Lippmann, 'you and people who act like you man, 'you and people who act like you the most potent ammunition they have the most potent ammunition.

Enter Eros

Enter LTOS
The advance promotion promised to lay sex right on the line. "Eros is the mazazime of sexual candor.". . . devoted to love in facellar discount of the sex of the sex

The magazine's nudes are reproductions of old masters-Bordone's Venus and Cupid, Manuel's The Judgment of Paris and remarkably chaste; for the true voyeur, either Playboy (60c) or New York's Metropolitan Museum of Art (admission free) houses far fleshier work. Some of Eros' articles are cribbed from history: De Maupassant's Madame Tellier's Brothel, which first wowed Parisians in 1881: poems by the Earl of Rochester (d. 1680). their mild eroticism heavily difguifed in battered olde type. Votaries of contemporary vulgarity got their kicks mainly in the titles of Eros' assortment of original stuff. An article on "Erotomania," for example, turned out to be a scholarly study of lovesickness by Psychologist Theodor

(Listening with the Third Ear) Reik. Eros is the by-blow of Ralph Ginzburg 22 a Brooklyn-born (reelance writer who first discovered the marketability of the sex label during a tour with Esquire Magthat Esquire paid him for but decided not to print-partly on the ground of dullness. Fired later by the magazine, he expanded his article into a book, An Unhurried View of Erotica, which, he claims sold 125,000 copies in hard cover and 150,000 in paperback. This response to what was little more than a bibliography of erotic books encouraged him to give birth to Eros. Ginzburg claims he has enough material to keep Eros going for three years, some of it collected in forays on the New York Public Library, He may decide to return most of it.

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RELIGION

Exonerating God

When a telephone pole fell on his car during a storm. Rodney Bowman of Florin, Pa., suffered a broken back and sued the Columbia Telephone Co. for \$10.830 in damages. In defense, the company argued that the accident was an "act of God," Last week, ruling against the company, the Pennsylvania Supreme Court suggested that it was time to abandon this venerable defense (the term dates back to 1581), "The loose use of the name of the Deity in the realm of the law should not be a matter of our approval." said Justice Michael A. Musmanno. "There is something shocking in attributing any trageds or holocaust to God. The ways of the Deity so surpass the understanding of man that it is not the province of man to pass judgment upon what may be beyond human comprehension."

The Christ of Judaism

lesus was a lew. This rudimentary fact about the Son of Man is often overlooked by Christians, who are habitually prone to emphasize the differences rather than the similarities between their religion and Judaism. In Jesus of Nazareth: The Hidden Years (Morrow; \$4), French Historian Robert Aron, who is a Jew, tries to show how deep was the influence of Israel and its religion on Jesus during his formative years. Aron's discursive, imaginative biographical essay has been praised by such Christians as France's President Charles de Gaulle (a Roman Catholic) and Albert Schweitzer (a Protestant).

Between the time the Holy Family settled in Nazareth and Christ's baptism at the age of 30, the New Testament records only one incident in the life of Jesus: his visit, at the age of twelve, to the Temple in Jerusalem, where he spent three days in conversation with the rabbis, astounding them with his learning. But Aron argues that Iesus was presumably brought up like any other boy of Biblical times; by understanding the nature of that childhood training. Christians can better understand the human personality of the man they worship as the Son of God.

Misled by Metaphor, Jesus' roughhewn peasant tongue was Aramaic, a language akin to classical Hebrew. The peculiar quality of Aramaic forced Jesus to think in certain ways, Unlike Greek or Latin, it has few specific words to express philosophic concepts; most abstract ideas can only be suggested by concrete metaphors which have often been misinterpreted in translation. When Jesus. for example, used the phrase from Mosaic law, "an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth," it did not mean-as untutored readers of the King lames version might assume-that justice demands violent revenge for violent crime. "This would be contrary to the Jewish law of loving one's neighbor as one's self and having mercy on one's enemy." Aron points out. "It is a typically Semitic metaphor meaning that there is an appropriate punishment for every crime.

Jesus' parents were devout Jews. who probably had a mezuzah (a roll of parchment containing an ancient Hebrew prayer known as the Shema) on the doorpost of their modest home in Nazareth and kept a kosher kitchen. "We may deduce." Aron says, "that Jesus observed the dietary laws," Aron believes that Mary probably put tzitzit, or fringes on the child's coat, in obedience to an iniunction in Deuteronomy, and that Joseph taught him the carpenter's trade. "Just as it is necessary to feed one's son. says the Talmud, "so it is necessary to teach him a manual trade.

Empty Chair, If they were devout, Jesus' parents brought him up to recite the benedictions and prayers prescribed for certain hours of the Hebrew day, and sent him to the synagogue for the study of Hebrew and the Law, Perhaps, Aron suggests, it was at the family's Passover seder, when an empty chair is placed at the table in case Elijah should come, that Christ first learned about the Messiah. and wondered about his own mission. Aron claims that much of the Lord's Prayer paraphrases the old Aramaic prayer, the Kaddish, which Jesus undoubtedly learned and absorbed as a youth. Even the Beatitudes in the Sermon on the Mount are a direct reflection of common Jewish beliefs that Jesus could have heard from the rabbis at the Nazareth synagogue. "Blessed are the merciful: for they shall obtain mercy' well have reminded Christ's listeners of another rabbinical text: "If any man

pities another, God will pity him Aron believes that Jesus got this thorough Scriptural training from the Pharisees, whom he was later to criticize for their hardness of heart. Among the various schools of rabbinical interpretation, the Pharisees were the most meticulous in their performance of ritual, the most liberal in their interpretation of the law. Like Christ, they preached a doctrine of love for all men, gentile as well as Jew. Like Christ also, they attempted to stand aside from Israel's political ferment; "Render therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's" is a teaching in accord with tradition of the Pharisees. Aron believes that the doctors with whom Christ spent three days in discussion at Jerusalem were Pharisees, who were traditionally of lower-class origin themselves and more likely than other rabbis to receive the son of a carpenter. A literary form often employed by Christ, the parable, was a method of teaching also used

by the Pharisees.

The Mission. Christ appeared at a time in human history when Israel was an occupied land, and Jewish spirituality was being subtly corrupted by Greek rationalism; it was thus perfectly natural that Jesus should reject as much as he borrowed from the Judaism he grew up in. As a Jew. Aron does not accept Christ's divinity, but does believe that he had a divinely inspired mission-a mission to the pagan world, rather than to Israel, Judaism, which thought of the world as a sacred place dedicated to God, could never have conquered the pragmatic gentile mind, which saw the world as profane and spoiled. Christianity could offer the Greek and Latin people a miracle that brought the sacred back into the profane, the miracle of a God who became man. It was Israel, says Aron, that discovered the One God; it was a carpenter's son

from Nazareth trained in the lore and law of Judaism, who gave that God to the world.



DÜRER'S "JESUS AMONG THE DOCTORS" Israel discovered the God that Christ gave to the world.



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Such close-in looks at the world's great moments are a part of LIFE's greatness-"the LIFE touch." No other magazine communicates with its readers with such immediacy and warmth. Naturally, no other magazine audience responds so warmly to what they read in its pages. LIFE . . . a great magazine of human experience.

If your wife does a lot of driving,







If you think your wife is interested only in the color and finish of the upholstery, or how well the rear-view mirror works when she wants to put on her lipstick, she's already laughing at you as she reads this over your shoulder.

Why don't both of you read on and see why the 1962 cars from Chrysler Corporation make so much sense for both sexes.

Wait till you see how they park For 1962, Chrysler Corporation has reengineered its cars so that a 98-lb. woman can park them in close quarters without the usual fret and fuss.

The secret is what our engineers call fat-free performance. Virtually every pound of these cars is lire weight. There's less weight on the front wheels and less resistance to turns. This, plus a shorter turning radius, gives you a lot more turn for a lot less effort.

Chrysler Corporation's full-time power steering (often referred to as the best in the business) is one option you'll both like. In addition, Plymouth and Dodge have a new low-friction steering gear as standard equipment that gives you the easiest turn you can get this side of power steering.

You know who's boss when you're driving them

These new cars respond with a surefooted "snap" that makes 'em a joy to drive, especially in traffic.

Acceleration is up as much as 10%, and that makes quite a difference when you're pulling away from a stop sign or trying to pass a slow truck on a busy street.

And the surprising thing is that while acceleration is up, gas consumption is down. Gas mileage is improved as much as 7%. The reason, again, is live weight. No excess tonnage for the engines to lug around, and no power waste.

Practical things that appeal to

Your wife really will like the upholstery, but not just because it's handsome. The fabrics are unusually easy to care for and remarkably tough. There's an extra overlap at the seams, and a woman will tell you that this is a good way of preserving



PLYMOUTH — "Greatest Plymouth ever built," and the '62 Plymouth owners agree. You get a lot more action on a lot less gas, 2- and 4-door sedans, 2- and 4-door hardtops, convertibles, wagons, bucket seats.



DOUGE DART — Now sized in the middle of the big and little, Dart give you Dodge dependability with a new dash of daring, 2- and 4-door sedans 2- and 4-door hardtops, convertibles wagons, bucket seats.

you ought to read this ad







the shape and fit without the seams coming apart.

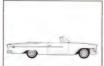
We think she'll also like the automatic transmission with the pushbuttons at the lcft of the wheel—away from the children's reach.

And of course she'll like the snug, quiet ride. Fewer squeaks and rattles. The reason is Unibody Construction—body and frame welded together into one solid unit.

And now it's time to visit your Chrysler, Dodge or Plymouth dealer and look at the cars. Both of you.



rious car we make, and no one in the country makes one plushier. The hand-finished leathers and broadcloths are expensive and they look it. It is America's most carefully built car. 2- and 4-dr. hardtops, convertible.



CHRYSLER — This is the big car that first made Chrysler engineering famous. This year, the Chrysler 300 (above) is available in a new series priced just above the Newport. 4-door sedans, 2- and 4-door hardtops, convertibles, wagons, bucket seats.



LANCER — A lively compact that can cruise at turnpike speeds, but uses gas sparingly, as a compact should. Exclusive Torsion-Aire Ride irons out the bumps. 2- and 4-door sedans, 2-door hardtop, wagons, bucket seats.



VALIANT — This is the compact that won a styling award from the Society of illustrators. Nobody beats Valiant for looks, or value. 2- and 4-door sedans, 2-door hardtop, wagons, bucket seats.



made for the big car man. Its lon wheelbase and perfectly balanced sur pension give you a remarkably smoot ride. 4-door sedan, 2- and 4-door hard tops, convertible, wagons.

Chrysler Corporation

Where engineering puts something extra into every car

DODGE W DART W LANCER W CHRYSLER W IMPERIAL W DODGE TRUCKS
SPACE DIVISION W MOPAR W AIRTEMP W CYCLEWELD W MARINE AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINES W

Nausau Story Another report about "GOOD PEOPLE TO DO BUSINESS WITH"

Ominin report would good recree 10 be bestwess with

How home-grown ideas outfox the foxes

by EDWARD FROMM

President of the world-famous Fromm Brothers Fur Farms, Hamburg, Wisconsin

"This year the 'crop' on our old family farm near Wausau includes some 20,000 fox pelts in a range of beautiful colors from sleek silvers to 'Golden Ambers,' the exclusive mutation we developed.

"Add mink—about 60,000—and I guess that puts us right up there among the largest fur raisers in the world. That's exactly what three of my brothers and I made up our minds we'd be someday.



The oldest of us was 13 when the decision

"That was a tough decision to carry through. We literally had to 'outfox the foxes' to develop healthy litters. And we only had homegrown ideas to rely on for housing, feeding and ways to get the luxurious furring that would meet our standards and the requirements of top fashion designers.

"Speaking of requirements, none could be more rigid or demanding than those met by Employers Mutuals' people in handling our insurance. A fur farm isn't a factory. Our workers, mostly neighbors, must be protected in a special work.

Dors, must be protected in a special way ... and accidents and losses must be prevented by applying a specific kind of knowledge. We count on Employers Mutuals' people for their own variety of home-grown ideas to give us the help we need whenever we need it. They're good people ... and good people to do business with."



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Employers Mutuals of Wausau

BUSINESS

STATE OF BUSINESS Productivity & Profits

At the heart of the steel neostations likes a dispute over-productivity. Both sides pretty well agree that labor costs should no up only as productivity does, should no up only as productivity does, should not be sometime to be steel the steel of the s

"There is more to measuring productivity than the one element of output per man-hour. What about the capital invested in more efficient equipment? What about the research which produced hetter production processes and the know-how which made available higher quality materials? What about the input of management, which directed and contributed

to all of this effort? Strapping Steel. What worries Worthington is that blue-collar workers may get undue credit for productivity rises for which they are only partly responsible. and on the strength of this inflated claim get extravagant wage-and-benefit increases that would eat into profits and leave the steel companies strapped for funds for capital expansion, "In 1960," said Worthington, "European countries invested in capital equipment, while we devoted only 3% to this purpose. Why? The answer is we have been discouraging the flow of investment capital. As a percentage of gross national product, corporate profits after taxes have been squeezed down from

Many economists agree with Worthington's stand on productivity; even some union economists concede that part of the fruits of increased productivity should go into increased dividends and capital expansion as well as into higher wages.

Hard Line, Worthinston's line on inodequate profits is harder to huy. His
comparison of recession-hit 1,050 with the
hount Korean war year of 11,050 seriously
distorts the profits picture. In fact, cortocore to the profits picture, in fact, cordistorts the profits picture. In fact, cordistorts the profits picture. In fact, cortofeet of the Korean War they have
the end of the Korean War they have
hen averaging just under 57, Moreover,
industry's allotments for capital outlay
but also by consumer spending patterms and by the amount of existing
manufacturing capacity; from industries
currently have more than they can use,
terms of the profits of the profits of the profits
to sour from last year's \$83, billion to
about \$57, billion this year, industry's
plans, for capital spending have not in-

As for U.S. Steel itself, it has turned



U.S. STEEL'S WORTHINGTON
What about capital?

in handsome after-tax profits of 5.7% to 9.5% on its sales every year since 1053. Part of the reason is that Big Steel has followed every wage hike since World War II—except those negotiated in early 1060—with an even bigger price rise.

Waging the Gold War

First Knot last week here at uncountrially resemblance to a besieged stockade on the plains of the fold West. The fort was under attack not by redskins hut by sharp-seed and plain-rivinged forceas to the plain of the plain of the plain of the plain stand at a 32-year low of \$16.5; billion, now stand at a 32-year low of \$16.5; billion. This is \$2-billion less than total shortterm forcein claims against the dollar. While U.S. oficiars rightly insist that fortured the plain of the plain of the plain of the at once, the fact that U.S. gold reserves could beneficially be sighed out on call

is a threat to confidence in the dollar. since 1958, results from the fact that the U.S. spends and lends more abroad than it earns there. In its foreign trade, the U.S. regularly shows a comfortable surplus (\$5.6 billion last year). But this is more than outweighed by tourist spending. private investment abroad, foreign aid, military assistance to U.S. allies, and the cost of maintaining U.S. troops overseas -all of which added up to \$16.6 billion last year. Things have improved somewhat since 1060, when the nation lost a jarring \$1.7 billion worth of gold, But the fact that the U.S. was losing gold this month-when it actually gained some gold in March a year ago-had Washington newly uneasy last week. Even if the total gold drain for 1962 could be held to the 1061 level of \$700 million, as the Administration expects, there would be no

cause to cheer. If—improbably—the U.S. continued to lose gold at that rate indefinitely. Fort Knox would go bust sometime around 1084.

Friendly Persuosion, Because the whole free world has a stake in seeing that Fost Knox doesn't go bust. Washington has recently been inundated with a flurry of radical suggestions for keeping it solvent. He does ment to discourage speculation in gold by abandoning the guaranteed U.S. purchase price of \$5x an ounce. French Economist Jacques Rueff. who master-minded De Gaulle's successful currency reform plan, urges complete scrapping of the managed-money system and a return at the world and the state of the

For in Washinaton take these ideaseriously-ii forth because the Administration has opened up a broad offensive in the gold war that is already inproducing some prelimitary signs of success. Wishaid of the dollar by helping the C.S. to spind less and earn more abroad. Friendis of the dollar by helping the C.S. to spind less and earn more abroad. Friendty foreign poseriments are proving to be receptive. If not out of gratitude for past that the West's basic currency cannot be permitted to go to pot. A progress report from the many froms in the gold lattile

Trom the many tronts if the good battle.

The Treasury and Defense Departments are pressuring allies to buy more of their military hardware in the U.S. The West Germans have already agreed to buy Soo million worth yearly—which just about equals U.S. troop upkeep costs in Germany.

► The State Department is stepping up the "Buy America" program in foreign aid. Where two-thirds of past aid funds had to be spent in the U.S., four-fifths of future funds will be so "tied." The Treasury is making it unprofitable

The Treasury is making it unprotitative to speculate in foreign currencies and gold. It has begun 11 to buy and sell foreign currencies to keep their prices stable relative to the dollar, and 21 to sell some gold on the London market to keep prices low. Last month, for the first time in 18 months, London gold prices dipped fractionally below the U.S. support level.

President Kennedy is pressing to increase the US, export surplus y-lashing tariffs, His No. I legislative goal this year is passage of his trade equansion bill. Stumping for it last week. Treasury's Douglas Dilloin argued that exports can be meaningfully expanded "only if through neocitations, we ensure that the doors to major foreign markets be opened wider for US, products."

Unfriendly Borriers, Europe and Jayan can afford to do a lot of widening. Their economies have now become so robust—thanks in large part to \$50 billion in U.S. aid during the postwar era—that they can comfortably scrap many anachronistic tariffs, unpotas and excise taxes against

U.S. imports. Equally important, the foreigners—notably the affluent French and Germans—could well afford to step up greatly their own foreign aid and thereby take some of the financial burden of the underdeveloped countries off the U.S.

CORPORATIONS

A Matter of Chemistry

In 1952, as it approached the end of its first century in business, New York's "Old Lady of Hanover Square"-W. R. Grace & Co .- appeared to be sinking into the feebleness of age, For generations, Grace Line ships had raced unchallenged along the west coast of South America, trading cargoes of coffee, cacao and sugar and piling up 90% of Grace's multimillion-dollar profits. But after World War H, as subsidized Latin American merchant marines sprang up to compete for cargoes and challenged Grace's trading supremacy, the 1946 to \$8,000,000 in 1952. Even more serious. Grace's economic life or death depended on the political health of half a dozen volatile Latin American countries. and the aging handful of executives who had long run the company from their rolltop desks in New York seemed content that it should be so.

Last week, as Grace issued its annual report for tofs, it was clear that the "old halv" had discovered an economic foun-report for tofs, it was clear that the "old halv" had discovered an economic foun-report for the property of the prope

Golden Guano. The imagination and energy that rebuil Grace flows from President J. Peter Grace Jr., 48, the barrel-hested grandson of William Russell Grace, who founded the company in 1834. Founder Grace, a scrawny, 2-year-old refugee from the Irish potato famine, because of the Irish potato famine, because a serial potato famine of guano, the mineral-rich bird droppings used as fertilizer. With his profits as a chandler, he outfitted his own ships, established sugar plantations, and soon had created an intricate distribution network up and down the west coast of South up and down the west coast of South

When Peter Grace became president at 2. in 1943, he had worked for the company less than ten years. "My father," he recalls, "wanted me to be president—much to the displicators of a lot of people, "young Grace was not so frightment that he failed to see his company needed refusibiling. To beef up Grace's diminishing core of top executives, he personally set about hiring tonglish new executives from Monteners Want. Grace-tolk and Jersey statistical study division to find ways of statistical study division to find ways of



Peter Grace & Puerto Rican Ammonia Plant For on old lady, a bracer.

overhauling Grace's traditional operations and to seek out new enterprises that would reduce the company's excessive concentration in Latin America.

Off on a Spree, Within two years Grace had decided the company must diversify-into chemicals and in a big way. Chemicals, he says, "were one of the create an imbalance or an overcapacity. To the horror of most Grace elders, he launched the company on a \$250 million nical and executive skills as well as new businesses. Within the next decade, a series of eight acquisitions put Grace into sealing compounds, plastics, resin coatings, chemical catalysts, synthetic rubber, oil refining, and nuclear fuel processing, Sales to chemicals-hungry industry and agriculture leaped as Grace grew into a complex giant with 60 plants in 18 nations from Australia to Italy, Grace has also invested over \$8,000,000 in Libvan oil concessions and predicts the venture will eventually account for 15% to 25% of total sales

As it acquired profitable new lines forace ruthlessly lopped off marginal old ones, including its longstanding coffee producing and wholesaline husiness. When Grace Lines slipped into the red two years ago, Peter Grace unsentimentally sold off eight ships and slashed administrative and line was back in the black—but Wall Street rumor continues to insist that Grace would sell it, given the right offer.

Old Grounds, New Look. With the vast expansion of Grace's operations. Latin America has produced a steadily shrinking share (3.9% last year) of the company's revenues. But Grace still has 23,437 employees (only 70 of them Americans) south of the Rio Grande, and West Coast Latin Americans still use Grace-made sugar, wear clothing made from Grace text.

tiles, and fly on planes of Panagra Airways (jointly owned with Pan American), By taking an active role in the community life-but not the politics-of the nations where it operates. Grace has largely overcome the stigma of "Yankee imperialism" and is so little concerned about expropriation that it plans to spend \$5,000,000 this year expanding its Latin American operations. Even in its traditional stamping ground, however, the company's new look is evident. Already Grace has chemplus Trinidad and Puerto Rico: and so far as the future is concerned, says Vice President John Duncan, "chemical development is a top priority objective in Latin America.

How Not to Grow

Five years ago, San Francisco's Yuba Consolidated Industries was a sturdy little company which by concentrating on its traditional business-gold mining-managed to turn a tidy \$1,00,000 profit on sales of \$22 million. By last year Yuba had mushroomed into a glamorously diversified corporation that could point to sales of Sos million drawn from enterprises ranging from missile-base construction to the manufacture of power tools, But, in dramatic contrast to W.R. Grace & Co. (see above), Yuba is a case study in how not to expand a corporation. Last week, having lost \$12 million last year despite its skyrocketing sales, Yuba was in bankruptcy court,

In 1927 Vilha directors were warned that by the hac 1960s the company's long-prolitable gold fields would peter out. Hoping to diversify the company then called Vuha Consolidated Gold Fields 1, the directors brought in as chairman and president a bustling and untocratic executive named John L. McGara, McGara, 51, who had made his name by menging a complex of plate steel and boiler equipment suppliers into Buffalo's Adsoc Industries aboilshed Vulua's monthly board meeting to give himself ferer rein. He ruthlessly dismissed old Yuba hands who questioned his policies. The directors didn't minds because Mc-Gara promised that with his kind of lead-ership Yuba would do "in two or three years what it took other companies ten or 20 years to do."

Up in the Suite. Seven months after his arrival at Yuba. McGara merged the company with San Francisco's Portuguese-American Tin Co. Then, in return for lavish amounts of Yuba cash or stock. he successively bought a welding company, a steel fabricating mill, a Texas petrochemical firm, an Indiana crane manufacturer, an Ohio power toolmaker, and even his former employer. Adsco Industries. Within three heady years. Yuba boasted 17 operating divisions run from a plush suite of offices in San Francisco's new Crown Zellerbach Building, Carried away by McGara's predictions that Yuha's sales would soon hit \$330 million a year, investors ran the company's stock from \$3 a share up to \$17.50 a share.

In its haste to expand, Yuba bought companies that were struggling under inefficient management-and rarely overhauled them sufficiently to make them effective. The insistence that, above all, Yuba must show continual sales gains drove division managers to enter into many contracts that later turned out to be profitless; one division lost \$1,100,000 on two Titan II missile-site construction jobs. No less disastrous was the practice of pushing divisions into businesses that they did not understand. The Nichols-Southern division, which had been clearing as much as \$250,000 a year renting equipment to the chemical and petroleum industries, stumbled into a loss of \$250,-



YUBA'S EX-PRESIDENT McGARA For a gold mine, a promoter.

000 when it sought to expand into highway construction.

Down in Court, By March of last year. McGara had run through \$22 million in Yuba cash; the company's reserves were nonexistent, and its debts had mounted to a grotesque 83% of its net worth-oil times what is usually considered sound for a company of its type. In desperation the directors agreed to pay McGara \$30,000 a year for ten years to break his contract, replaced him as president with J. (for John Philip Murphy, 53, former head of one of the McGara-bought subsidiaries. Hoping to convert Yuba into a more modest but profitable \$35 milliona-vear operation. Murphy sold off six divisions. But of the eleven remaining divisions, only four were in the black, and at last Murphy decided that bankruptcy was the only way out for Yuha.

Ironically, as Murphy last week awaited a federal court ruling, on Vaha's bank-ruptey petition, one of his most veral receitors was ex-President McGara—who was miffed because Yush was in arreas on his Sicooo annual payment. Complained McGara, who had apparently been rethinking his philosophy of management: "What is happening now is entirely inexcusable. The company should be reduced to a mining operation only. Then creditors could be paid off in two years,"

BUSINESS ABROAD The Takeover that Failed

Into London's Anglican Church of St. Vedast last week filed a rare body of worshipers-150 executives and employees of Courtaulds Ltd., Britain's biggest textile manufacturer, to offer corporate thanks for their "deliverance from anxiety." The cause of their rejoicing: the failure of giant Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd. in its \$596 million bid to swallow up Courtaulds and thereby achieve a near-monopoly of Britain's synthetic fiber industry. In the biggest takeover fight in the history of British business, I.C.I. had managed to acquire only 38.5% of Courtaulds' outstanding common shares-enough to make it Courtaulds' biggest single stockholder, but not enough to give it control.

The great I.C.I.-Courtaulds battle began ten weeks ago when Courtaulds directors, after secret merger negotiations, rejected as too small I.C.l.'s offer to pay the stock equivalent of \$504 million for all of Courtaulds' outstanding shares. At that. I.C.I.'s icy-smooth Board Chairman Stanley Paul Chambers brusquely bypassed Courtaulds management entirely and made a public appeal to Courtaulds stockholders to trade their shares for I.C.I. stock on a five-for-four basis. Courtaulds fought back with promises of increased dividends (to 13% plus a 2.5% tax-free capital dividend), and Britain's press and Parliament erupted with cries of "monopoly." Brushing aside all such criticism, Chambers increased his bid until he was offering double the original market price of Courtaulds stock and twice postponed his deadline for taking up his of-

How much prosperity

lies ahead?

For some industries, some companies, some stocks, no end seems in sight.

But for others, the future seems to hold little but an increasing squeeze on profits.

Still others should grow just about as our country grows in population, productivity, and purchasing power.

Where do your investments fit

Which stocks should you be buying or selling now for maximum future benefits?

That all depends:

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On the risks you can afford to assume.

Given an outline of your present situation and holdings, we'll be lappy to give you the best advice we can. Perhaps we'll simply tell you to sit tight.

On the other hand, there may be a number of attractive investment opportunities that could lend immediate strength to your portfolio—or bring you a good deal closer to getting the most out of every dollar you invest.

In any event—whether you're a customer or not—there isn't any charge for the most objective analysis we can prepare of your present situation. No charge, either, for preparing the most sensible program we can come up with for your funds, your circumstance, your objectives.

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tions and off-the-cuff answers often lead to heated discussions. For example, someone may toss the panel a question like "Whatever happened to the Soaring Sixties?" Before you know it, there's a lively debate going that might touch on everything from local labor to international politics.

BUSINESS WEEK's editors enjoy these exchanges too. It gives them a chance to renew and broaden their friendships with business leaders across the nation.

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SEIBU'S OPENING IN LOS ANGELES From novelty toward sustained success.

fer. When he finally cried quits last week. LC.I. had spent \$700,000 on publicity and mailings alone.

For the fast-moving Chambers, hitherto rated as one of Britain's ablest executives, failure to win over a majority of Courtaulds' stockholders marked a sorry setback. At his own stockholders' meeting last week, he was assailed with cries of "dictatorial" and "little Napoleon." But the businessmen of the City of London had by no means written Chambers off, Unpopular as they were, his tough tactics had won LC.L so big a stake in Courtaulds that many Britons believed that feel obliged to agree to closer ties with

RETAILING A Touch of Tokyo

Even in Los Angeles-the city of gala

premières for everything from Hollywood spectaculars to hamburger stands-the grand opening" last week of the U.S.'s first big Japanese-owned department store after Seibu of Los Angeles unlocked its door, 5.000 shoppers were inside, women were fainting, policemen had to bar all entrances to slow down the rush and traffic was backed up for four blocks along Wilshire Boulevard. By day's end Seibu's clerks had been buffeted by 40,000 Angelenos, who bought \$25,000 worth of merchandise ranging from obi cloth theater coats to men's silk suits tailored in Japan to Ivy League specifications.

Owned by Japan's billion dollar Seibu Industries, whose holdings include Tokvo's fastest growing department store, a railroad and 36 hotels, Seibu of Los Angeles is the latest pet project of Seibu a 1959 visit to the U.S., Tsutsumi was shocked at the low quality of the Japanese products that he saw in well-to-do American homes, Convinced that there was a large unexploited market for Janan's wide range of quality merchandise. he decided that the way to tap it was not through specialty stores (such as Manhattan's Takashimaya) but with a store that could compete on even terms with U.S. department stores catering to upper middle-class buyers.

To pull off this daring gamble-which so far has cost Seibu \$8.000.000-Tsutsumi is relying on a retailing formula that blends East and West. Housed in a blocklong four-story building with just touches of Japanese décor-a cluster of lanterns, an occasional screen and a few Nisei girls in geisha costume Scibu of Los Angeles is essentially an American store with all the usual U.S. retailing gimmicks, including a two-deck parking garage and a roofgarden restaurant with bar. Its merchandise is predominantly Western-styled, and only 60% of it is made in Japan. To provide this much Japanese merchandise. Seibu's buyers had to organize a Japanese children's clothing industry almost from scratch (Japanese children wear school uniforms) and to persuade furniture makers to raise Japan's small, low-slung dining tables to coffee-table height.

If his Los Angeles store goes on from novelty to sustained success. Tsutsumi plans to expand into other U.S. cities. He emphasizes that his operations will not hurt U.S. industries because he intends to use his U.S. proceeds to buy American goods for his Tokyo store. In a cable to his U.S. staff last week he spelled out his objective: DO YOUR VERY BEST TO SELL TRULY FINE LAPANESE GOODS TO AMERI-CAN CUSTOMERS AND BUY WITH PROFITS AMERICAN GOODS NECESSARY FOR JAPAN AND THEREBY COOPERATE WITH AMERI-CAN DOLLAR DEFENSE MEASURES, TO IN-CREASE SALES FIGURES OF NEW STORE IS NOT FINAL PURPOSE.

MILESTONES

Died, Arthur Holly Compton, 69, brilliant pioneer of modern physics and, as wartime director of the University of Chicago's innocuously titled Metallurgical Laboratory, a key figure in the development of the atomic bomb. Chancellor of St. Louis' Washington University (1945-53); of a stroke; in Berkeley, Calif. An unpretentious scion of one of America's distinguished intellectual families.* Ohioborn Arthur Compton made his scientific debut at ten with a treatise on elephants toes, won the Nobel Prize (together with Britain's Charles T.R. Wilson) at 35 with the discovery that X rays are composed of particles, but despite his steeping in the scientific method clung to a deep religious faith, occasionally preaching from Presbyterian pulpits.

Died, George Storr May, 71, flamboyant black sheep of the management consulting business, an ex-Bible salesman who despite the handicap of a prison record (eleven months for forgery) hard-sold his way to leadership of the U.S.'s biggest "business engineering company," whose services he promoted by staging some of golfing's gaudiest and most lucrative tournaments at his Tam O'Shanter Country Club outside Chicago; of a heart attack; at Tam O'Shanter.

Died. Alexander Kahn, 80, Russian-born general manager of New York's Jewish Daily Forward, the U.S.'s largest (circ. 70.000) foreign language (Yiddish) newspaper, a tireless fighter for the downtrodden, whose fund-raising efforts among New York's wealthy Jewish families won him the title of "the East Side's ambassador to the Uptown Jews": of cancer: in Manhattan.

Died, May Bonfils Stanton, eightvish, elder daughter of the Denver Post's late Publisher Frederick G. Bonfils, who fell out with her father over her first marriage, lived much of her life in semiseclusion in a 20-room marble copy of Marie Antoinette's Petit Trianon, and pursued a 30-year feud with her younger sister-and current Post boss-Helen Bonfils Davis with such intensity that the Post was not even informed of May's death, got scooped on the obituary by the rival Rocky Mountain News; after a long illness; in Denver.

Died, Sir Philip Gibbs, 84, who in 1914 became one of Fleet Street's first accredited war correspondents, was knighted for his dashing, idealistic dispatches from the trenches, spent the postwar years writing optimistic books on world peace and in 1939 returned to war corresponding with the bleak sigh: "Has it been 21 years or seven days' leave?"; of pneumonia: in London.

6 Between them, Arthur Compton and his brothers Wilson and the late Karl boasted 67 degrees, at various times held twelve university chairs and presided over three colleges





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New Mockingbird

A LONG AND HAPPY LIFE (195 pp.)-Reynolds Price-Atheneum (\$3.95)

One of the pleasing vagaries of the publishing business is that every year or so a good novel takes hold of public fancy and ludges near the top of the bestseller lists for month after month. Suburban matrons feel socially inadequate until they have read it. a Hollywood movie producer pays the price of a California divorce settlement for film rights and assigns a subordinate to read what he has paid for. and a women's magazine commissions the newly celebrated author to write 10,000



REVNOLDS PRICE

words at \$2 each on the secret of happy

The result is that the right books are sometimes read, often for what seem to be the wrong reasons; artful publicity, blind luck, a nagging cultural conscience that periodically requires the public to atone for reading several Chapman Reports by acknowledging one To Kill a Mockingbird, Whatever the reasons, the book world almost certainly is about to see the fascinating process begin again with A Long and Happy Life, the first novel of a 29-year-old North Carolinian now living in Oxford, England: Reynolds

Launched in a flurry of prepublication testimonials and press attention (Harper's magazine will devote most of its April issue to printing the entire novel), Author Price's book is a brief, appealing, generally unpretentious tale of a young girl who does not quite know how to land her laggard suitor and who, as she learns, finds error a trial. It is a good first novel, masterfully put together, and it deserves its jackpot luck, wrong reasons notwithstanding.

Patent Infringed. The book's only egregious fault is its beginning; there, the author salaams toward Oxford. Miss., as almost every new Southern writer has done for two decades. The first several pages describe the ride of the poor-white heroine. Rosacoke Mustian, as she bumps on the back of Wesley Beavers' motorcycle toward the funeral of a Negro friend, "Just with his body and from inside like a snake, leaning that black motorcycle side to side, cutting in and out of the slow line of cars to get there first staring due-north through goggles toward Mount Moriah and switching coon tails in everybody's face was Wesley Beavers. and laid against his back like sleep was Rosacoke Mustian who was maybe his There is nothing wrong with this, or with the other two-thirds of the sentence still to come, except that Faulkner holds the patent.

But surprisingly, the sentences soon lose their short-story-class sterility and become tauter and fresher, Before long, Price is writing his own wry, amusing novel, and doing it well, Rosacoke is a likable, skillfully drawn character-young and gangly-pretty, bright enough to see the sour humor in being, as she is, a good girl.

Wesley has courted her for six years. between stretches of billygoating with anybody else who was available. But he seems more interested in his motorcycle than in Rosacoke, and marriage clearly has not crossed his mind. Brother Milo with laughter that is not meant to be cruel, bawdily recites a solution; "Pull up your petticoat pull down your drawers But Rosacoke remembers that her Negro friend Mildred died bearing a bas-

tard. Still, the wages of virtue are not buying much: if Rosacoke does not marry Wesley, whom she is almost certain she loves, there is little for her to do except keep on working for the telephone company and watch while her sister-in-law

hatches babies Pulling Hard. The honesty and art of telling make "should she or it she" seem a new, agonizing shouldn't she" problem-as it usually is in life and seldom is in novels. The reader may have a few reservations; after Rosacoke takes Brother Milo's advice, for instance, Author Price applies Victorian literature's doctrine of immediate conception. And although his observations are intended to be Rosacoke's. Price sometimes betrays a man's melodramatic uneasiness at the workings of women: a nursing baby is described as "pulling hard at the life" of a perfectly healthy mother. But the objections are trifling, and even the opening bow toward Faulkner does not mar A Long and Happy Life seriously. The working-out of Rosacoke's young womanhood is touching and true.

Lessons from the Dead

THE BLOOD OF THE LAMB (246 pp.) -Peter De Vries-Little, Brown (\$4).

In all the novels of Peter De Vries, life's devious ways have been crosscurrents in a happy sea of absurdity. In Comfort Me with Apples and The Tunnel of Love, adultery was the only way to hold a marriage together; there was power in futility, wisdom in platitudes and, of course, virtue in vice. But always there have been signs that inside the humorist. a serious novelist was struggling to get out. Now. in The Blood of the Lamb, absurdity becomes tragic and De Vries says what has been on his lips all along: life is a joke, and a had one at that.

Things begin with a blithe accounting



PETER DE URIES

of the hero's pubescent urbanity in Chicago. Don Wanderhope is his name, and, true to it, he drifts along in a vague metaphysical search until an unbearable succession of catastrophes strands him in suburbia, somewhere between Westport

and Decency. Fear of the Devil. Wanderhope's family (like De Vries's own) are Dutch Calvinists who worship "a god scarcely distinguishable from the devil they fear." But when his elder brother dies pointlessly at the age of 10. Don loses his faith and adopts his brother's creed of worldliness and atheism as his own.

After that, it is just one damned thing after another. But all his had news-at first-comes in light voices that in their humor are vintage De Vries: "Here you have the bronchi at the point where they empty into the diatribe," his Old World doctor says by way of telling him he has tuberculosis. He leaves the tuberculosis sanitarium to visit his father, now ensconced in an asylum where the carefree



On the Meaning of Profitability

"FORTUNE is frankly addressed to the profit motive," said FORTUNE's Managing Editor. "We make no apologies whatever for this point of view."

Practically everyone, yourself included, is engaged in trying to make money in one way or another. But it is the corporate profit motive from whose rich soil national

prosperity sprouts. It is the corporate profit motive which concerns FORTUNE most deeply. Today, amid growing complexities in an expanding econ-

omy, the key to corporate strength lies in the technique for making profitability rise.

Early Warning System

The successful manager knows that greater profitability is achieved by fast response to change; and that fast response is achieved by obtaining early warning of impending changes, FORTUNE is dedicated to furnishing this type of information, to disclosing trends before they become generally apparent.

For example, FORTUNE's Changing American Market series focused on the meanings of patterns which were known only in piecemeal fashion to most professionals. By perceiving relationships of income and urbanization to education, leisure, taste, FORTUNE predicted the new ecology of the U.S. marketplace. FORTUNE's ability to see, and, therefore, to foresee, what is beginning to burgeon in the enterprise system makes news.

And now FORTUNE is about to do it again, to forecast the next round of economic changes-

And the Coming Profits in Distribution

"We know little more about distribution than Napoleon's contemporaries knew about the interior of Africa. We know it is there, and we know it is big; and that's about all."

(FORTUNE, April 1962)

In the April issue, FORTUNE will launch its major new series on "The Coming Revolution in Distribution." In the series' opening summary, Peter Drucker, author of "Landmarks of Tomorrow," charts the general topography of what he calls the economy's dark continent. He points out that, with 50 cents of the consumer's product dollar going to distribution, it has become a "major and uncontrolled cost center.

Patterns Made to Fit.

Finding it no longer sufficient merely to pare a tenth of a cent a pound from material costs, or a minute a unit from assembly lines, corporate managers hope to find new efficiencies lurking in distribution's unexplored jungles.

Perhaps even more important will be their efforts to tailor new patterns in the distribution system to fit the needs of the changing markets and changing marketing methods. Already in retailing some of the shapes are plain to see: the spread of the discount house, the surge of the specialty shop, the resulting erosion of the department store.

Spotlight up the Line

In the coming months FORTUNE will spotlight these upheavals, show their portent up the line for distributors. wholesalers, jobbers, and reveal the new importance of corporate packaging departments, shipping rooms, loading docks, and what the computer is doing for marketing.

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"Markets of the Sixties"

If you send cash with your order, this will save us the trouble of billing. In return, FORTUNE will send you, FREE, the Harper's soft-bound book, "Markets of the Sixties," drawn from the earlier FORTUNE series which forms the backdrop for the trends and discoveries in distribution to be examined in the forthcoming issues.

Wreck." Horrified. Don packs his father off to a country rest home where he is amazed to meet his old fiancée. He accepts guilt for her troubled mind, and, in the face of dark signs, he marries her,

Grotesque Reality. The amusements youth suddenly disappear, and the only laughter that remains is in echoes from the past. The shift in tone is perhaps explained by the fact that the novel is autobiographical in part, but De Vries makes no apology. The dramatic departure from the comic is one of the grotesqueries which. De Vries says, "are too strong for the delicate stomach of Art but in which reality abounds, as though life itself enjoys laughing down the acsthetic proprieties.

Madness takes its final hold on Wanderhope's wife, and she kills herself after "six months in a sanitarium under the care of a psychiatrist who could do no more than apply a poultice of polysylunderstand." Wanderhope is left with a daughter who is berself condemned to die of leukemia at twelve. During the ordeal of visits to the hospital as she lies dving. he turns back to take some measure of the faith lost at his brother's deathbed.

In the end. Wanderhope rejects the comforts of belief and accepts the final existentialist absurdity-that man must abandon the search for his meaning in a meaningless world. With this, he musters the bitter courage to return to a life he can neither bear nor depart.

De Vries's conclusion: man is, indeed, saved by grace-not the gift of grace but by grace of his own making, by the grace created between men. Says Hero Wanderhope: "I believe that man must learn to live without those consulations called religious. The quest for meaning is foredoomed. Man has only his own two feet to stand on, his own human trinity to see him through: Reason Courage and Grace. And the first plus the second equals the third."

Dilettante of the Depths

DOWN THERE ON A VISIT (318 pp.)ster (\$4,75)

Christopher Isherwood, that permanently promising young man, seemed during the '30s to be the two dandiest literary dactyls since loyce's Malachai Mulligan. To earnest literary leftists of the decade, Auden. Spender and Isherwood were pronounced as one word, and in 1935 Isherwood and Auden were acclaimed for an amusing prose and verse play (The Dog Beneath the Skin) that twitted the British Establishment satisfactorily, even if it struck no telling blows in the class war. Isherwood's most promising work came four years later: Goodbye to Berlin, six wistful stories whose curiously passive hero announced that he was a camera.

When Isherwood's next important book appeared in 1945-it was Prater Violet, a short satirical novel about film-making in London-it did nothing to damage its

staff has diagnosed him a "Nervous author's reputation but also did little to fulfill his promise. An unsuccessful novel called The World in the Evening followed in 1954. But the elegant dactyls remained on the literary scene. Their possessor had moved to Southern California in 1939. There he taught, wrote film scripts that seldom saw celluloid, and set aside leftwing politics to dabble in Vedanta-living, as Alfred Kazin once remarked acidly, "by the River Ganges where it flows into the Hollywood desert.

Down There on a Visit is the best work this prim, prickly near mystic has done in years. Like all of Isherwood's books, it is coyly set in the form of autobiographybut-not-really; its narrator, as usual, is a



CHRISTOPHER ISHERWOOD

ventriloquist's dummy named Christopher Isherwood whose surface sometimes seems faintly warm. Characteristically, there is too little fiction for a novel, too little truth for autobiography. Yet in his cagey. canny way, the author has written an engaging work of self-revelation.

Follen, Arch, Deftly and with good humor, the author describes four representative adventures: they show "Isherwood" through the years discarding one pose after another, like a man trying on dressing gowns. At 23, the hero is a rather insensitive Sensitive Young Author. Invited to visit a "cousin" named Lancaster who is a shipping executive in Hamburg, the young man has a perfectly hideous time. His notion of himself as Jack the Philistine Killer falls comically to pieces when he boundless, vulgar energy

Five years later, another adventure: the hero is roosting in a colony of homosexuals on a Greek island, posing as the archest of fallen angels. Under the erratic leadership of Ambrose, a bogus decadent out of Dorian Gray, he takes up a life of wine sipping, and feebly attempts a diary. Eventually Isherwood decides that chaos is not his cup of tea. Later, safe in England, he muses, "I didn't belong on his island. But now I know I don't belong here, either," Lugubriously he adds, "Or anywhere." The reader is tempted to interject that the author-hero belongs exactly where he is, in Hollywood-on-the-Ganges

Dead & Deadly. But five years later the hero-author is still alloat; he returns to England from a China tour a war correspondent and a successful author, "fashionable to exactly the right degree-chic. not vulgarly famous." In the end, of course, success tastes of ashes, and Isherwood, fleeing from the nasty politics of 38, is off for the New World, Two years afterward he has become the standard Hollywood Hindu, writing film scripts and learning voga from a gossipy, shrewd old mystic. Eventually that familiar taste of ashes recurs-it pervades all of Isher-

wood's writing. Still, although Down There sometimes seems little else than a portrait of the artist as an aging adolescent. Isherwood is always superior to his official poses. Without being committed to either, he knows the world of respectability and the underworld of self-indulgence-the deadly and the dead souls. He is a dilettante of the higher depths, a kind of demi-Virgil leading the reader through a hopskip-and-jump tour of Hell. Isherwood has neither the pilgrim's passion for the journey nor the tourist's awe, but at his best he is a delightful guide.

The Kaiser's Lady

A VIEW OF THE SPREE (305 pp.)-Alson J. Smith-John Day (\$5.95).

Americans popularly blamed World War I on the blustering German Kaiser and traced his evil aspirations back to Frederick the Great. They need not have looked so far. When he was in his 208, no one stirred the Kaiser's dreams of empire more than a pretty, blue-eyed American of good family and Protestant piety named Mary Esther Lee. After combing many volumes of letters she sent home from Europe. Alson Smith concluded that this daughter of a rich Manhattan grocer (and his own great-aunt) was the Kaiser's mistress. The course of modern German. history might have been much different, he argues, if this American had not turned

Saintly Pompadour, Mary Lee sailed for Europe in 1855, an outwardly demure 17-year-old determined to make her mark and spread her Calvinist faith. When she snagged the elderly Prince Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein, she planned a honeymoon of New Testament grandeur. The couple retraced St. Paul's path to Damascus, camped out for a month in imitation of St. John the Baptist. But the prince collapsed and died before the honeymoon was over. Though his family accused Mary of murdering him by too many bedroom "fatigues." Mary inherited \$4,000,ooo in cash, several châteaux, and a few thousand choice acres of European soil. Mary found her next husband in a



"We are rich and they are poor. We want peace and they want change."

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Gee has built an outstanding reputation for lively, human and meticulously accurate reporting—a reputation which made him a natural choice as Moderator of the second Kennedy-Nixon TV debate. Insatiably curious, scrupulously fair, Frank McGee is a vital member of the world's most comprehensive broadcast news organization. In 75 countries all over the world, NBC News has correspondents like Frank McGee to bring you the news as it happens. Backed by a seasoned team of expert editors and producers, they give you responsible, interpretive reporting from every world news source. It takes the talent and teamwork of more than

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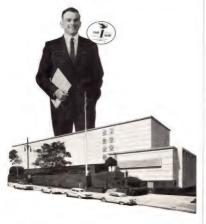
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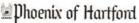
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Out went naughty pictures.

German spa. He was stiff-necked Count Alfred von Waldersee, whose one attraction for Mary was his friendship with Prince Wilhelm, heir to the German throne. In due course, Mary met Wilhelm. She was a syelte 42, he only 21, Noting that his withered left arm made him feel insecure, she put him at ease with a few soulful chats. She earned his gratitude by finding him a submissive little wife, who later bore him eight children. Husband in tow. Mary moved into an elegant house in Berlin overlooking the River Spree. Wilhelm, who lived 16 miles away at the Sans Souci Palace in Potsdam, was soon spending most of his time on the Spree. "The serene confidence of the American woman," writes Smith, "must have exercised a powerful attraction on the crippled inferiority-haunted heir to the German

Berliners dubbed Mary a "Pompadour in saintly garb." Despite her status as a mistress, she insisted that Wilhelm's morals conform to her own Calvinist standards. First, his pornographic pictures had to go. In a little ceremony by the fireplace, the pair solemnly watched the vast collection consumed in flames: then over oranges and tea. Mary lectured Wilhelm on the duties of a Christian prince. Wilhelm was soon sending swords to friends with the inscription: "In the Name of the Father, Son and Holy Ghost," Under her badgering, he lent his name to her efforts to organize Berlin's first Y.M.C.A. But the Countess von Waldersee's most lasting influence was political.

Protestant Empire. In the 1880s, liberals and nationalists were vying for control of Bismarck's newly unified Germany. Mary took the side of the nationalists, whose religious fervor appealed to her. She befriended a fiery Lutheran preacher named Adolph Stoecker and installed him in her salon, where he led the company in hymns to the Fatherland, and excortated



MISTRESS MARY

Jews. Mary dreamed of a pure Protestant empire stretching from the U.S. to Europe to the Middle East, and rabid nationalists from all over Germany swarmed to sit at her feet. Under her influence. Wilhelm lost all interest in liberalism. When he succeeded to the throne in 1888, he dismissed Bismarck (who considered Mary a meddlesome woman, snubbed her salon and its anti-Semitism and irritated Wilhelm by the power he commanded) and appointed Mary's husband Chief of the General Staff of the Army, A U.S. newspaper cheered the home-town girl: "She is the only woman the male Bismarck was ever afraid of.

But once he was emperor. Wilhelm decided he could fend for himself. He grew his famous bristling mustache swaggered more than ever. For company he surrounded himself with a crew of homosexuals who found politics tedious.

Wilhelm tired or Mary. He demoted he when Mary reproached him, petulantly ordered all the Y.M.C.A. signs torn down in Berlin. Banished from politics at 52. Mary devoted her life to religion. She died at 76, five weeks before the Kaiser led the nation to war in 1014.

Mary's fascination for her nephes strills is almost as fatal as it was for Withelm. While where historians attended German imperation to social and ecoference interesting to the control of the He may overrate her allure as well as her influence. 'She was a lovely, luminously intelligent American', he writes at the spaces of his influentation. But in the end objectivity, 'Her piety was sincere remoush, he concludes. 'Yet it masked a towerine ambition and a Machinvellian Latent for intrinse. Out of a life lived with a clear conscience, and with her what a clear conscience, and with her somehow failed to come."

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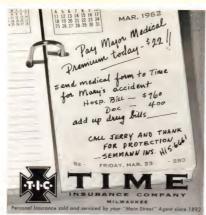
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TIME LISTINGS

CINEMA

Last Year at Marienbad. Alain Resnais, e grand admiral of the French New Wave, has produced a movie that is anything but a movie: a metaphysical enigma, a Platonic allegory, a treatise on cubistic cinema that attempts an Einsteinian revolution in the art of film, a Rorschach blot into which the spectator can project whatever he pleases

Tomorrow Is My Turn. A military mel-odrama. directed by France's André Cayatte, that has some discriminating things to say about apparent and actual freedom and bondage.

The Lower Depths. Akira Kurosawa's Japanization of the classic proletarian comedy by Maxim Gorky boils with demonic energy and rocks with large, yeasavine laughter

The Night. Marriage without love and life without meaning are examined with talent, intelligence and despair by Micheltext might be from W. H. Auden: glacier knocks in the closet. The desert sighs in the bed: The crack in the teacup

opens. A lane to the land of the dead. Vietim. An entertaining but tendentious thriller of blackmail and homosexuality. Lover Come Back. Gagman Stanley Shapiro has written a situation comedy as smooth as baby food, and Director

Delbert Mann manages to strain some humor out of Rock Hudson and Doris Day Tender Is the Night, Jason Robards Jr. ortrays the triple-distilled spirit of the 20s in F. Scott Fitzgerald's story about a psychiatrist who lies down on the couch

with his favorite patient. A View from the Bridge, Arthur Miller's attempt to find Greek tragedy in cold water Flatbush errs in concept but suc-

TELEVISION

Wed., March 21

Kraft Music Hall (NBC, 9-10 p.m.).* Perry Como's guest is Anna Maria Alberghetti, Broadway star of Carnival Color, United States Steel Hour (CBS 10-11

p.m.). Eva Gabor stars as a movie queen in tragedy.

Thurs., March 22 Bob Hope Show (NBC: 8:30-9:30 p.m.). Bob's guests are Ethel Merman and Maximilian Schell

CBS Reports (CBS, 10-11 p.m.). "The United States of Europe," with David Schoenbrun reporting

Sat., March 24 Championship Debate (NBC, 12:30-1 p.m.), Teams of Kings College, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., and George Washington University, Washington, D.C., debate the question: "Should the Peace Corps Be

Accent (CBS, 1:30-2 p.m.), A historical drama about the Hamilton-Burr duel, with John Ciardi as host.

Golden Showcase (CBS, 8:30-9:30 p.m.). James Mason and Janice Rule star "Tonight in Samarkand." the story of a lady tiger trainer and a magician.

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Sun., March 25

Camera Three (CBS, 11-11:30 a.m.). Host James MacAndrew discusses the works of the late Poet Robinson Jeffers. Editor's Choice (ABC, 3:30-4:30 p.m.).
The five finalists of the 1961-62 Metropolitan Opera Auditions will appear, along with Met stars and former winners Heidi Krall and Rosalind Flias.

NBC Opera Company (NBC, 4:40 p.m.). Cavalleria Rusticana. Color. White House Tour (CBS, 4-5 p.m.). A

repeat of last month's visit to the White House with Mrs. Kennedy as breathless guide. Scheduled again at an early hour for the benefit of the Caroline Kennedy

Walt Disney's Wonderful World of Color (NBC, 7:30-8:30 p.m.). Part three of The Prince and the Pauper, Mark Twain's

Mon., March 26 N.Y. Philharmonic Young People's Con-

cert (CBS, 7:30-8:30 p.m.). An 80th birthday salute for Igor Stravinsky from the Philharmonic, with Leonard Bernstein conducting an all-Stravinsky program.

Expedition (ABC, 7-7:30 p.m.). The firewalkers of Fiji are shown in action

doing the South Pacific hotfoot. Bell & Howell Close-Up (ABC, 10-11 p.m.). The story of Cambodia and its efforts to become the "Switzerland of Asia.

Tues., March 27 Dick Powell Show (NBC, 9-10 p.m.). Joan Fontaine stars in a drama about a young widow who fears she is being haunted by her late husband's ghost.

THEATER

On Broadway

The Night of the Iguana, by Tennessee Williams. On a Mexican veranda, four people who have come to the fraved ropeend of life find the strength to go on. In its acceptance of human limitations, this is Williams' wisest play. As drama, it is possibly his best play since A Streetear Named Desire

Ross, by Terence Rattigan, probes the tantalizing nature of the man and myth known as Lawrence of Arabia. The mysterv is not resolved, but John Mills plays the hero with anguishing honesty

A Man for All Seasons, by Robert Bolt. is a highly literate communiqué from the front line of the conscience where public duty clashes with individual integrity. In Sir Thomas More, the mind dances and the spirit glows.

Gideon, by Paddy Chayefsky, treats back-fence neighbors, but the formidable acting gifts of Fredric March and Douglas Campbell strike occasional sparks of awe.

How to Succeed in Business Without Really Trying taps out the Robert Morse code of officemanship, a gleefully selfappreciative rush to the corporate summit.

Off Broadway

Oh Dad, Poor Dad, Mama's Hung You in the Closet and I'm Feelin' So Sad, by Arthur Kopit. An unevenly funny surreal istic foray into the no man's land of Momism. Nymphet Barbara Harris makes the scene, the play, and the evening, Brecht on Brecht is a packet of instant

genius, a revue-styled evening of poems letters, songs, and scenes from a 20th century master of theater.

BOOKS

Best Reading

Pigeon Feathers and Other Stories, by John Updike. The author's ability is enormous, and his gift of language far exceeds that of most contemporaries, but these -are disappointingly unambitious. Still they contain far more human perception than many a hand-heavy "major" novel. A Signal Victory, by David Stacton, A

hard, glittering, epigrammatic account of the Spanish rape of the Mayan civiliza-

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